

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-412902)

3/29/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-118525)

BRONX COMMITTEE FOR CIVIL
LIBERTIES AND CIVIL RIGHTS aka
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C
ISA - 1950
(OO:NY)

Reference is made to NY letter to Director,
5/25/61.

The following is an amended characterization of
captioned organization for Bureau approval.

On 11/22/55, a source advised that the
Bronx Committee for the Freedom of Political Prisoners
was formed in 1952, by Communist Party (CP) members in
the Bronx, New York. He described this committee as the
type of Communist group that is formed in a local
community for the purpose of agitating for amnesty for
convicted CP leaders.

On 2/8/57, a second source advised that the
name of the Bronx Committee for the Freedom of Political
Prisoners had been changed to the Bronx Civil Rights
Committee. On 2/13/57, the first source advised that the
name of this organization had been changed again to the Bronx
Civil Liberties Committee.

On 3/9/62, a third source advised that the
organization was then using the name Bronx Committee
for Civil Liberties and Civil Rights (BCCLCR).

On 7/30/57, the second source advised that
the organization is actively participating in a campaign
for the abolition of the United States House of
Representatives Committee on Un-American Activities.
On 3/18/58, he advised that the organization was
sending delegations to Congressmen in connection with
this abolition campaign.

2 - Bureau (100-412902) (RM)
① - New York (100-90311) (41)
1 - New York (100-118525)

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100-90311-2301 *WMA*

NY 100-118525

On 3/11/58 the third source advised that the organization is continuing its campaign for repeal of the Smith Act and the Walter-McCarran Act, as well as the campaign for amnesty for Smith Act "victims".

The third source advised on 3/9/62 that the BCCLCR meets at 2731 Barker Avenue, Bronx, New York.

The CP has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

Sources



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All of the above sources have furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given and sources were concealed only where absolutely necessary.

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4/15
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DIRECTOR, FBI (100-435851)

3/23/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-145277)

ARTISTS' COMMITTEE TO FREE SIQUEIROS
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
(OO: NEW YORK)

The following is a proposed revised characterization for captioned organization:

A source on August 25, 1961, advised that Post Office Box 73, Village Station, 150 Christopher Street, NY 14, NY was rented on April 17, 1961, by the US Friends of Mexico, [redacted] NYC.

A second source on 3/19/62, advised that during January, 1962, the name of the leasee of Post Office Box 73, Village Station, 150 Christopher St., NY 14, NY, was changed from US Friends of Mexico to Artists' Committee to Free Siqueiros, [redacted] NYC. b6 b7C

A third source on March 19, 1962, advised that during a demonstration held at the United Nations Plaza, NYC, on March 17, 1962, sponsored by the Artists' Committee to Free Siqueiros, [redacted] stated that due to the number of artists joining the US Friends of Mexico, the name was changed to Artists' Committee to Free Siqueiros. [redacted] stated that the groups have the same people and the same purpose.

- 2 - Bureau (100-435851) (RM)
① - New York (100-90311) (41)
1 - New York (100-145277)

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A fourth source, during February, 1953, advised that [redacted] was a member of the Commission of Latin-American Affairs of the Communist Party, USA.

A fifth source on January 10, 1956, advised that [redacted] was then a member of the new enlarged Communist Party club being organized in the Greenwich Village area of NYC.

A sixth source, during November, 1961, advised that during a press conference held by a representative of the US Friends of Mexico on November 10, 1961, at the Hotel Regis, Mexico City, Mexico, the organization was described as being located in NYC, with the objective to fight in all countries of the world for civil liberties, and that a committee had come to Mexico to fight for the liberty of DAVID ALFARO SIQUEIROS.

A seventh source has advised that DAVID ALFARO SIQUEIROS was formerly Resident of the Political Committee of the Partido Comunista Mexicano - PCM (Mexican Communist Party) prior to his arrest and imprisonment on August 9, 1960. According to this source, SIQUEIROS is a national leader of the PCM currently and is also a member of the National Committee of the PCM.

The published statutes of the PCM state: "the Communist Party of Mexico has as its final objective to construct socialism and to build a communist society in Mexico."

Sources

The sources utilized above are as follows:

1. [redacted]
[redacted]

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NY 100-145277

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NYC.

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The above sources have all furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given and sources were concealed only where necessary.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC, NY (100-90311)

DATE: 4/3/62

FROM: SUP. #41

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SUBJECT: SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION
CHARACTERIZATIONS
IS - C

In connection with the annual Thumbnail Sketch Program, due at the Bureau on 6/1/62, all pending organizational cases in the NYO must be reviewed for the purpose of preparing current characterizations.

Supervisors to whom this memorandum is directed are requested to attach a list of all pending cases on organizations and publications, in which the NYO is origin or in which the NYO is investigating an affiliate of an organization of which another field office is origin, assigned to their sections. This list of cases should include the NY file number and the name of the agent to whom the case is assigned. This list however need not include those organizations designated by the Attorney General or listed in any of the issues of the House Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications.

In addition, the Bureau, by letter dated 4/12/61, instructed that in connection with the annual Thumbnail Sketch Project, no characterizations should be submitted to the Bureau for approval on individual cases between the 1st of May and the 1st of June and that any such characterizations should be included with the annual Thumbnail Sketch letter due at the Bureau on June 1st of each year.

1 - Supervisors 41, 412, 413, 414, 415
1 - Supervisors 42, 421, 422, 423, 424
1 - Supervisors 31, 311, 312
1 - Supervisors 33, 331
1 - Supervisors 34, 341, 342, 343
1 - Supervisors 35, 351, 352
1 - NY 100-90311 (41)

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(23)

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APR 3, 1962
FBI-NEW YORK

NY 100-90311

The above list of all pending cases on organizations and publications should be compiled and returned to SA [redacted], Squad 41, by 4/13/62, in order that current Bureau instructions concerning the preparation of characterizations in this project can be made available to the case agents by separate memoranda.

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DIRECTOR, FBI

4/4/62

SAC, NEW YORK (157-555)

AMERICAN NATIONAL PARTY
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
RACIAL MATTERS

On 3/26/62, a source advised that the American National Party was formed on 11/24/61, and is composed of

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED], and [REDACTED], all of whom, according to the source, are former members of the American Nazi Party.

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The source stated that the above individuals severed connections with the American Nazi Party because of policy disagreements with GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL, leader of the American Nazi Party.

The source stated that the "open policy" of the American National Party is strictly anti-Communist but in reality, the purpose of the organization is to "break the inordinate power of the Jew in the United States through constitutional means" and to "eliminate the Negro from the population of the United States by sending him back to Africa". The source explained the "inordinate power of the Jew in the United States" to mean the complete control of the Jew over newspapers and other communication media in this country through which a great domination is wielded over the minds of the citizens of the United States.

The source further advised that American National Party hopes to attract a great number of anti-Communists who will eventually be educated to be anti-Semites, through distribution of anti-Communist literature.

- 2 - Bureau (RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1 - New York (157-555)

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NY 157-555

The source stated that the American National Party maintains a "mail drop" at Post Office Box 191, Gracie Station, New York 28, N.Y.

The source further advised that since January, 1962, the American National Party has leased the premises at 97-15 190th Street, Hollis, Queens, N.Y., to serve as a headquarters, but which in actuality is a small wooden shack utilized mainly to store supplies.

Source

The source used in the above characterization is [redacted], who is in a position to furnish reliable information, and whose identity has been concealed at his request.

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Careful consideration has been given to the source concealed and a T symbol was utilized only in that instance where the identity of the source must be concealed.

4/10/62

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-437405)

SAC, NEW YORK (100-121151)

KNICKERBOCKER BINDERY, INC.
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C
(OO:NY)

Submitted herewith is an initial subversive organization characterization regarding captioned concern.

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A source advised on March 12, 1962, that Knickerbocker Bindery, Inc. was organized in the latter half of the 1940's by the Communist Party (CP), USA and was operated by [redacted] during the 1950's.

The above source advised on March 12, 1962, that [redacted] is a member of the CP.

The above source stated on March 12, 1962, that the purpose of Knickerbocker Bindery is to do bindery work only for Prompt Press and its affiliate New Union Press and any profits obtained are to be furnished to the CP.

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of January 2, 1957, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning "Prompt Press":

"PROMPT PRESS"

- "1. Prints the bulk of the literature issued by the Communist Party and its affiliates and is reliably known to be owned by the Communist Party. (Attorney General Francis Biddle, Congressional Record, September 24, 1942, p. 7685.)"

2-Bureau (100-437405) (RM)
1-NY 100-90311 (41)
1-NY 100-121151 (41)

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NY 100-121151

Records of the New York County Clerk's Office as reviewed on February 21, 1962, reflected Knickerbocker Bindery was incorporated on January 19, 1961.

The source advised on March 23, 1962, that Knickerbocker Bindery, Inc. is located at 16 E. 12th St., New York City.

Source

NY 694-S*, who has furnished reliable information in the past, is the source utilized in the above characterization.

Careful consideration has been given to concealing this source and he is concealed because it is absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-412902)

4/11/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-118525)

BRONX COMMITTEE FOR CIVIL
LIBERTIES AND CIVIL RIGHTS, aka
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
ISA - 1950
(OO: NY)

ReBulet to New York dated 4/5/62, in captioned
matter.

The following is an amended characterization of
subject organization for Bureau approval.

On November 22, 1955, a source advised that the
Bronx Committee for the Freedom of Political Prisoners
was formed in 1952, by Communist Party (CP) members in
the Bronx, New York. He described this committee as the
type of Communist group that is formed in a local community
for the purpose of agitating for amnesty for convicted CP
leaders.

On February 8, 1957, a second source advised
that the name of the Bronx Committee for the Freedom of
Political Prisoners had been changed to the Bronx Civil
Rights Committee. On February 13, 1957, the first source
advised that the name of this organization had been changed
again to the Bronx Civil Liberties Committee. On 7/30/57,
the second source advised that the organization was actively
participating in a campaign for the abolition of the United
States House of Representatives Committee on Un-American
Activities. On March 18, 1958, he advised that the organization
was sending delegations to Congressmen in connection with
this abolition campaign.

On April 11, 1962, a third source advised that
the organization had changed its name again to the Bronx
Committee for Civil Liberties and Civil Rights. He advised
that the organization was actively campaigning for the
abolition of the House Committee on Un-American Activities.

2-Bureau (100-412902)(RM)
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1-New York (100-118525)

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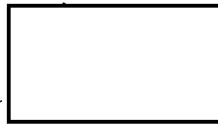
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NY 100-118525

repeal of the SMITH and WALTER-MC CARRAN Acts, as well as for amnesty for all political prisoners, including those in prison under the TAFT-HARTLEY Act. He stated that the organization meets at 2731 Barker Avenue, Bronx, New York.

Sources

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.



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All of the above sources have furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given and sources concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-7254)

4/12/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-90311)

SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATIONS
IS-C

Re SAC Letter #62-21 dated 4/10/62.

Section K of referenced SAC letter contains instructions covering the annual submission of thumbnail sketches of subversive organizations due at the Bureau 6/1/62.

In this regard, the SAC letter points out that the appropriate instructions contained in the FBI Handbook, Part 1, pages 63-67, should be followed with regard to the preparation of these thumbnail sketches and the letter of transmittal.

The SAC Letter also points out that all offices should, upon receipt from the Bureau, review the revised "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications" dated 12/1/61, to supersede the "Guide" published 1/2/57, and that all characterizations contained therein, except for those organizations designated under Executive Order 10450, should be utilized in the future inasmuch as the characterizations contained in the 1/2/57 issue of the "Guide" are now obsolete.

A review of the FBI Handbook, Part 1, page 66, paragraph 2, states that in connection with the annual submission of thumbnail sketches, no characterizations should be submitted on organizations listed in the various issues of the "Guide".

A review of the 3/3/51 and 5/14/51 issues of the "Guide" reflects that a number of characterizations of organizations and publications contained therein are not contained in the 1/2/57 issue of the "Guide". It is also possible that characterizations of organizations and publications contained in the above three issues of the "Guide" may not appear in the 12/1/61 issue of the "Guide".

2 - BUREAU (RM)
① - NEW YORK (#41)

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

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Letter to Director
NY 100-90311

Pursuant to the instructions contained in the FBI Handbook, the NYO has in the past been utilizing the most current characterizations of organizations and publications found in the three issues of the "Guide" and has not prepared thumbnail sketches on organizations and publications where a characterization is contained in any of the three issues of the "Guide".

The Bureau is requested to clarify whether characterizations of organizations and publications which will not be contained in the 12/1/61 issue of the "Guide", but which are contained in any of the prior three issues of the "Guide", are acceptable with respect to the instructions contained in the FBI Handbook.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-437407)

4/13/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-147547)

BRONX PRESS FORUM;
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
(OO: New York)

Set forth below, for Bureau approval, is a revised characterization for captioned organization:

A source on 1/19/62, advised that during a staff meeting of the Bronx County Council, Communist Party, on 1/2/62, instructions were given to the Bronx County Council Press Director to call a meeting of a committee to work out a plan for the organizing of a Bronx-wide press club to consist of "party and non-party people".

The above source on 1/19/62, advised that during a meeting of "The Worker" Advisory Council held on 1/4/62, [redacted] of "The Worker", stated that the organization of readers clubs or press clubs is of great importance, and that "the Bronx is in the most advanced stage in setting up a readers club".

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"The Worker" is an east coast Communist newspaper.

A second source on 2/6/62, made available a mimeographed letter dated 1/26/62, on the stationery of "The Worker" addressed to "Dear Friend". This letter announced that "a group of Bronxites" are forming a Bronx Press Club to get "The Worker" and "The Midweek Worker" into thousands of homes. An invitation was extended to be a "founder" of the Bronx Press Club by attending the first meeting to be held on 2/1/62, 8 P.M., at the Cultural Center, 868 East 180th Street, Bronx, NY.

- 2 - Bureau (100-437407) (RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311) (#41)
- 1 - New York (100-147547)

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NY 100-147547

A third source on 2/2/62, advised that during a meeting held on 2/1/62, at 868 East 180th Street, Bronx, NY, it was announced that a new committee had been formed in the Bronx for the purpose of conducting a house-to-house canvass in order to increase the circulation and raise funds for "The Worker".

The first source further advised on 3/20/62 that at a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Bronx Press Club held on 3/1/62 it was decided to change the name of this club to Bronx Press Forum.

Sources



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The above sources have furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given, and sources were concealed only where necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-435680)

4/13/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-145255)

UNITED STATES COMMITTEE FOR COOPERATION
WITH THE JAPAN COUNCIL AGAINST THE A AND H BOMBS
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C
(OO: NY)

Submitted herewith is a characterization of captioned organization for Bureau approval:

The 6/5/61 issue of the "National Guardian," page 8, announced the formation of "The Provisional Committee For Cooperation with the Japan Council Against the A and H Bombs (No More Hiroshimas)" (PCCJCA&HB) for the purpose of participation by Americans in the gathering of delegates in Japan in August, 1961, to commemorate the victims of Hiroshima which was sponsored by the Japan Council Against the A & H Bombs.

On 12/4/61, a source advised the financial records maintained by the PCCJCA and HB reflected the organization had changed its name to the United States Committee For Cooperation with the Japan Council Against the A and H Bombs (U. S. Committee).

On 12/1/61, a second source advised that the U. S. Committee had sought Communist Party (CP) support after its founding and that after approximately six weeks later CP support was gained in the person of Herbert Aptheker, who wrote articles concerning the peace movement in Japan and attended the 7th World Conference Against The A and H Bomb held during August 1961 in Japan.

"The Worker," an east coast Communist newspaper, in its issue of 7/30/61, on page 2, column 4, referred to Dr. Herbert

2 - BUREAU (100-435680) (RM)
1 - NY 100-90311 (41)
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NY 100-145255

Aptheker as a member of the National Committee of the CPUSA.

On 1/31/62, the second source advised that the office headquarters of the U. S. Committee is in the apartment of [redacted] N. Y., and that all activities are directed from this address.

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On 5/29/57, a third source advised that [redacted] [redacted] attended the Sunnyside Queens County Communist Party Convention held on 5/28/57.

1st Source
2nd Source
3rd Source

[redacted]

b7D

All of the above sources have furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given to sources concealed, and such sources were concealed only in those instances where it is absolutely necessary.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, New York (100-90311)

DATE: April 17, 1962

FROM : Director, FBI (100-7254)

SUBJECT: SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION
CHARACTERIZATIONS
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

ReNYlet 4-12-62.

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications" dated 12-1-61 is self-described as revised to supersede the "Guide" published 1-2-57. The 1-2-57 "Guide" is also self-described as revised to supersede the "Guide" published 5-14-51. Thus, reference to any "Guide" previous to the 12-1-61 "Guide" in a citation would be incorrect as all previous "Guides" are obsolete. Where it is necessary to characterize an organization which is not listed in the current 12-1-61 "Guide" but which might be listed in a previous "Guide," the use of the characterization in the previous "Guide" would be acceptable where its use is appropriate; however, the citation should necessarily refer to the basic source which the "Guide" cites rather than refer to the previous "Guide," itself. It is believed these instances will be rare as the 12-1-61 "Guide" is comprehensive. Further, in such instances, the organization will in all likelihood be defunct and, therefore, not an issue in the annual submission of thumbnail sketches which are submitted on current active organizations.

Upon receipt of the 12-1-61 "Guide," it should be carefully reviewed and where it is noted a characterization of an organization should be improved upon in light of information available in the files, Bureau will consider a sketch submitted for approval in lieu thereof. In such an instance full justification should be furnished showing the reasons for submitting a sketch in lieu of the characterization in the "Guide."

100-90311-2310

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DIRECTOR, FBI (100-203763)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

4/18/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-12385)

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF SCIENTIFIC WORKERS
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

(OO:NEW YORK)

ReBulet, 4/6/62.

Submitted herewith is a proposed characterization of the American Association of Scientific Workers (AAScW):

A source advised in December, 1960, that the following statement was utilized by the AAScW in connection with a meeting held in December of 1960, at New York City:

The American Association of Scientific Workers was founded in 1938, to provide an opportunity for natural and social scientists to work for a more productive relation between science and the community. To this end it seeks to promote the application of the scientific method to the problems of human welfare and secure an increased understanding of science by the general public. The program of the Association has placed particular emphasis on the problems of intellectual freedom and international collaboration in science, of consistent and adequate financing of science and scientific education, and on the protection of the professional interests of scientific workers. The association is the sole American affiliate of the World Federation of Scientific Workers.

President: HARRY GRUNDFEST, College of Physicians and Surgeons, Columbia University, New York, New York

National Secretary:

[Redacted Name] Pennsylvania

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b7c

- 2- Bureau (100-203763) (RM)
- 1- Philadelphia (100-18819) (Info) (RM)
- 1- NY 100-90311 (4)
- 1- New York (100-12385) (4)

~~CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP-9 10/5/81~~
 REASON FOR EXTENSION
 FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2
 DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 4/18/62

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NY 100-12385

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., reflects the following concerning the World Federation of Scientific Workers:

1. Cited as 'another international Communist front organization' which seeks to win scientists to the Communist cause.

(Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 378, on the Communist 'Peace' Offensive, April 25, 1951, originally released April 1, 1951, p. 83.)

2. Cited as being among 'international Communist fronts * * * functioning at the present time'.

(Internal Security Subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee, Handbook for Americans, S. Doc. 117, April 23, 1956, p. 93, also p. 59.)"

A source advised on 4/18/62, that the AAScW utilizes Post Office Box 122, Audubon Station, New York 32, New York, as a mailing address and has held this box since 1/8/60. The address of the association filed in connection with this post office box is listed as in care of Dr. HARRY GRUNDFEST, College of Physicians and Surgeons, 630 West 68th St., NY, NY.

A source advised on 4/21/44, that HARRY GRUNDFEST was a member of the Shore Branch of the New Jersey CP as of February, 1944.

- 2 -

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NY 100-12385

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

The summer 1961 issue of the "AAScW Newsletter", self-identified as a publication of the AAScW, reflects that recommendations and suggestions concerning AAScW activities are to be sent to [redacted] National Secretary, AAScW, 7031 Mc Callum Street, Philadelphia 19, Pennsylvania.

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A source advised on 5/15/52, that he had been told by members of the CP of Eastern Pennsylvania and Delaware (CPEPD) that [redacted] was a member of the CPEPD. (S)

The following sources who have furnished reliable information in the past, were utilized in the above characterization:

1st source:

[redacted]

(protected at request)

2nd source:

[redacted]

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3rd source:

Anonymous Source

4th source:

[redacted]

Careful consideration has been given and sources concealed where absolutely necessary.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

OPTIONAL FORM No. 10
United States Government
MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC

FROM: SA HENRY E. NAHLE, #41

SUBJECT: SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION
CHARACTERIZATIONS
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Date: 4/18/62

Re SAC Letter 62-21, Sec. K, entitled, "SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATIONS - INTERNAL SECURITY-C."

Referenced SAC Letter set forth Bureau instructions concerning the use of the new issue of the "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications" dated 12/1/61 and published by the Committee on Un-American Activities, U.S. House of Representatives.

The bureau by letter dated 4/17/62 set forth the following additional instructions concerning the use of the new issue of the "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications" dated 12/1/61 in connection with the characterizing of organizations and publications:

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications" dated 12/1/61 is self-described as revised to supersede the "Guide" published 1/2/57. The 1/2/57 "Guide" is also self-described as revised to supersede the "Guide" published 5/14/51. Thus, reference to any "Guide" previous to the 12/1/61 "Guide" in a citation would be incorrect as all previous "Guides" are obsolete. Where it is necessary to characterize an organization which is not listed in the current 12/1/61 "Guide" but which might be listed in a previous "Guide," the use of the characterization in the previous "Guide" would be acceptable where its use is appropriate; however, the citation should necessarily refer to the basic source which the "Guide" cites rather than refer to the previous "Guide," itself. It is believed these instances will be rare as the 12/1/61 "Guide" is comprehensive. Further, in such instances, the organization will in all likelihood be defunct and, therefore, not an

1-Supervisors 41, 412, 413, 414, 415
1-Supervisors 42, 421, 422, 423, 424
1-Supervisors 31, 311, 312, 33, 331
1-Supervisors 34, 341, 342, 343
1-Supervisors 35, 351, 352, 43

1-NY 100-90311

HEN:DJG

(24)

Wm

100-90311-2312

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

Memo
NY 100-90311

issue in the annual submission of thumbnail sketches which are submitted on current active organizations.

The Bureau also advised that if a characterization of an organization contained in the 12/1/61 "Guide" should be improved upon in light of information available in the files the Bureau will consider a sketch submitted for approval in lieu thereof. In such an instance full justification should be furnished showing the reasons for submitting a sketch in lieu of the characterization in the "Guide".

c

(K) SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATIONS - INTERNAL

SECURITY - C -- The annual submission of thumbnail sketches concerning subversive organizations is due at the Bureau June 1, 1962. The appropriate instructions are contained in the FBI Handbook, Part I, pages 63-67. These instructions should be carefully reviewed and followed during the preparation of the sketches and transmittal letter.

The Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, has published a revised "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," dated December 1, 1961, to supersede the "Guide" published on January 2, 1957. Copies of this revised "Guide" are being obtained and will be distributed to the field within 30 days. All offices should review this revised "Guide" before submitting thumbnail sketches to avoid the submission of any sketches on organizations which are now listed in the new "Guide." After receipt of the new "Guide," the characterizations of organizations and publications included therein should be utilized in the future, except for those organizations designated under Executive Order 10450, as the characterizations in the January 2, 1957, "Guide" are now obsolete.

Do not resubmit a characterization on a defunct organization if the Bureau-approved characterization shows this organization is defunct. These organizations should be identified in Item I of the cover letter. Effective immediately, withhold the piecemeal submission of characterizations on individual cases and include these sketches with the annual letter due June 1, 1962, to eliminate extra work at the Seat of Government and in the field and to insure better control.

4/10/62
SAC LETTER NO. 62-21

- 1 -

100-90311-2310

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Insure sketches are concise and complete, and are prepared and forwarded in sufficient time to reach the Bureau by the deadline date.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover

Director

4/10/62
SAC LETTER NO. 62-21

- 2 -

SAC, NEW YORK (100-147005)

4/23/62

SA 415

b6
b7c

NEW ERA BOOK AND SUBSCRIPTION AGENCY,
INC., aka.
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C

Rememo of SA HENRY E. NAEHLE, 4/16/62.

A characterization of captioned corporation was
approved by the Bureau on 4/2/62 (Bufile 100-436669).

1 - NY 100-90311 (41)
1 - NY 100-147006 (415)

JAC:KMD
(2)

100-90311-2314

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

[Signature]

DIRECTOR, FBI (157-304)

5/17/62

SAC, NEW YORK (157-195)

FIGHTING AMERICAN NATIONALISTS,
NEW YORK CITY;
CHARACTERIZATION OF KLAN-TYPE AND HATE
ORGANIZATIONS;
RACIAL MATTERS

ReBulet to NY, 5/2/62.

On 5/8/62, Detective [redacted] NYCPD, advised that the Fighting American Nationalists (FAN) first made an appearance in NYC in October, 1960 when a small group [redacted] currently a member of the American Nazi Party (ANP), picketed against JOHN F. KENNEDY, then a presidential candidate.

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On 5/8/62, a source advised that FAN is a front group of the ANP with headquarters in Washington, D.C.. The New York branch of FAN has no actual headquarters but utilizes P.O. Box 220, Murray Hill Station, NY 16, NY, as a mailing address.

According to this source, FAN, NYC, was formed under the direction of GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL, leader of the ANP, Arlington, Va. and is composed of individuals who are in sympathy with the aims and purposes of the ANP but who are reluctant to expose themselves publicly as ANP sympathizers. These individuals are urged to participate in picketing Communist sponsored affairs in NYC so that FAN, NYC creates the impression of being strictly an anti-Communist organization. Although not openly anti-semitic, these individuals give inference of being anti-semitic through the use of armbands they wear and placards they carry while picketing.

The source further advised that the names of individuals from NYC who correspond with ROCKWELL in Arlington, Va., are furnished to an FAN representative from NYC. The FAN representative then contacts these individuals in hopes of encouraging them to participate in FAN activities in the NYC area and so influence them that they will eventually apply for membership in the ANP.

- 2 - Bureau (157-304) (RM)
- 1 - Washington Field (157-78) (INFO) (RM)
- 1 - Richmond (157-93) (ANP) (INFO) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1 - New York (157-195)

100-90311-2315

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

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JDB:mts

(6)

NY 157-195

The source stated that although FAN, NYC has no formal membership list, individuals who participate in FAN activities consider themselves FAN members. At the present time, [redacted], a member of the ANP, is the organizer of FAN, NYC, having been specifically designated as such by GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL.

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The source stated that prior to any picketing activity in NYC, FAN members usually meet in the apartment of either [redacted] NYC or [redacted] NYC, both of whom are FAN members.

The source further advised that it is difficult to estimate the membership of FAN, NYC, but is extremely limited since the above-mentioned individuals are the only persons who could be so classified.

Source

The source utilized in the above characterization is Detective [redacted] New York City Police Department, who has furnished reliable information in the past and [redacted] New York City activities.

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Careful consideration has been given to the concealment of the above source and he was concealed only where considered absolutely necessary.

It is noted that characterizations of the ANP and FAN and to be used in conjunction with the above characterization of FAN, NYC.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC New York (100-~~447372~~)⁹⁰³¹¹ DATE: 4/30/62

FROM : Chester C. Kelly, S.A.

SUBJECT: Progressive Labor
Subversive Organization Characterization
IS-C

This is a new organization.
By letter dated 3/14/62 a characterization
was forwarded to the Bureau, but as yet
no reply has been received.
The Bufile # is 100-437041

100-90311-2316

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |
| [Signature] | |

SAC, New York (100-145842)

May 1, 1962

SA DONALD A. RIVERS, Sec. 41

[REDACTED] FOUNDATION, INC.
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
INTERNAL SECURITY-C

b6
b7c

The subject organization was opened in July, 1961 for investigation as a Communist Front based upon disbursements made from the Fund to various individuals throughout the US who had had a history of participation in the activities of suspected subversive organizations or publications.

The instant case is still pending and to the present time insufficient information exists to prepare a thumbnail sketch on the captioned Foundation.

The Bureau file number in instant case is 100-436738.

1 - NY 100-145842) 41
① - NY 100-90311) 41

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(2)

100-90311-2317

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SAC, NEW YORK (100-131857)

5/2/62

SA [REDACTED] (#41)

b6
b7c

COMMUNIST INFILTRATION OF THE
MARXIST DISCUSSION CLUB,
QUEENS COLLEGE, aka
IS - C

Re memo of SA HENRY E. NAEHLE, dated 4/16/62, at NY.

A review of this file indicates that no specific information has been developed concerning specific attempts of the CP to infiltrate this organization. It is believed that no subversive organization characterization should be prepared until such time as it is established that the organization is a target of CP infiltration or that the organization gave aid or support to the CP through its program.

The Bureau file number is 100-425779.

- 1- New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1- New York (100-131857)

AMR:lts
(2)

100-90311-2318

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| NEW YORK | |

H. Naehle

SAC, NEW YORK (100-148064)

May 2, 1962

SA EVERETT K. DEANE

"ROADSIDE"
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C

Re NY memo 4/16/62.

This is a newly formed organization which is pending and concerning which insufficient information exists as yet to prepare a thumbnail sketch.

The Bureau file number is not known.

closed

cc - (100-90311 (Thumbnail sketch file))

100-90311-229

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4519

SAC, NEW YORK (100-148208)

5/2/62

SA [redacted] (#41)

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b7c

BRONX COMMITTEE IN DEFENSE OF THE
BILL OF RIGHTS
IS - C

Re memo of SA HENRY E. NAEHLE, 4/16/62, at NY.

Captioned organization is newly formed, and the case is pending. Insufficient information exists as yet to prepare a thumbnail sketch.

The Bureau file is 100-437761.

- ① New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1- New York (100-148208)

AMR: lts
(2)

100-90311-2320
O - E 4/1
H. Naehle Jr

SAC, NEW YORK (105 - 54702)

MAY 7, 1962

SA PHILIP H. SHERIDAN, Sect 41.

"CRAZY HORSE"
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C

Re NY memo of SA HENRY E. NAHLE dated 4/16/62.

The above captioned organization is a newly formed organization which is in a pending status and about which there has as yet been insufficient information developed for the preparation of a thumbnail sketch. As yet the captioned organization has not received a Bureau file number.

copies;

1 100 - 90311 (41)

100-90311-2321

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

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416603
SAC, NEW YORK (105 - 45603)

May 7, 1962

SA PHILIP H. SHERIDAN, Sect 41.

ON GUARD COMMITTEE FOR FREEDOM
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - MISCELLANEOUS

Re NY memo of SA HENRY E. NAEHLE dated 4/16/62

A current, up-to-date characterization for the above named organization was submitted to the Bureau by NY letter dated 3/26/62 and was approved by the Bureau on 4/2/62. The Bureau file number in this case is Bu 100 - 435011.

copies;

1 - 100 @ 90311 (41)

100-90311-2322

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SAC, NEW YORK (100-121151)(41)

5/7/62

SA (41)

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b7c

KNICKERBOCKER BINDERY, INC.
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C

Rememo SA HENRY E. NAEHLE to SAC, NY, 4/16/62,
captioned as above.

Captioned organization falls within category "C"
as set forth in referenced memo.

Subversive organization characterization was submitted
to the Bureau by letter 4/10/62, for approval.

Bureau advised by letter 5/7/62, characterization,
with minor changes set forth by Bureau, was considered approved.

A 5 x 8 card containing approved characterization
has been prepared and has been forwarded to SA NAEHLE.

BUFILE 100-437405

① - 100-90311 (41)
1 - 100-121151 (41)

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(2)

100-90311-2328

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |
| H.E. NAEHLE | |

5/11/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-117931)

SA NICHOLAS J. PURCHIA

WOMEN'S COMMUNITY FORUM
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C

An amended characterization showing subject organization's new address, was submitted to the Bureau (Bu-file 100-421559) by letter dated 3/27/62, and approved by the Bureau.

In view of the recentness of letter to Bureau, the annual characterization of subject organization will not be submitted to the Bureau.

- ① - New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1 - New York (100-117931) (41)

NJP:td
(2) *[Signature]*

100-90311-2324
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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : *See New York*

DATE: *5/16/62*

FROM : *SA*

b6
b7C

SUBJECT: *Provisional Committee For a Free Africa
Subversive Organization, Characterization
85-E
(cc: New York)*

*By letter, 2/14/62, an amended characterization of
the PCFA was submitted to the Bureau reflecting that
this organization had become defunct.*

Bureau file in instant case is 100-434783.

(1) 100-90311 41

100-90311-2925

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

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SAC, NEW YORK (100-46846)

5/18/62

SA DANIEL J. QUIGLEY (412)

P.

ARMENIAN GENERAL BENEVOLENT UNION
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - R * ARMENIA

Re memo of SA HENRY E. NAEHLE dated 4/16/62.

Bufile # 100-356147.

A thumbnail sketch on captioned organization is not being submitted at this time since there is insufficient information available indicating that a thumbnail sketch is warranted.

The investigation in this matter is pending and a review of the information available fails to reflect that the organization is communist dominated, controlled or infiltrated.

- ① - New York 100-90311 (41)
- 1 - New York (100-46846) (412)

DJQ :slf

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100-90311-2326

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FBI - NEW YORK

#41

SAC, NEW YORK (100-147547)

5/21/62

SA PETER J. LEIGHTON (41)

BRONX PRESS FORUM
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C

Re memo of SA HENRY E. NAEHLE dated 4/16/62, captioned
"Professional Press Committee of Bronx; Subversive Organization
Characterization; IS - C".

Reference memo instructs that a subversive organization
characterization need not be prepared if a current sketch has
been submitted since 4/1/62.

On 4/20/62, the Bureau approved a revised characterization
for captioned organization as submitted by NY letter dated
4/13/62. (Bufile 100-437407).

1-New York (100-90311) (41)

PJL:mjf
(2)

100-90311-2327

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SAC, NEW YORK (100-118525)

5/24/62

SA HENRY E. NAEHLE (41)

BRONX COMMITTEE FOR CIVIL LIBERTIES AND
CIVIL RIGHTS aka
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C

An amended characterization for the above
captioned organization was submitted to the Bureau
(Bufile 100-412902) on 4/11/62.

Accordingly, no revised annual characterization
is being submitted to the Bureau at this time.

① New York (100-90311) (41)
1- New York (100-118525)

HEN: lts
(2)

100-90311-2328

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98/11

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-183386)

5/1/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-60713)

TASS NEWS AGENCY
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - R

Re New York let, 5/26/61, concerning the thumbnail sketch of the Tass News Agency, which was stamped approved by the Bureau, 6/27/57.

The thumbnail sketch for captioned organization is still current and no changes are recommended.

- 2 - Bureau (100-183386) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1 - New York (100-60713) (343)

(4)

WFD:reg

Reg

100-90311-2329

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| MAY 1 - 1962 | |
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DIRECTOR, FBI (105-75842)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (105-35359)

ACCION PATRIOTICA UNITARIA
(NEW YORK BRANCH)
(PATRIOTIC UNITARIAN ACTION) (APU)

SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - NATIONALIST

(OO:SAN JUAN)

The following subversive organization characterization of the above captioned organization is being submitted for the Bureau's consideration.

On 4/30/62, a source advised that on 4/29/62, at a meeting of APU members in the New York City area, a NY District Junta of the APU was established and the officers composing the Junta were elected. It was announced at the meeting that the NY District Junta would exercise control over the APU organization in New York, which would be known as the New York Branch or District APU, comprising the APU Juntas in Brooklyn, Manhattan and the Bronx. JUAN ANTONIO CORRETJER, described by the source as Secretary General of the APU in Puerto Rico, presided at the meeting of 4/29/62, and about 50 persons were present.

The same source advised that the APU in NY is considered to be an affiliate of the APU in Puerto Rico, is governed by the same constitution, and has the same general aims and purposes as the parent organization in Puerto Rico.

2-Bureau (105-75842) (RM)
1-San Juan (105-3409) (Info) (RM)
1-New York (100-90311) (#41)
1-New York (105-35359)

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(5)

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NY 105-35359

The source mentioned in the above characterization is [REDACTED] who has furnished reliable information in the past. His identity should be concealed.

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Careful consideration has been given and sources concealed only where absolutely necessary.

An information copy of this characterization is being furnished to the San Juan Office inasmuch as San Juan is office of origin for the APU.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-366479)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (105-1210)

ADRIATIC TRAVEL AGENCY
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-YU

The following characterization of the above-captioned organization is being submitted as follows:

A source advised on 5/16/62 that the Adriatic Travel Agency is located at 157 W. 24th St., NYC. The source stated this organization serves as a sales agency for relief packages to individuals residing in Yugoslavia, and books a majority of the travel reservations on Yugoslav ships for persons traveling from NY to Yugoslavia. The Adriatic Travel Agency, according to the source, was founded subsequent to the split between Yugoslavia and the Cominform in 1948, and continues to cooperate closely with officials of the Yugoslav Government.

Source: [redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past. Careful consideration has been given and sources concealed only when absolutely necessary.

b7D

- 2 - Bureau (100-366479) (RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311)
- 1 - New York (105-1210)

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RFG:JW
(4)

100-90311-2331

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DIRECTOR, FBI (100-432563)

MAY 23 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-140667)

ADVANCE, AN ORGANIZATION
OF PROGRESSIVE YOUTH
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C

ReNYlet, 5/26/61.

Following is a revised thumbnail sketch of captioned organization.

A confidential source advised on February 18, 1960, that Advance was organized at a founding convention held in New York City on February 13-14, 1960.

A second confidential source advised on March 2, 1960, that the Declaration of Principles adopted at the founding convention of Advance included the following pertinent points: a stand for peace and total disarmament; equal rights; anti-discrimination; struggles against forces of opposition to the Bill of Rights; an organized approach to Marxist theory; inform prospective applicants of the group's Declaration of Principles. This source stated that the Declaration of Principles was believed by the Communist Party (CP), USA Secretariat to be essentially the line of the National CP leadership.

A third confidential source advised on April 4, 1961, that at a meeting of the New York District CP Youth Commission held on April 3, 1961, a slate of officers to be presented at the Advance Convention scheduled for April 8-9, 1961, was discussed. It was pointed out that the CP desired all Party members to support this slate which included [redacted] President; [redacted] for First Vice President; and [redacted] as Second Vice President.

A third confidential source advised on April 10, 1961, that at the Advance Convention held on April 9, 1961, [redacted] was elected President, [redacted] as Organizational Vice President, and [redacted] as Executive Vice President.

2 - Bureau (100-432563) (RM)
① - NY (100-90311)
1 - NY (100-140667)
ASB:mcg
(4)

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100-90311-2382

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NY 100-140667

The third confidential source advised on February 7, 1961, that [redacted] was appointed Secretary of the New York District CP Youth Commission at a meeting of the Youth Commission held on February 6, 1961.

A fourth confidential source advised on March 14, 1961, that [redacted] was as of that date, on the payroll of the New York District CP.

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b7C

A fifth confidential source advised on February 2, 1961, that [redacted] was approved as a member of the New York District CP Youth Commission at a meeting of the New York District CP Board held on that date.

A sixth confidential source advised on April 23, 1962, that Advance maintains an office and clubroom at 82 Second Avenue, New York City.

Sources utilized in order of their use are:



b7D

MAY 29 1962

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-3897)

SAC, NEW YORK (100-78651)

AMERICAN FEDERATION FOR AID
TO POLISH JEWS OF THE AMERICAN
ALLIANCE OF JEWISH POLISH
SOCIETIES, INCORPORATED
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C; ISA-1950
(OO:NY)

Re: NYlet, May 26, 1961.

The following is an amended characterization of
captioned organization:

The 1943-1944 American Jewish Year Book, reflects that
the American Federation For Polish Jews (AFPJ) was founded in
1908 for the purpose of promoting social and cultural activities
among its affiliates and guarding and promoting the interests of
the Jews in Poland.

A source advised on May 12, 1949, and May 15, 1962,
that at the convention of the AFPJ held in New York City on March
26 and 27, 1949, a "left-wing Communist element" was elected to
direct the activities of this organization.

On December 20, 1949, the above source reported he had
been informed by a member of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA) that
the above Federation was under the full control of the "left-wing
and progressive elements."

The same source stated on May 15, 1962, that the AFPJ
continues to function from its headquarters at 1133 Broadway,
Room 732, New York, New York, and is still controlled by
Communists and left-wingers."

2-Bureau (105-3897) (RM)
1-NY 100-90311 (41)
1-NY 100-78651 (41)

HAN:mco
(4)

100-96377-2334

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| MAY 29 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

g/m

NY 100-78661

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Source

[redacted], who has furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given to the source concealed and this source was concealed only because it was necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-118)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-129573)

AMERICAN COMMUNICATIONS ASSOCIATION
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
ISA - 1950
(OO:NY)

ReNYlet, 5/26/61.

The following amended thumbnail sketch is submitted for Bureau consideration:

The April, 1962 issue of "ACA News", official publication of the American Communications Association (ACA), shows that the ACA is located at 18 John Street, NY, NY.

The "Report of the International Executive Board ACA, CIO" at the 5th National Convention, Chicago, Illinois, April 8 through 13, 1940, reflects that the ACA had its origin at the 3rd National Convention of the American Radio Telegraphists Association (ARTA) held in New York City in August, 1937. At this convention it was agreed to change the name of the union from ARTA to ACA. This change was ratified by the union members on March 10, 1938.

The 1955 "Directory of National and International Labor Unions in the United States, 1955", published by the United States Department of Labor, lists on page 4, unions expelled from the Congress of Industrial Organizations (CIO) on charges of Communist domination. ACA was listed as having been expelled on June 15, 1950.

- 2 - Bureau (100-118)(RM)
- 1 - New York (100-90311)(Sec. 41)
- 1 - New York (100-129573)(Sec. 413)

TAP:bca
(4)

100-90311-2333

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| NEW YORK | |

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-62545)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-45453)

AMERICAN LITHUANIAN WORKERS
LITERARY ASSOCIATION, aka
Amerikos Lietuviu Darbininku
Literaturos Draugija (ALDL, LLD)
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-R-LITHUANIAN

The following is a current thumbnail sketch of captioned organization:

The LLD was incorporated on 12/16/18, in the State of NY as the Lithuanian Workers Literary Society. On 6/13/32, it was incorporated in the State of NY as the American Lithuanian Workers Literary Association. Its purpose and activities as described by the organization are as follows: to publish writings, papers, books, pamphlets, newspapers, periodicals and other publications in various branches of learning; to establish libraries, to work for the intellectual, moral and social advancement of the members; to publish books and a literary quarterly; to sponsor meetings and lectures on topics of art, literature, current events, etc; and to sponsor handicraft exhibits, plays and various other cultural and social affairs.

On 3/23/60, [redacted] Lithuanian Government in Exile, [redacted] NYC, advised that although the Literary Association has been comparatively inactive, the organization itself continues to be an important tool for the dissemination of Communist propaganda. b6 b7C

Two of the original incorporators of this organization were ANTHONY BIMBA and ROJUS MIZARA. BIMBA in 1933 and again in 1938, was a CP candidate for election to public office in the State of NY.

2- Bureau (100-62545) (RM)
1- New York (100-90311) (41)
1- New York (100-45453) (412)

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(4)

100-90311-2335

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| MAY 29 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

H. G. J.

NY 100 45453

On 4/10/62, a source advised that ANTHONY BIMBA is the editor of "Sviesa", the official publication of the LLD.

On 11/13/61, a source advised that a meeting of the Minor Press Club of the CP was held on 11/9/61 at Estonian Hall, 125th Street and Lexington Avenue, NYC. Among those present at the meeting was A. BIMBA.

SOURCES

The source who furnished the information on 4/10/62, is [REDACTED] NY. The source has furnished insufficient info. to determine his reliability.

b6
b7C
b7D

The source who furnished the information on 11/13/61 is [REDACTED] who has furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given and the sources were concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (61-6361)

MAY 29 1952

SAC, NEW YORK (65-3310)

"AMERIKAI MAGYAR SZO"
Hungarian Word Inc., aka
Subversive Organization Characterization
IS - HU
REGISTRATION ACT

The following subversive organization characterization of above subject publication is being submitted for the Bureau's consideration:

Hungarian born JOHN LAUTNER, former Chairman of the Review Commission Communist Party (CP), New York State, who was expelled from the CP in January, 1950, advised on 10/12/50, that among Hungarian Communists in the US the "Magyar Jovo" (Hungarian Daily Journal) was recorded as their most important item of endeavor. It was published daily by the Hungarian Daily Journal, Inc., 130 East 16th Street, NYC. [redacted] was [redacted] and [redacted] of the publication. LAUTNER advised that [redacted] and [redacted] were recognized Communists.

b6
b7c

The 5/27/52 issue of the "Magyar Jovo" announced it would cease publication as of 6/9/53, and indicated that a new weekly the "Amerikai Magyar Szo" would replace it.

On 2/19/57, a confidential source advised that he was very familiar with the officers and the editorial policies of the "Amerikai Magyar Szo" from the time of its origin in 1953 until early 1955, and with its predecessor the "Magyar Jovo". He stated that all of the publications received indirect financial assistance from the Hungarian Legation, Washington, D.C. and officials of these publications were utilized by members of the Hungarian Legation staff as sources of information.

A "statement of ownership" printed in the 10/8/59 issue of the "Amerikai Magyar Szo" reflects that [redacted] is the [redacted] of this weekly newspaper.

b6
b7c

- 2 - Bureau (61-6361) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-90311)
- 1 - New York (65-3310)

AGC:chj
(4)

100-96711-2336

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 65-3310

The masthead of the 4/15/62, issue of the "Amerikai Magyar Szó" reflects that this newspaper continues to be published at 130 East 16th Street, NYC.

SOURCES

A confidential source, who furnished information on 2/19/57, is [redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past.

b7D

Careful consideration has been given and source concealed where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (61-5381)

MAY 29 1952

SAC, NEW YORK (65-7471)

AMPORG TRADING CORPORATION
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-R

Re Part II, Section 4, pages 21-23, M of I
instructing that by June 1 certain information
concerning the characterization of organizations
should be submitted.

No change required in characterization of
above captioned Corporation as is set forth on Page 3
of SAC Letter 56-41.

2 - Bureau (61-5381) (RM)
① - New York (100-90311)
1 - New York (65-7471)

EUC:RAG
(4)

100-90311-2337

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

[Signature]

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-337674)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (105-1602) (C)

ARMENIAN NATIONAL COUNCIL
OF AMERICA
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-R-ARMENIA

The following is a thumbnail sketch for the captioned organization:

A source on 4/28/58, advised that the Armenian National Council of America (ANCA), 58 Park Ave., NYC, had been formed in 1944 and was made up of three parties, the Armenian Progressive League of America (APLA), the Hunchagian Party (Socialists) and the Ramgovars (Liberal Democrats) together with the compatriotic unions composed of individuals who had immigrated to this country from various Armenian cities. According to this source, the APLA had continued to be the main Communist element within the ANCA and has continued to control its policies.

The APLA has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

[redacted], NYC, a former officer of the ANCA representing the Ramgovars, advised in May, 1954, that the Ramgovars as a party, formally withdrew from the ANCA in 1947 and that any member of the Ramgovars who supports the ANCA does so as a private citizen and does not represent the Ramgovar Party. [redacted] advised that the APLA was the dominant group in the ANCA and the ANCA functions were for the most part APLA functions. b6 b7C

It is noted that the current Manhattan Telephone Directory, 1961-1962 reflects that the ANCA has offices at 58 Park Avenue, NYC.

SOURCE

The source referred to in the thumbnail sketch is former [redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past, his identity concealed by request. b7D

Careful consideration was given and the source was concealed only where absolutely necessary.

2 - Bureau (100-337674) (RM)
① - NY (100-90311) (41)
① - NY (105-1602) (412)
JET:mcc (4)

#41

100-337674-2338

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| SERIALIZED | FILED |
| MAY 30 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-39853) (RM)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-101811) (C)

ARROWHEAD LODGE, aka
Arrowhead Camp
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
(OO:NY)

ReNYlet, May 26, 1961.

The characterization of captioned organization as approved by the Bureau on June 23, 1961, is current and correct.

As this characterization has only very limited application to security type investigations, the characterization is being deleted from the thumbnail sketch program.

2-Bureau (100-398593) (RM)
①-New York (100-90311) (41)
1-New York (100-101811) (41)

HPL:lab
(4)

100-90311-2339

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| SERIALIZED..... | FILED..... |
| MAY 29 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-435851)

MAY 20 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-145277)

ARTISTS' COMMITTEE TO FREE SIQUEIROS
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
(OO:NY)

Set forth below, for Bureau approval, is a current characterization for captioned organization.

A source on August 25, 1961, advised that Post Office Box 73, Village Station, 150 Christopher Street, New York 14, New York, was rented on April 17, 1961, by the U. S. Friends of Mexico, [redacted] New York City.

A second source on March 19, 1962, advised that during January, 1962, the name of the leasee of Post Office Box 73, Village Station, 150 Christopher Street, New York 14, New York, was changed from U. S. Friends of Mexico to Artists' Committee to Free SIQUEIROS, [redacted] New York City.

A third source on March 19, 1962, advised that during a demonstration held at the United Nations Plaza, New York City, on March 17, 1962, sponsored by the Artists' Committee to Free SIQUEIROS, [redacted] stated that due to the number of artists joining the U. S. Friends of Mexico, the name was changed to Artists' Committee to Free SIQUEIROS. [redacted] stated that the groups have the same people and the same purpose.

2-Bureau (100-435851) (RM)
①-New York (100-90311) (41)
1-New York (100-145277) (41)

PJL:mjf
(4)

100-90311-2340

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| MAY 20 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 100-145277

A fourth source, during February, 1953, advised that [redacted] was a member of the Commission of Latin-American Affairs of the Communist Party, USA.

b6
b7C

A fifth source on January 10, 1956, advised that [redacted] was then a member of the new enlarged Communist Party club being organized in the Greenwich Village area of New York City.

A sixth source, during November, 1961, advised that during a press conference held by a representative of the U. S. Friends of Mexico on November 10, 1961, at the Hotel Regis, Mexico City, Mexico, the organization was described as being located in New York City, with the objective to fight in all countries of the world for civil liberties, and that a committee had come to Mexico to fight for the liberty of DAVID ALFARO SIQUEIROS.

A seventh source has advised that DAVID ALFARO SIQUEIROS was formerly President of the Political Committee of the Partido Comunista Mexicano - PCM (Mexican Communist Party) prior to his arrest and imprisonment on August 9, 1960. According to this source, SIQUEIROS is a national leader of the PCM currently, and is also a member of the National Committee of the PCM.

The published statutes of the PCM state: "the Communist Party of Mexico has as its final objective to construct socialism and to build a communist society in Mexico."

Sources

The sources utilized above are as follows:

1. [redacted]

New York City.

b6
b7C

NY 100-145277

2.

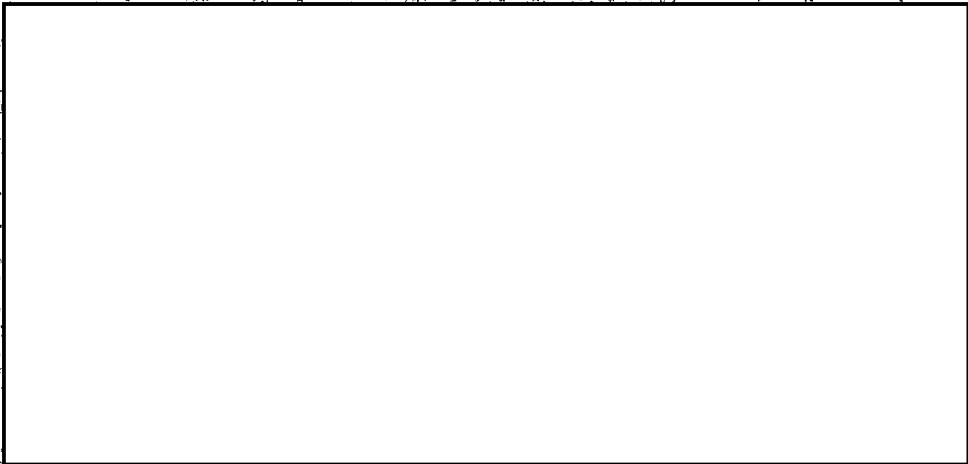
3.

4.

5.

6.

7.



b6
b7C
b7D

The above sources have all furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given and sources were concealed only where necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (65-1673)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-15990)

ARTKINO PICTURES, INCORPORATED
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION

Re NYlet to Bureau, 5/26/61.

Set forth below is a suggested amended Thumbnail Sketch for captioned organization:

The records of the Foreign Agents Registration Section, United States Department of Justice, Washington, D.C. reflect that as of February, 1962, Artkino Pictures, Incorporated, 723 Seventh Avenue, New York, New York was the registered agent for the following foreign principals for the sale and distribution in the United States of films received from them:

Sovexportfilm, Mely Gnezdnikovst Per. 7
Moscow, USSR

Hungarofilm
Budapest, Hungary

- 2 - Bureau (65-1673)(RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311) (Thumbnail Sketch)
- 1 - New York (100-15990)

JJM:emv
(4)

emv

100-90311-234

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

[Signature]

DIRECTOR, FBI (61-9622)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-54867)

ASSOCIATION OF LITHUANIAN WORKERS, aka,
LIETUVIU DARBININKU SUSIVIENIJIMAS (LDS)
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - R - LITHUANIAN

The following is a current thumbnail sketch of captioned organization:

The Association of Lithuanian Workers was incorporated on 11/5/30, in the State of New York and on 7/7/31, it received authority from the New York State Department of Insurance to transact business as a fraternal benefit society. Its headquarters are located at 104-07 102nd St., Ozone Park, NY, according to a source contacted on 12/17/59.

A source who has been active in the organization advised in 1949, that the LDS was Communist controlled. This source on 5/18/59, stated that the LDS has maintained about the same level of strength and activity in recent years and continues to be pro-communist and pro-Soviet, but does not openly support the CP for reasons of expediency.

On 12/2/59, [redacted], an attorney of Lithuanian background, [redacted] NY, advised that the LDS is comparatively inactive and has restricted its activities to the providing of lowcost insurance and medical benefits to its members.

SOURCES

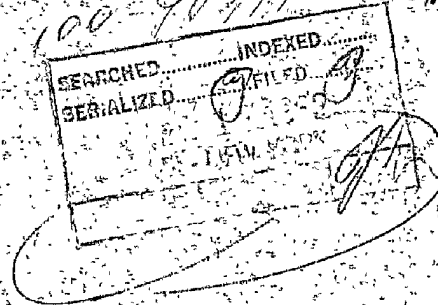
[redacted] NY, furnished the information on 12/17/59. He was in a position to furnish reliable information.

[redacted] furnished the information on 5/18/59. He

- 2 - Bureau (61-9622) (RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1 - New York (100-54867) (412)

DJQ:tp

(4)



NY 100-54867

has furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given and sources
concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-415194)

MAY 29 1961

SAC, NEW YORK (100-122656)

BILL OF RIGHTS FUND
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
INTERNAL SECURITY - C
(OO:NY)

ReNYlet, 5/26/61.

The following is an amended thumbnail sketch of captioned fund:

On 11/15/54, a source made available a mimeographed leaflet dated 11/4/54, entitled, "Announcement of Bill of Rights Fund, CORLISS LAMONT, Chairman." This leaflet reflects that CORLISS LAMONT had set aside \$50,000.00 to initiate a special Bill of Rights Fund, to give assistance to key organizations and enterprises, that are working militantly and uncompromisingly for American Civil Liberties on the basis that the Bill of Rights should apply impartially to all groups and individuals in the US; and, to provide financial help in especially significant individual cases involving constitutional issues, in order to assist the victims with their legal defense and to lessen economic pressures on such persons if they have lost their jobs.

On 5/1/62, a source advised that the captioned Fund continues to be active. The address for the fund is 450 Riverside Drive, NY 27, NY, which is the residence of CORLISS LAMONT.

LOUIS BUDENZ, a former self-admitted member of the Communist Party (CP), and ex-managing editor of the "Daily Worker," testified in September, 1953, at Washington, D.C., before the United States Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations, that he knew CORLISS LAMONT as a member of the CPUSA in the 1930's and 1940's.

2-Bureau (100-415194) (RM)
1-NY 100-90311 (41)
1-NY 100-122656 (41)

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100-90311-2343

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| MAY 29 1961 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

[Signature]

NY 100-122656

The "Daily Worker" was an east coast Communist newspaper which suspended publication on January 13, 1958.

SOURCES

[redacted], who has furnished reliable information in the past.

[redacted]

b6
b7C
b7D

who has furnished reliable information in the past

Careful consideration has been given and sources were concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (64-45716)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (109-138)

"BOHEMIA"
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - CUBA

The characterization of captioned organization as approved by the Bureau is current and correct.

In view of the fact that this characterization has only limited application to security-type investigations, it is being deleted from the thumbnail sketch program.

2-Bureau (64-45716) (RM)
1-New York (100-90311)
1-New York (109-138)

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(4)

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100-96311-2344

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| MAY 29 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

[Signature]

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-437410)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-147546)

BROOKLYN READERS CLUB
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
(OO:NY)

Set forth below, for Bureau approval, is a current characterization for captioned organization.

A source on January 29, 1962, made available a letter from the Organizing Committee, Brooklyn Readers Club, dated January 24, 1962, addressed to "Dear Friend" and signed [redacted] Manager." This letter points out that Brooklyn friends of "The Worker" and "Midweek Worker" have looked forward to the establishment of a Brooklyn Readers Club to promote "Our press, hold social and fund-raising affairs in its behalf and help bring the truth to new thousands of readers." The letter further announced the formation of a Brooklyn Readers Club, the first meeting to be held on February 2, 1962, at the Downtown Center, 305 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn, New York, and that JAMES JACKSON, Editor, and [redacted] Business Manager of "The Worker" would be the speakers.

b6
b7c

A second source on January 30, 1962, advised that during a regional meeting of the Kings County Communist Party Council held on January 29, 1962, in Brooklyn, New York, it was announced that it was important that as many club members as possible attend the Brooklyn Readers Club meeting on February 2, 1962.

2-Bureau (100-437410) (RM)
①-New York (100-90311) (41)
1-New York (100-147546) (41)

RJL:mjf
(4)

100-90311-2345

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| MAY 29 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

[Signature]

NY 100-147546

The above source on February 5, 1962, advised that a meeting was held on February 2, 1962, at 305 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn, New York, to form a Brooklyn Readers Club. This source advised that MURRAY ROSENBERG was the Chairman of the meeting and approximately nineteen people were present. This source further advised that a committee was formed to set up the Brooklyn Readers Club, which will be an organization to increase the circulation of "The Worker." Source stated that dues are \$1.00 per year and eighteen of those present joined the Brooklyn Readers Club.

A third source on January 13, 1961, advised that MURRAY ROSENBERG was the Kings County Communist Party Press Director and was a member of the Kings County Communist Party staff.

"The Worker" is an East Coast Communist newspaper.

A fourth source on April 10, 1962, advised that the Brooklyn Readers Club held a meeting on April 6, 1962, at 305 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn, New York.

Sources



b7D

The above sources have furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given and sources were concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-435442)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-145199)

BURNING ISSUES
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C

(OO: New York)

The following is an amended thumbnail sketch of captioned organization for Bureau approval:

A source advised on 5/11/61, that a meeting was held on 5/8/61, at 106 Avenue B, Apartment 4A, New York 9, New York, under the auspices of the Discussion Group for Those in Their 20's and 30's, as the third or fourth meeting of the group.

A second source advised on 6/14/61, that a business meeting of the Discussion Group was held on 5/12/61, in the name of Burning Issues.

The source advised on 12/28/61, that [redacted] New York State Communist Party (CP) Youth Coordinator, stated on 12/20/61, that Burning Issues was formed without CP permission and had the effect of competing with Advance, a CP initiated Marxist-Leninist youth organization. Therefore, Burning Issues must cease to compete with Advance and declare itself as a left-wing organization.

b6
b7c

The source advised on 4/30/62, that a meeting was held on 4/26/62, at the office of the New York State CP, 23 West 26th Street, New York City, to discuss Marxist-Len forums for Burning Issues. BETTY GANNETT and [redacted] approved an outline of lectures which was prepared by the Burning Issues Collective of the CP.

"The Worker" an east coast communist newspaper, in its issue of 9/24/61, page 11 describes BETTY GANNETT as Educational and Organizational Director of the New York State CP.

- 2 - Bureau (100-435442) (RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311) (THUMBNAIL SKETCHES) (41)
- 1 - New York (100-145199) (41)

AEF:mtm
(4)

100-90311-2346

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 100-145199

Burning Issues meets at the headquarters of Advance, 82 2nd Avenue, New York, New York.

The informants used above have furnished reliable information in the past and appear in the following order:

[REDACTED]

b7D

[REDACTED]

furnished the address of Burning Issues.

Careful consideration has been given and sources were concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (65-15377)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-129553)

METROPOLITAN RECREATION
ASSOCIATION, FORMERLY
KNOWN AS NATURE FRIENDS
OF AMERICA, INC.
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION
CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
ISA - 1950
(OO: NEW YORK)

Reference is made to NY letter to Director, 5/26/61.

The following is an amended characterization of
Camp Midvale, which is owned and operated by the
captioned organization:

This characterization is identical with the
characterization submitted for the Metropolitan
Recreation Association except that the order of the
paragraphs has been rearranged to present a clearer
characterization for Camp Midvale for use in those
instances where it is only feasible to characterize
Camp Midvale and not the Metropolitan Recreation
Association.

On 3/26/54, a source made available
a copy of the March, 1954, issue of the "Camp Midvale
News", official organ of Camp Midvale, Midvale,
New Jersey, which, on page 1, states that the recently
formed Metropolitan Recreation Association (MRA) is
the organization which owns and operates Camp Midvale.

The records of the New York County Clerk's
Office, Supreme Court Building, New York City, reflect
that a certificate of dissolution for Nature Friends
of America, Inc. (NFA) was filed with the Secretary of
State, State of New York, on 2/23/54.

- 2- Bureau (65-15377) (RM)
- 1- Newark (100-45174) (Info) (RM)
- 1- New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1- New York (100-129553)

100-90311-2347

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

HEN: lts

(5)

NY 100-129553

A second source advised on 3/12/54, that at a meeting of the former New York Local of NFA, held on 2/25/54, in NYC, a successor organization known as the MRA was set up and all assets and real property formerly belonging to the New York Local of NFA were transferred to the MRA.

On 11/4/57, a third source made available a copy of the constitution of the MRA, which was adopted in 1957, and which, under Article II, sets forth the aims of the organization as follows:

"The purpose of the association is to bring together people without regard to race, color, national origin, religion, or beliefs, having a common interest in outdoor sports, recreational and cultural activities, and the fullest use of leisure time for the furtherance of the welfare and well-being of the members; to encourage the study of nature and of the natural sciences, and of the modes of living and customs and cultures of the people of the United States, past and present. . . ."

The MRA, as of ^{5/15/63}5/2/62, continues to utilize General Post Office Box 634, New York City, as its mailing address.

NFA has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

Sources

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.



(Source of location)
New York City
(by request)

b6
b7C
b7D

NY 100-129553.

All of the above sources have furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given and sources were concealed only where necessary.

One copy of this communication is being directed to the Newark Division for information purposes since Camp Midvale is located in the territory covered by the Newark Division.

DIRECTOR, FBI (97-3874)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (97-1670)

CASA CUBA CLUB (CCC)
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - CUBA

The following is a revised characterization of captioned organization:

On July 26, 1961, a source advised as follows:

The CCC, 691 Columbus Avenue, NYC, was originally founded as a social club by persons of Cuban background living in the NYC area, and was generally regarded as the focal point for Cuban social activities in NYC. During the years when FIDEL CASTRO was struggling to overthrow the BATISTA Government in Cuba, the general membership of the CCC were predominantly sympathetic to the revolutionary aims of CASTRO and supported CASTRO's 26th of July Movement by contributing funds and clothing for the needy oppressed peoples of Cuba.

After CASTRO came to power in Cuba on January 1, 1959, and it became apparent that he was establishing a Communist form of government in Cuba, the membership of the CCC gradually declined drastically in numbers, and the loyal supporters of CASTRO, and the leaders of the 26th of July Movement, NYC, assumed leadership in the activities of the CCC.

On 11/29/61, at a general meeting of the CCC, predominantly attended and controlled by the leaders of the 26th of July Movement, NYC, a new slate of officers were elected and installed, all loyal 26th of July Movement members, and the constitution of the CCC was revised making loyalty to the 26th of July Movement and the Revolutionary government of FIDEL CASTRO a necessary prerequisite for CCC membership.

2-Bureau (97-3874) (RM)
1-New York (100-90311) (41)
1-New York (97-1670)

JWS:mfw
(4)

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| SERIALIZED | FILED |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

100-90311-2312

NY 97-1670

Accordingly, the CCC became the official meeting place for the 26th of July Movement, NYC, and assumed the nature of a political rather than social organization.

The July 26th Movement is a revolutionary organization founded and led by FIDEL CASTRO, the present Prime Minister of Cuba.

Source:

b7D

[redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past.

"Careful consideration has been given to the above source concealed only where absolutely necessary."

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-406362)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-115053) -C-

CHAIT'S FARM
ACCORD, NEW YORK, aka
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C
(OO:NY)

ReNYlet, 5/26/61.

The characterization of CHAIT'S Farm as approved
by the Bureau on June 23, 1961 is current and correct.

In view of the fact that this characterization
has only limited application to security-type investigations,
the characterization is being deleted from the Thumbnail
sketch program.

2 - Bureau (100-406362) (RM)
① - NY 100-90311 (41)
1 - NY 100-115053

DAR:dr
(4)

100-90311-2349

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-196148)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-63825)

CHINA DAILY NEWS aka
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-CH

A source advised on 5/2/62, that the "China Daily News" (CDN) was founded in 1940 by a group of Chinese Communists and that the persons who controlled its policies from then to the present time have all been known to him as Chinese Communist leaders within the Chinese Communist movement in the New York area. This source advised that to his knowledge, the CDN has followed the official Communist Party line in its editorial policies from its founding to the present time.

Another source advised on 4/12/62, that the "China Daily News" is a pro-Chinese Communist newspaper printed at 20 Elizabeth Street, New York City. The newspaper prints favorable articles concerning the Chinese Communist Government and other communist countries. Many of the news articles are from communist news sources. The "China Daily News" is the foremost propaganda organ for the Chinese Communists in the United States.

On 2/16/55, the CDN paid a fine of \$25,000.00, and EUGENE MOY, its former managing editor, who died on 12/14/58, began serving a one-year prison sentence after their conviction in the U.S. District Court, Southern District of New York, for a violation of the Trading with the Enemy Act, in connection with the paper's printing of advertisements for Chinese Communist banks which sought to induce Chinese in the United States to send money to Communist China.

2 - Bureau (100-196148) (RM)
① - New York (100-90311) (#41)
1 - New York (100-63825) (#31)

JEM:omp
(4) omp

100-90311-2350

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| MAY 29 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

[Signature]

NY 100-63825

Sources

The first source utilized is [redacted] and the second source utilized is [redacted], both of whom have furnished reliable information in the past.

b7D

Careful consideration has been given and sources concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-365097)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (105-1588)

CHINESE HAND LAUNDRY ALLIANCE aka
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - CH

A confidential source advised in November, 1950, that the Chinese Hand Laundry Alliance (CHLA), 191 Canal Street, New York, was chartered in 1933 to render legal and protective services to its members who operate laundries in the New York City area.

On May 7, 1962, [redacted]

[redacted] New York, a former officer of the CHLA, advised that the CHLA was infiltrated and controlled by Communists during the 1930's and most of the Communists who gained control of the CHLA are still in control of it.

He stated that the CHLA is considered by the Chinese community in New York City to be in favor of the Chinese Communist government.

On April 12, 1962, another confidential source advised that the CHLA is an association of Chinese hand laundrymen.

The source further advised that the people who run the "China Daily News" continue to set the policy of the CHLA. The source stated that the leaders of the CHLA are definitely in favor of the Chinese Communist government.

The source advised that the CHLA is considered, by the Chinese community of New York City, to be in favor of the Chinese Communist government.

The source advised on June 8, 1961, that the CHLA had moved from 191 Canal Street, New York City, to 52 Bowery, New York City.

2-Bureau (100-365097) (RM)
①-New York (100-90311) (41)
1-New York (105-1588) (31)

CW:ll
(4)

100-90311-2351

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| MAY 29 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

[Signature]

NY 105-1588

SOURCES

[redacted] The sources used to characterize the CHLA are [redacted] 2nd
[redacted] b7D

Careful consideration has been given and sources
concealed only where absolutely necessary.

~~SECRET~~

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

EXEMPTED FROM AUTOMATIC
DECLASSIFICATION
AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
EXEMPTION CODE 25X(1)
DATE 09-06-2011

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-99843)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (105-48555) classified per letter dated 8/21/2011

COMITE DE AYUDA AGRUPACION POLITICA
14 DE JUNIO (COMITTEE TO AID THE
14TH OF JUNE POLITICAL ORGANIZATION)
(CAAPCJ) aka Movimiento Revolucionario
14 de Junio (June 14th Revolutionary
Movement) (14th of June)
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - DOMINICAN REPUBLIC
RA - DOMINICAN REPUBLIC

On 6/3/61, [redacted], an anti-TRUJILLO Domini-
can exile residing in NYC, advised that he was a member of
the Movimiento Revolucionario 14 de Junio. He stated that
this organization had been formed a month or two previous
in Caracas, Venezuela. He estimated that there were approxi-
mately 60 to 70 members in the entire organization, which
had branches in Brazil, Argentina, Venezuela and NYC, with
the NYC membership estimated at 15.

[redacted] stated that the majority of the members
were formerly in the Dominican underground in the Dominican
Republic. The organization has no official headquarters,
no treasury, and no official leaders. He further described
it as a loose organization which any Dominican was eligible
to join. [redacted] added that Communist Party membership would
be no bar to membership in the 14th of June Organization.

b6
b7c

On 6/21/61, [redacted], an anti-TRUJILLO
Dominican exile residing in NYC, advised that the clandestine
underground anti-TRUJILLO organization within the Dominican
Republic adopted the name 14th of June Movement in Decem-
ber, 1959, and elected [redacted] its President.

- 2 - Bureau (105-99843) (RM)
- 1 - New York (105-90311) (41)
- 1 - New York (105-48555) (311)

DYC:cmg
(4)

100-90311-2352

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

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NY 105-48555

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On 12/5/61, [redacted] NYC, advised she was the [redacted] of the Comite de Ayuda Agrupacion Politica 14 de Junio (CAAPCJ) which had formerly been known as the Movimiento Revolucionario 14 de Junio. She stated that this organization is a committee to aid the Agrupacion Politica 14 de Junio (APCJ) which is organized and active in political affairs in the Dominican Republic. She stated that the CAAPCJ aids the APCJ by distributing and selling the official publication of the APCJ, "El 14", in NYC. She stated the President of the APCJ is [redacted]

(S) In December, 1961, [redacted] that the Partido Catorce de Junio (PCJ - 14th of June Party), of which MANUEL TAVARES JUSTO is President, came into existence as an underground movement during the TRUJILLO era. Its sole purpose was to fight Trujilloism. The underground leaders did not intend for the movement to become a political party and it was not until the assassination of Generalissimo RAFAEL L. TRUJILLO that the movement assumed the name "Catorce de Junio".

b1

The original intention of the underground movement was to merge with the other Dominican opposition groups. However, the pro-Communist faction of the movement insisted on changing the movement into a political party, Partido Catorce de Junio. The source stated that the President of the PCJ, MANUEL TAVARES JUSTO, has been influenced by the pro-Communist element in the PCJ.

(S)

[redacted]

(S) [redacted] is classified secret and in the event the information is used in a communication prepared for dissemination outside the Bureau, the communication must be classified accordingly.

b1

~~SECRET~~

MAY 29 1962

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-109834)

SAC, NEW YORK (105-53222)

COMITE PRO DEFENSA CIUDADANA, aka
COMITE PRO DEFENSA DEL CIUDADANO,
COMMITTEE TO DEFEND PELEGRIN GARCIA,
(COMMITTEE FOR DEFENSE OF THE CITIZEN)
(CPDC)
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-PR

The following thumbnail sketch of subject organization is being submitted for the Bureau's approval:

A source on December 14, 1961, furnished the following information regarding the CPDC:

The CPDC was formed December 10, 1961, during a meeting sponsored by the Movimiento Libertador de Puerto Rico (MLPR) and the Provisional Organizing Committee for a Marxist-Leninist Party (POC) held at the Central Plaza Annex, 40 East 7th Street, New York, New York.

During this meeting, it was explained that the purpose of the newly formed committee was to defend and fight for the Spanish-speaking community, especially the Puerto Rican, against abuses and discrimination, regardless of creed, religion, or nationality.

b6
b7c

While these were the stated, long range and general objectives of the CPDC, the immediate aim was to support and furnish aid to [redacted] of the MLPR, who had been arrested on September 1, 1961, and charged with assaulting a New York City Police Officer.

On March 26, 1962, [redacted] was released from New York City Correctional Institution for Men at Rikers Island, Bronx, New York, on a Certificate of Reasonable Doubt and his case is pending appeal.

- 2 - Bureau (105-109834) (RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1 - New York (105-53222) (413)

RNT:mgr
(4)

100-90311-2353

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| MAY 29 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 105-53222

It was agreed that the CPDC would accept the help of anyone willing to fight for citizens rights and it was not necessary the individuals offering their help be members of the MLPR or POC.

The January 23, 1962, issue of "La Prensa", a Spanish language daily newspaper published in New York City, contained an article and accompanying photograph on page 5, wherein [redacted] and [redacted] were described as the Administrative [redacted] respectively of the CPDC.

b6
b7c

Another source advised on January 16, 1962, that [redacted] was National General Secretary of the POC during 1961.

This source also advised on March 21, 1962, that [redacted] was one of the speakers at an MLPR sponsored meeting held March 18, 1962, at the Estonian Hall, 125th Street and Lexington Avenue, New York, New York.

SOURCES: [redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past.
[redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past.

b7D

NOTE: Thumbnail sketches of the MLPR and POC must be used in conjunction with this sketch.

Careful consideration has been given and sources concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82752) MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (105-38311)

COMITE REVOLUCIONARIO PRO LIBERACION
DOMINICANA DE LOS ESTADOS UNIDOS
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-DOMINICAN REPUBLIC

The characterization of captioned organization as approved by the Bureau on 6/23/61 is current and correct.

In view of the fact that this characterization has only limited application to security type investigations, it is being deleted from the Thumbnail Sketch Program.

2-Bureau (RM)
①-NY 100-90311 (41)
1-NY 105-38311

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100-90311-2354

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| MAY 29 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

[Handwritten signature]

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-432605)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-140660)

COMMITTEE AGAINST NAZISM
AND ANTI-SEMITISM, formerly
known as the Committee To Stop
The Revival Of Nazism And Anti-
Semitism
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
(OO: NEW YORK)

Submitted herewith is an amended sketch on captioned organization.

A source advised on January 25, 1960, that a meeting was sponsored by "The Worker," an east coast communist newspaper, on January 24, 1960, at the Park Palace, New York City. EVELYN WIENER, described by the source as the Chairman of the New York County Communist Party (CP), invited the audience to attend a protest meeting to be held in Union Square, New York City, on January 26, 1960, to protest anti-Semitism in West Germany.

A second source on January 26, 1960, advised that the CP had prepared 6,000 leaflets in connection with anti-Semitism to be distributed at a rally to be held that day at Union Square, New York City. These leaflets, according to the source, were not distributed since the CP was not openly represented at the meeting. However, according to the source, known Communists participated openly in the meeting.

On September 13, 1961, a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation by means of a suitable pretext, spoke to [redacted], who stated that he is the public relations officer of the Committee Against Nazism and Anti-Semitism. He stated

- 2 - Bureau (100-432605) (RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1 - New York (100-140660)

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| MAY 29 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 100-140660

that the organization initially known as the Committee To Stop The Revival of Nazism And Antisemitism, originated as an "ad hoc" committee to sponsor a rally on January 26, 1960, in New York City, to protest the rise of Nazism and anti-Semitism. It is now a continuing organization, springing into action when the need arises.

On March 12, 1962, a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation by means of a suitable pretext, spoke to [redacted], who advised captioned organization is located in Room, 732, 1133 Broadway, New York City.

b6
b7C

A third source on November 18, 1957, advised that [redacted] as of August, 1957, was a dues paying member of the CP.

SOURCES

The sources used in the above characterization in the order in which they appear are [redacted], [redacted], [redacted]. They have furnished reliable information in the past.

b7D

Careful consideration has been given to the sources concealed and the sources were concealed only where it was absolutely necessary.

The pretexts used on 9/13/61, and 3/12/62, were made by SA NICHOLAS J. PURCHIA. In the first pretext he inquired whether subject organization at some future date, would be willing to furnish a speaker to speak before a small organization. On 3/12/62, Agent PURCHIA asked whether subject organization was contemplating any action against GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL'S proposed speaking engagement in NYC during April, 1962.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-434745)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-143887)

COMMITTEE FOR A DEMOCRATIC SPAIN
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
(OO:NY)

ReNYlet, 4/10/61 and Bureau approval of
Subversive Organization Characterization dated April
19, 1961.

The following Subversive Organization
Characterization is submitted for Bureau approval:

A source on February 18, 1961, furnished a
statement from the Committee For A Democratic Spain (CFDS)
which set out its address as Post Office Box 159, Cathedral
Station, New York 25, New York. The statement furnished by
the source set out

"The time has come for a new effort to
persuade our government to withdraw its moral and
economic support from the Fascist FRANCO regime
put into power in Spain by HITLER and MUSSOLINI.
For this purpose, and to give such aid as is
possible to the forces inside and outside Spain
seeking freedom from the FRANCO dictatorship, the
Committee For A Democratic Spain has been formed.

"The Committee will issue a newsletter
that will report the significant developments in
the struggle for a free Spain. Through public
meetings, such as this initial one, the Committee
intends to inform and arouse the American people
about the true character of the FRANCO regime and
the real prospects for liberation in Spain.

2-Bureau (100-434745) (RM)
①-New York (100-90311) (41)
1-New York (100-143887)

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 100-143887

"Special efforts will be made to influence the KENNEDY Administration and the Congress to act in accordance with our American traditions of democracy and in the interest of our true national security by breaking the bonds of aid to FRANCO and encouraging the democratic impulses inside Spain."

The source on February 18, 1961, advised that from attending the first meeting of the CFDS on February 17, 1961, the composition of the group appeared to be a "Liberal-Socialist organization."

A second source on March 20, 1961, reported that the founders of the CFDS were J. ALVAREZ DEL VAYO and [redacted]. The second source described DEL VAYO and [redacted] as pro-Communist.

b6
b7C

The first source on March 27, 1962 furnished information that the CFDS continues to utilize Post Office Box 159, Cathedral Station, New York 25, New York.

SOURCES

1. [redacted]
2. [redacted]; New York City. (By request)

b6
b7C
b7D

Both of the above sources have furnished reliable information in the past. Careful consideration has been given and sources concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-432102)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-135432)

COMMITTEE OF FIRST AMENDMENT DEFENDANTS
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C
(OO:NY)

Re: New York, May 26, 1961.

The following is an extended characterization of captioned organization:

A source advised on October 22, 1959, that a meeting of the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee (ECLC) was held on October 16, 1959, in New York City, at which WILLIAM PRICE spoke and called for a unified fight by the First Amendment defendants. PRICE stated that a group of First Amendment defendants, who had been cited for contempt, had gotten together to formulate a plan of action, pool their ideas, and speak before groups wherever invited.

A second source advised on May 10, 1962, that the Committee of First Amendment Defendants (CFAD) was established about October, 1959, by some thirty persons who had been cited for contempt and who availed themselves of the right of the First Amendment before Congressional and state committees investigating Communist subversion and who were dissatisfied with the ECLC's handling of their cases then pending.

The purpose of the CFAD, according to the source, is for members to speak before various groups and to raise funds in their own behalf.

The second source, above, advised that WILLIAM A. PRICE is the Coordinator of the CFAD which has a mailing address of Post Office Box 564, Radio City Station, New York City.

2-Bureau (100-432102) (RM)
1-NY 100-90311 (41)
1-NY 100-135432 (41)

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 100-139432

On April 12, 1957, WILLIAM A. PRICE was sentenced to three months in jail and fined \$500 for contempt of Congress for his refusal to tell a Senate Internal Security Subcommittee (Inquiry Into Communist Influence In The Press) in January, 1956, whether he was a member of the Communist Party (CP) and to answer related questions. PRICE asserted his rights not to answer under the First Amendment's guarantee of freedom of speech and belief.

SOURCES

[redacted] and [redacted] respectively, both of whom have furnished reliable information in the past.

b7D

Careful consideration has been given and the sources were concealed only where absolutely necessary.

Note: A characterization of the ECLC should be utilized with the above.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-436091)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-146359)

COMMITTEE TO AID THE MONROE DEFENDANTS
IS-SWP
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
(OO: NY)

Submitted herewith is an amended subversive organization characterization of captioned organization:

A source advised on May 10, 1962, that the Committee to Aid the Monroe Defendants (CAMD) was formed during September, 1961, by the Socialist Workers Party (SWP) in NYC. The SWP originally proposed the formation of this committee during discussions with various left-wing and liberal tendencies and offered a sum of money to initiate activities.

Source advised that the SWP, however, was unsuccessful in forming a committee of various tendencies and proceeded to organize the CAMD and promote its activities under the domination and control of the SWP.

Source advised that the aims of the CAMD are to afford financial support and counsel for [redacted] and four other defendants who were involved in a racial incident on August 27, 1961, at Monroe, North Carolina. The SWP hopes to dramatize this incident nationally and internationally through the CAMD and thus attract individuals to the SWP aims and principles by playing a leading role in the integration struggle.

The organization and impetus of CAMD activities throughout the various parts of the United States such as obtaining sponsors and the raising of funds, are the results of the efforts of various SWP branches. The CAMD, through the efforts of the SWP, has been successful in obtaining considerable financial support and endorsement from trade unions and prominent Negro organizations.

- 2 - Bureau (100-436091) (RM)
- 1 - NY 100-90311 (SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATIONS CHARACTERIZATIONS) (41)
- 1 - NY 100-146359 (413)

AJG:raml
(4)

100-90311-2358

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| MAY 5 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 100-146359

Source advised that the headquarters of the CAMD are located in Suite 117, 141 Broadway, New York, New York, however, all CAMD office work is actually carried on at SWP headquarters, 116 University Place, New York City.

The SWP has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

SOURCE

b7D

[redacted], who has furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given and the source was concealed through necessity.

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-98101)

MAY 20 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-144435)

THE COMMITTEE TO DEFEND

[REDACTED]
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - CUBA

b6
b7c

Submitted herewith is an amended thumbnail sketch of captioned organization.

The 4/8/61 issue of the "New York World Telegram and Sun", contained an article, which reflected that [REDACTED], a pro-CASTRO Cuban, was found guilty on 4/7/61, of second degree murder in the shooting of nine-year old MAGDALENA URDANETA, during a fight among Cubans in the El Prado Restaurant, 854 Eighth Avenue, NYC, on 9/21/60.

A confidential source, on 3/30/61, furnished a leaflet issued by the Committee to Defend [REDACTED], which reflected that the committee was composed of a group of Americans interested in the preservation of civil rights and constitutional guarantees, who are attempting to mobilize community support for the defense of [REDACTED].

This confidential source advised on 3/30/61, that the July 26th Movement in NYC, was behind the establishment of the Committee to Defend [REDACTED], however, the Workers World Party was publicly known as the group which organized the committee. The source advised that the July 26th Movement felt that if it actively promoted propaganda in defense of [REDACTED], the United States would take legal action against it.

- 2 - Bureau (105-98101)(RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311)(Sec. 41)
- 1 - New York (100-144435)(Sec. 413)

RMJ:bca
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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 100-144435

A second confidential source, on 11/2/61, furnished a booklet entitled "The Case of [redacted], Political Prisoner", which was issued by the Committee to Defend [redacted]. This booklet states "The [redacted] case is not over. A notice of appeal to the New York State Appellate Court has already been filed. The support of many people in many places is making it possible to take this case to the Supreme Court if necessary".

b6
b7C

On 4/9/62, [redacted], Sovva Management Corporation, 154 Nassau Street, NYC, advised that the headquarters of the Committee to Defend [redacted] is located in Room 832, at 154 Nassau Street, NYC.

Sources

The confidential sources mentioned above were [redacted] who have both furnished reliable information in the past.

b6
b7C
b7D

Careful consideration has been given and sources concealed only where absolutely necessary.

It is noted that characterizations of the Workers World Party and the July 26th Movement should be used in connection with the above sketch.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-387835)

MAY 15 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-107111)

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR
MORTON SOBELL
SUVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C; ISA-50

There is set out below a revised thumbnail sketch of captioned organization.

"Following the execution of atomic spies ETHEL and JULIUS ROSENBERG in June, 1953, the 'Communist campaign assumed a different emphasis. Its major effort centered upon MORTON SOBELL, 'the ROSENBERGS' codefendant. The National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case - a Communist front which had been conducting the campaign in the United States - was reconstituted as the National Rosenberg-Sobell Committee at a conference in Chicago in October, 1953, and then as the National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell in the Rosenberg Case'...."

("Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications" dated December 1, 1961, issued by the House Committee on Un-American Activities, page 116.)

In September, 1954, the name "National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" appeared on literature issued by the Committee. In March, 1955, the current name, "Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell," first appeared on literature issued by the Committee.

The Address Telephone Directory for the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, as published by the New York Telephone Company, on April 9, 1962, lists the "Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" (CSJMS) as being located at 940 Broadway, NY, NY.

2-Bureau (100-387835) (RM)
①-New York (100-90311) (41)
1-New York (100-107111) (41)

PHS:tb
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| SERIALIZED..... | FILED..... |
| MAY 15 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-94208)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (105-46699)

DELEGACION AYUDA AL FRENTE INTERNO DOMINICANO
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-DOMINICAN REPUBLIC

The characterization of captioned organization as approved by the Bureau on 6/23/61 is current and correct.

In view of the fact that this characterization has only limited application to security type investigations, it is being deleted from the Thumbnail Sketch Program.

2-Bureau (RM)
①-NY 100-90311 (41)
1-NY 105-46699

HOT:mfw
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100-90311-2361

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

DIRECTOR, FBI (97-3876)

MAY 29 1960

SAC, NEW YORK (105-36550)

DOMINICAN LIBERATION MOVEMENT
(MOVIMIENTO DE LIBERACION DOMINICANA)
(MLD)
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-DOMINICAN REPUBLIC
RA-DOMINICAN REPUBLIC

On 3/15/60, [redacted], Delegate-Coordinator of the Dominican Liberation Movement (MLD) in New York, 117 West 58th Street, NYC, advised that the MLD is an anti-TRUJILLO coalition organized in Havana, Cuba in March 1959, and reorganized 3/5 and 6/60 at Havana, Cuba. According to [redacted], the purpose of the MLD is to bring about the overthrow of the regime of Generalissimo RAFAEL L. TRUJILLO in the Dominican Republic and to establish a democratic form of government in the country.

On 8/16/60, [redacted] University of Los Andes, Merida, Venezuela, stated that in July 1960, the democratic elements of the MLD adopted the name MLD 14th of June to distinguish it from the pro-Communist elements.

On 3/8/61, [redacted] a Central Executive Committee member, MLD, who resides at [redacted] Street, NYC, advised that the MLD is a coordinating organization of the six following affiliated organizations:

Frente Unido Dominicano (FUD)
Union Democratica Dominicana (UDD)
Union Patriotica Dominicana de Cuba (UPD)
Partido Socialista Popular Dominicano (PSPD)
Union Patriotica Dominicana de Venezuela (UPD)
Comite de Europa

[redacted] stated the PSPD is the Communist Party of the Dominican Republic, adding that he knows [redacted] is a Communist Party member. [redacted] added that the MLD is not interested in a person's political philosophy as long as the person is anti-TRUJILLO and is in accord with the purposes of the MLD. According

2-Bureau (97-3876) (RM)
1-New York (100-90311) (41)
1-New York (105-36550) (311)

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| MAY 29 1960 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

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NY 105-36550

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to [redacted], Communist Party membership would not preclude membership in the MLD.

On 1/11/62, [redacted], Park Wald Hotel, 117 West 58th St., NYC, stated that [redacted] and the MLD had vacated Suite 12-I approximately three or four days ago.

On 3/12/62, [redacted] stated that the MLD is no longer in existence. He stated the purpose for which the MLD was created was to overthrow the TRUJILLO regime and since that objective has been achieved, there is no reason for the MLD to remain in existence.

On 4/26/62, [redacted] U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, D.C., advised that the MLD in a Supplemental Statement filed 3/30/62, set forth that its activities had ceased and that its obligation under the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended, had terminated. [redacted] said, however, that a final decision had not been rendered by the Department in this matter and it is not certain the MLD will be authorized to terminate its agency relationship.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-427162)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-133506)

EDWARD E. STRONG MEMORIAL
EDUCATIONAL TRUST FUND
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C

Re NYlet 5/26/61 and NYO report 7/17/61.

In view of the fact that the characterization on captioned matter has extremely limited application to security-type investigations, the characterization is being deleted from the thumbnail sketch program.

- 2 - Bureau (100-427162) (RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311) (Thumbnail Sketch) (#41)
- 1 - New York (100-133506) (#41)

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100-90311-2363

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

DIRECTOR, FBI (97-401)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (97-169)

EMERGENCY COMMITTEE FOR
A FREE PRESS aka Committee
for a Free Press
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C; IS-50

The formation of The Emergency Committee for a Free Press (ECCFP) was announced in an article which appeared on page 1, column 3, of the March 29, 1956 issue of the "Daily Worker."

It was stated that the ECCFP was formed as an independent fund raising committee as a result of the seizure of the offices of the "Daily Worker" by the Internal Revenue Service of the US Treasury Department.

The "Daily Worker" was an East Coast Communist newspaper, which ceased publication on January 13, 1958.

On 2/5/62, a source advised that the ECCFP, under the name "Committee For A Free Press," continues to exist solely as a cover for the bank account of Publishers New Press, Inc., 23 W. 26th St., NYC, publisher of "The Worker".

"The Worker" is an East Coast Communist newspaper.

SOURCE:

[redacted], who has furnished reliable information in the past.

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Careful consideration was given and this source was concealed only because absolutely necessary.

100-90311-2364

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- 2 - Bureau (97-401) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-90311) (#41)
- 1 - New York (97-169) (#415)

RGD:dtz
(4)

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-400394)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-104142) (P)

EMMA LAZARUS FEDERATION OF
JEWISH WOMEN'S CLUBS
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
ISA-1950

(OO: New York)

Submitted herewith is an amended thumbnail sketch
of captioned organization for Bureau approval:

"The Jewish Fraternalist" dated October, 1947,
self identified as the official publication of the Jewish
People's Fraternal Order (JPFO) of the International Workers
Order (IWO), on page 6, contained an article which
reflected that the Emma Lazarus Division (ELD) of the JPFO
was to hold its first national convention in New York City
on November 15 and 16, 1947, after having been first established
at a National Women's Conference called three years previously by
the JPFO.

The "Morning Freiheit" on January 25, 1951, contained
a report on the National Convention of the ELD of the JPFO which
took place in New York City on January 20 and 21, 1951. At this
convention it was noted that the ELD changed its name to
Emma Lazarus Federation of Jewish Women's Clubs (ELF) and
adopted a new constitution.

On May 5, 1962, a source advised that the ELF is
one of several mass organizations comprising the Jewish cultural
progressive movement. [redacted] ELF Executive Director
who is a member of the New York State Communist Party (CP)
Board and Committee, is the leading force in the organization,
whose leadership is largely made up of Communists.

- 2 - Bureau (100-400394) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-90311) (THUMBNAIL SKETCHES) (41)
- 1 - New York (100-104142)

AEF:mcm
(4)

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NY 100-104142

The source stated that the ELF claims to be for peace and interested in protecting the rights of the foreign born. It is against the BEN GURION Government of Israel, bomb testing, anti-Semitism, Negro discrimination, and the rearmament of West Germany.

The source related that the ELF renders support and receives support from the "Morning Freiheit" and other Jewish progressive organizations.

The source also stated that the ELF is recognized by the CP, USA as an important progressive national organization of women.

The address of the national office of the ELF is 160 Fifth Avenue, Room 911, New York City.

The IWO and JPFO have been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, to supersede Guide published on January 2, 1957, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the "Morning Freiheit".

- "1. A 'Communist Yiddish daily.'
(Attorney General FRANCIS BIDDLE,
Congressional Record, September 24, 1942,
p 7686).
- "2. 'The Freiheit has been one of the rankest
organs of Communist propaganda in this
country for almost a quarter of a century'
(Special Committee on Un-American Activities
House Report #11 on the CIO Political Action
Committee, March 29, 1944, p. 75)".

NY 100-104142

b7D

[redacted], who has furnished reliable information
in the past, was used above.

[redacted] on 5/10/61, furnished the address
of the ELF.

Careful consideration has been given and the
source was concealed only where absolutely necessary.

-3-

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

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DIRECTOR, FBI (100-361367)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-94412)

F & D PRINTING COMPANY, INC.
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C

The following is a revised characterization of the above organization:

Records of the Office of the Clerk of New York County, New York, reflected that a Certificate of Incorporation for the F & D Printing Company, Inc., was filed January 11, 1935.

On March 14, 1949, [redacted] stated to SA FRANCIS J. GALLANT that he was currently [redacted] of the F & D Printing Company, Inc., and had held this position since 1939. [redacted] also acknowledged his membership in the Communist Party.

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On January 10, 1958, a source stated that the F & D Printing Company, the firm which formerly did the printing of the "Daily Worker", "The Worker" and the "Morning Freiheit", would print the last issue of the "Daily Worker" on January 13, 1958, the latter then would be printed by another firm. The source said that the company had previously ceased printing the "Morning Freiheit", but was still setting type for that publication.

A second source advised on March 29, 1962, that [redacted] continues to hold the position of [redacted] of F & D Printing Company.

A third source advised on May 2, 1962, that the F & D Printing Company maintains a compositing room on the seventh floor of 35 East 12th Street, New York City, and continues to set type for the "Morning Freiheit".

2-Bureau (100-361367) (RM)
①-New York (100-90311) (41)
1-New York (100-94412)

HPL:lab
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100-90311-2366

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| MAY 29 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 100-94412

The "Daily Worker" was an East Coast Communist newspaper which ceased publication on January 13, 1958.

"The Worker" is an East Coast Communist newspaper.

The "Morning Freiheit" was described by the Attorney General FRANCIS BIDDLE as a "Communist Yiddish Daily" (Congressional Record, September 24, 1942, page 7686.)

SOURCES

The following sources were used for the above characterization:

1. [REDACTED], who has furnished reliable information in the past.

2. [REDACTED] New York City, who was in a position to furnish reliable information.

3. [REDACTED] who has furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given and sources concealed only where absolutely necessary.

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b7D

DIRECTOR, FBI (97-4196)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (97-1792)

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DATE OF REVIEW OADR

FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
RA-CUBA; IS-CUBA; IS-C; IS-SWP

The following sketch is submitted for approval:

Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC)

~~ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE~~

The April 6, 1960, edition of "The New York Times" newspaper contains a full page advertisement captioned "What Is Really Happening In Cuba," placed by the FPCC. This advertisement announced the formation of the FPCC in New York City and declared the FPCC intended to promulgate "the truth about revolutionary Cuba" to neutralize the distorted American press.

"The New York Times" edition of January 11, 1961, reported that at a hearing conducted before the United States Senate Internal Security Subcommittee on January 10, 1961, Dr. CHARLES A. SANTOS-BUCH identified himself and ROBERT TABER as organizers of the FPCC. He also testified he and TABER obtained funds from the Cuban Government which were applied toward the cost of the aforementioned advertisement.

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On October 3, 1960, a source advised that the Socialist Workers Party (SWP) in New York had become active in the FPCC, and that SWP members, in a FPCC election, had been able to remove several Communist Party (CP) members who were on the Executive Board of the FPCC and gain control of the organization.

A second source advised that an announcement from National Headquarters of the SWP was made on September 24, 1961, to the effect [redacted] had fired the secretary in the FPCC headquarters and was trying to break the SWP influence in the FPCC.

Column 2, page 8, of the February 22, 1962 edition of "The New York Times" contains an article captioned, "Castro Backer Resigns", which announced that ROBERT TABER had resigned as Executive Secretary of the FPCC and as President of the Institute for the Improvement of Inter-American Relations, Inc. which had organized the FPCC in April 1960.

100-90311-2369

- 2-Bureau (97-4196) (RM)
- ① New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1-New York (97-1792) (312)

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NY 97-1792

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

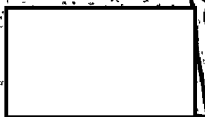
On May 17, 1962, a third source advised that National Headquarters of the FPCC is located in room 329 at 799 Broadway, New York City and that the FPCC is operating under the direction of [redacted], Acting National Executive Secretary of the FPCC.

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b7C

The SWP and the CP, USA, have been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

Sources

- First Source
- Second Source
- Third Source



b7D

Careful consideration has been given and sources concealed only where absolutely necessary.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-426395)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-130351)

575 SIXTH AVENUE REALTY INC.
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C

Submitted herewith is an amended sketch of subject organization for Bureau approval.

The Certificate of Incorporation for 575 Sixth Avenue Realty, Inc., filed January 20, 1945, with the New York County Clerk's Office reflects that the corporation was formed for the purpose of acquiring and selling or leasing real or personal property and to construct and maintain buildings. A certificate of increase of the number of directors filed March 2, 1945, reflects the officers as FREDERICK V. FIELD, President, and HARRY SACHER, Secretary.

On April 19, 1962, a source advised that the officers of the corporation were FREDERICK V. FIELD, President and ALEXANDER TRACHTENBERG, Vice-President and Treasurer.

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Another source advised on September 20, 1954, that to his knowledge, FREDERICK V. FIELD was a secret member of the Communist Party (CP). The source said that the CP maintained a reserve fund which was distinguished from the open CP funds and that FIELD had contributed between \$20,000 and \$50,000 during the period 1945 to 1948 on an annual basis to this reserve fund. Most of the reserve fund was in the physical possession of FIELD and \$50,000 in cash and negotiable bonds was kept in FIELD's safe at 23 West 26th Street, New York City.

LOUIS BUDENZ, former managing editor of the "Daily Worker" and a self-admitted member of the CP until 1945, advised on June 4, 1947, that he knew [redacted], attorney, to be a member of the CP for many years.

2-Bureau (100-426395) (RM)
1-NY 100-90311 (41)
1-NY 100-130351

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100-96311-2368

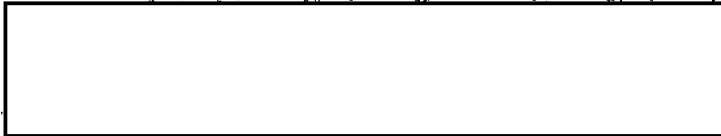
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NY 100-130351

In September, 1958, another source advised that ALEXANDER TRACHTENBERG was a charter member of the CP.

The address for the 575 Sixth Avenue Realty, Inc. is c/o ALEXANDER TRACHTENBERG, Room 1301, 361 Fourth Avenue, New York City, according to the first source, who furnished the information on April 19, 1962.

Sources:



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NY 694-S*

CG 5824-S*

All of the above sources have furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given to sources concealed, and such sources were concealed only in those instances where it is absolutely necessary.

MAY 29 1962

DIRECTOR, FBI (65-1674)

SAC, NEW YORK (65-7586)

FOUR CONTINENT BOOK CORPORATION
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-R; RA

ReNYlet to Bureau, 5/26/61.

Subject organization continues to occupy space
at 156 Fifth Avenue, NYC.

The current thumbnail sketch for the above
organization is accurate and no changes are necessary.

- 2 - Bureau (65-1674) (RM)
- 2 - New York (65-7586)
- ① 100-90311 (41)

AKH:cah
(4) *cah*

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DIRECTOR, FBI (100-434819)

MAY 20 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-144189)

FREEDOMWAYS ASSOCIATES, INC., aka.
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C; IS-A-90
(OO: NY)

The following amended subversive organization characterization on Freedomways Associates, Inc. is being submitted for Bureau approval:

FREEDOMWAYS ASSOCIATES, INC.

The records of the Secretary of State, New York State Department of State, Albany, New York, reflect that the certificate of incorporation of Freedomways Associates, Inc., was filed on March 2, 1951.

The Spring, 1952 issue of "Freedomways" is self-described as "a Quarterly Review of the Negro Freedom Movement" published by Freedomways Associates, Inc., 799 Broadway, New York City.

On May 20, 1961, a source advised that a report was given on "Freedomways" at a meeting of the National Board, Communist Party, U.S.A. (CPUSA) held on May 24, 1961. It was stated that the original plan called for the publication to be openly Marxist, but that it was later decided it would not be avowedly a Marxist publication. Editorials are in the hands of a mixed group of Marxists and non-Marxists. It was stated that the central purpose of "Freedomways" is to develop a theory and positive criticisms of currents in the Negro movement, as well as to raise the level of understanding and discussion taking place in Negro life today and to project a socialist and pro-Soviet orientation.

On May 25, 1961, another source advised that "Freedomways" was set up for the CPUSA by JAMES JACKSON, a member of the National Committee of the CPUSA.

- 2 - Bureau (100-434819)(RM)
- 1 - NY (100-92311) (ORIGINAL SOURCE)(41)
- 1 - NY (100-144189)(415)
- JPO:JED
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NY 100-144189

Sources

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The sources used are [redacted] and NY 694-S*, who have furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given to each source used and sources concealed only where necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-52929)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (105-20324)

FRENTE UNIDO DOMINICANO
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-DOMINICAN REPUBLIC

The following thumbnail sketch on the captioned organization is submitted for Bureau approval:

On April 28, 1960, [redacted] New York City, advised that she is currently serving as a member of the Executive Committee of the FUD. She said that the organization was founded in New York in 1954; and that during June or July, 1959, it had a total membership of approximately 200, but since the June, 1959, abortive invasion of the Dominican Republic, interest in the FUD had waned, and she could not furnish an approximation of the current membership.

[redacted] stated that FUD is a non-military organization which aspires to bring about the downfall of the TRUJILLO regime in the Dominican Republic through the dissemination of political and educational propaganda. She further stated that the FUD was founded as a united front for all Dominicans in the New York City area, irrespective of ideology, as long as these individuals were anti-TRUJILLO.

On March 1, 1961, [redacted] New York City, [redacted] advised this organization maintains its headquarters at 305 Amsterdam Avenue, New York City, and its current membership is approximately 40 persons.

[redacted] New York City, one of the leaders of Dominican exiles in New York City, advised on May 10, 1960, that FUD is a small group of pro-Communist Dominican exiles in New York City.

On February 28, 1961, [redacted] New York City, advised he had learned that [redacted] and [redacted] (members of Executive Committee of FUD) officiated at a meeting of that organization held on February 26, 1961, at the Hotel Lucerne, New York City, and openly proclaimed sympathy for FIDEL CASTRO and Communism.

2-Bureau (105-52929) (RM)
①-New York (100-90311) (41)
1-New York (105-20324)

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100-91911-2371

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NY 105-20324

On March 13, 1962, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED], former member of Executive Committee of FUD, advised as follows:

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She described the FUD as a Dominican exile organization formerly active in New York City, whose main purpose was the overthrow of the TRUJILLO regime and the achieving of political freedom for the Dominican people. She advised the FUD was disbanded on January 1, 1962, inasmuch as many of its members had returned to the Dominican Republic and the Dominican exiles in New York City had lost interest in the organization.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-435888)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-146066)

GARMENT COMMITTEE FOR A GOOD
NEIGHBOR POLICY WITH CUBA
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C

(OO:NEW YORK)

Set forth below, for Bureau approval, is a
current characterization for captioned organization:

"The Worker", an East Coast Communist newspaper,
issue of 8/20/61, page 7, contains an announcement of a
"Forum - Peace with Cuba" to be held on 8/23/61 at the Hotel
Cornish Arms, 311 W. 23rd Street, NYC, under the auspices of
the Garment Committee for a Good Neighbor Policy (Provisional).

A source, on 1/22/62, advised that the Garment
Committee for a Good Neighbor Policy with Cuba is sometimes
referred to as the Garment Committee for a Good Neighbor
Policy and as the Garment Committee for a Good Neighbor Policy
with Cuba (Provisional).

The above source further advised that this committee
is comprised primarily of persons employed in the Garment
industry and members of Local 22, International Ladies Garment
Workers Union (ILGWU), and meetings are held at the apartment
of various members in Brooklyn and Manhattan. Source advised
that the principal officer is [redacted], who acts in the
capacity of Chairman and chief spokesman for the committee.

The above source advised that according to [redacted]
the purpose of this committee is to help the people and the
present government of Cuba; and, recently the committee was
trying to raise funds to purchase medical supplies for Cuba.

2 - Bureau (100-435888) (RM)
1 - New York (100-90311) (41)
1 - New York (100-146066) (41)

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NY 100-146066

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The source added that [] has publically stated that the committee is "pro-Cuba and pro-CASTRO and that there is no use denying it."

The above source, on 8/29/61, advised that [] was the Chairlady for the forum sponsored by the Garment Committee for a Good Neighbor Policy held on 8/23/61.

A second source, on 3/20/61, furnished information reflecting that as of that time [] was a member of the Organization Committee, Garment Region, Communist Party (CP).

The first source, on 4/4/62, advised that the Garment Committee for a Good Neighbor Policy with Cuba held a meeting in NYC on 4/1/62.

SOURCES:

[]

b7D

The above sources have furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given and sources were concealed only where necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-435188)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-144263)

GREATER NEW YORK PRESS CLUB
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
(OO:NY)

Set forth below, for Bureau approval, is a current characterization of captioned organization.

A source advised on February 21, 1961, that LOUIS WEINSTOCK, on February 20, 1961, stated: "In the future we will have our own press club," and the club will be called "Greater New York Press Club."

"The Worker," an East Coast Communist newspaper, in its issue of August 7, 1960, page 2, identified LOUIS WEINSTOCK as the General Manager of "The Worker."

A second source on April 12, 1961, made available a letter on the stationery of "The Worker," which announced the formation of the Greater New York Press Club, and described it as "a social club devoted solely to help build the press and provide a forum for exchanging views and opinions on current events." This source advised on April 21, 1961, that the first meeting of the Greater New York Press Club was held on April 10, 1961, at the Polonia Club, 201 Second Avenue, New York City, and that the primary function of the Greater New York Press Club is to raise money for "The Worker"; to be accomplished by obtaining members and holding social affairs. This source advised on May 3, 1961, that on April 22, 1961, the President of the Greater New York Press Club stated that the Club was "composed of Communists, non-Communists, sympathizers and friends of 'The Worker.'"

2-Bureau (100-435188) (RM)
1-New York (100-90311) (41)
1-New York (100-144263) (41)

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| MAY 29 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

[Signature]

NY 100-144263

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A third source on May 1, 1961, made available a one page mimeographed letter dated May 1, 1961, bearing the typed letterhead "Greater New York Press Club, 23 West 26th Street, New York 10, New York, OR 9-9450."

The current New York City Telephone Directory (Manhattan) lists "The Worker," at 23 West 26th Street, telephone number OR 9-9450.

The first source on January 29, 1962, advised that the Greater New York Press Club is currently the vehicle by which officials of "The Worker" seek the support of Communist Party members and others to obtain financial support and build the circulation of "The Worker". This source advised that in the past month the Greater New York Press Club has expanded its activities by forming press clubs in the various counties of New York.

A fourth source on April 3, 1962, advised that during a meeting of the Worker Advisory Council on March 15, 1962, [redacted] of "The Worker" stated "we see the press clubs as important organizations for the building of our papers". The source advised that a proposal by [redacted] that the Executive Committees of the New York area press clubs comprise the Greater New York Press Club was approved at this meeting.

The second source on April 19, 1962, advised that during a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Greater New York Press Club on April 16, 1962, final plans were made for the first anniversary dinner of the Greater New York Press Club to be held on April 28, 1962, in New York City.

NY 100-144263

Sources

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.



b7D

The above sources have furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given and the sources were concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (61-9587)

MAY 29 1952

SAC, NEW YORK (100-69171)

GREEK ACTIVITIES IN THE UNITED STATES
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-GREECE

UNITED DEMOCRATIC LEFT (ENOSIS
DEMOKRATIKI ARISTERA) EDA

ReBulet to NY, dated 6/25/57, captioned,
"GREEK ACTIVITIES IN THE UNITED STATES; IS-GREECE".

Reference is made to thumbnail sketch of
the United Democratic Left (EDA) as furnished to the
NYO by the Bureau and contained in relet. Although
this sketch does not pertain to a subversive
organization within the US, it has been found
useful by agents of the NYO in certain security
investigations.

The sketch submitted by Bulet dated 6/25/57,
is continued in use by the NYO and no changes are
recommended.

Careful consideration has been given and
source concealed only where absolutely necessary.

2 - Bureau (61-9587) (RM)
① - New York (100-90311) (41)
1 - New York (100-69171) (311)

CJP:vmc
(4) *vmc*

100-90311-2374

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

g/r

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-14125)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-4124)

GREEK AMERICAN TRIBUNE aka
Bema, Vima, BHMA
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-R-GREECE

The following is an amended thumbnail sketch
of captioned organization:

On 5/10/62, a source who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that the "Greek American Tribune", also known as "Bema", "Vima", "BHMA", was a Greek language monthly newspaper, which was published by the Proodos Publishing Company, 130 East 16th Street, New York City. The source stated that this newspaper consistently followed the line of the Communist Party, USA, and the line of the international Communist movement. The source further stated that [redacted] business manager, and [redacted] editor, controlled the policy of this newspaper and that he knew [redacted] to be a member of the Greek Section of the Communist Party, USA, in New York City, from 1929 to 1934. The source advised that as of April 19, 1959, this newspaper ceased publication, although its office at 130 East 16th Street, New York City, will temporarily remain open to its subscribers. Another source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, on January 12, 1953, advised that he knew [redacted] in 1948 to be a member of the Maltezos Greek Communist Club of the Chelsea Section of the Communist Party, USA.

b6
b7c

2 - Bureau (100-14125) (RM)
1 - New York (100-90311) (41)
1 - New York (100-4124)

CJP:vmc
(4) *[Signature]*

100-90311-2375

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

[Signature]

NY 100-4124

Sources

The source used to document the "Greek American Tribune" and [redacted] NY, (a [redacted] the CP, USA), (concealed by request).

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b7C
b7D

The source used to document [redacted]
[redacted]

Careful consideration has been given to each source concealed and T-symbols were utilized only in those instances where it was necessary to conceal the sources.

The above sources have furnished reliable information in the past.

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-43325)

MAY 29 1952

SAC, NEW YORK (105-15242)

**HOKUBEI SHIMPO
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - JAPAN**

Set forth hereinafter is a characterization of captioned publication for the Bureau's approval.

HOKUBEI SHIMPO

"Hokubei Shimpō" is published weekly by the Japanese-American News Corporation, 524 West 25th Street, NY, NY. Publication of "Hokubei Shimpō" started in 1945 to service the Japanese Community in NYC.

A source advised on 5/1/62, that "Hokubei Shimpō" and its officers follow the CP line in interpreting the news items that appear in the paper and also in its editorial policy. This source also alleged that one of the principal sources of information used by the paper in the preparation of its copy is "The Worker" an East Coast Communist newspaper.

One of the frequent contributors of articles and news stories is [redacted] a resident of Tokyo, Japan.

Information received from a second source in January, 1957, concerning one [redacted] who is probably identical with the contributor to "Hokubei Shimpō" indicates membership in the Japanese CP in 1946, and more recent activity in Communist front groups.

b6
b7c

[redacted] is listed in the publication as Editor and Business Manager.

A third source advised on 10/14/53, that [redacted] was known to him as a Communist. He stated [redacted] had admitted to him in 1945 that he was a Communist.

- 2 - Bureau (105-43325) (RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1 - New York (105-15242)

DAF:mmc
(4)

100-90311-2376

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| MAY 29 1952 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 105-15242

SOURCES

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b7C
b7D

The first source is [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

(By request)

The second source is [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

The third source is [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

who has furnished

reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given to the sources concealed and the sources were concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-378547)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-103949)

IMPORTED PUBLICATIONS AND PRODUCTS, INC.
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
(OO:NY)

The following is a current characterization for the above organization:

JOHN LAUTNER, a Communist Party (CP) functionary for over 20 years, and at the time of his expulsion in January, 1950, was Chairman of the New York State CP Review Commission, in April, 1951, advised that Imported Publications and Products was formed by the CP for the purpose of procuring foreign publications for sale in the United States. According to LAUTNER, [redacted] the owner of the organization, has been a member of the CP for many years and has actively worked for the CP.

The records of the New York County Clerk, Supreme Court Building, Foley Square, New York City, reflect that Business Certificate Number 17271 was filed on December 28, 1950, for MARGARET KRUMBEIN, conducting business under the name Imported Publications and Products; with business to be conducted at 22 East 17th Street, New York City.

[redacted], Cushman and Wakefield, Real Estate Agents, 22 East 17th Street, and 41 Union Square, New York City, advised during 1951, that a lease for Room 1525, 22 East 17th Street, New York City, was signed by [redacted] on December 22, 1950, the lease to run from January 1, 1951 through December 31, 1951.

2-Bureau (100-378547) (RM)
1-New York (100-90311) (41)
1-New York (100-103949) (41)

PJL:mjf
(4)

100-90311-2379

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 100-103949

The files of the Foreign Agents Registration Section, Criminal Division, United States Department of Justice, Washington, D.C., reflect that Imported Publications and Products, 22 East 17th Street, New York 3, New York, registered with this section on June 14, 1951, and received Registration Number 676.

A source on January 16, 1961, advised that GUS HALL, General Secretary of the CP, stated that the Party had been unable to find anyone willing to replace [redacted] as head of Imported Publications and Products, and that she continues in control of the company.

Another source on August 17, 1961, advised that [redacted] Imported Publications and Products, signed a one year lease on August 1, 1961, to operate Imported Publications and Products in Room 812, at 1 Union Square, New York City. Source advised that [redacted] stated that Imported Publications and Products was formerly located at 4 West 16th Street, New York City, deals in foreign books and publications, and would open for business on August 21, 1961.

b6
b7C
b7D

The above source advised on April 18, 1962 that [redacted] continues to operate Imported Publications and Products at 1 Union Square, New York City.

Sources:

NY 694-S*

The above sources have furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given and sources were concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-16)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-4013)

"INTERNATIONAL SOCIALIST REVIEW"
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - SWP

There is being submitted herewith a revised thumbnail sketch of captioned organization which eliminates the use of a concealed source:

The issue of November 27, 1961, of "The Militant", a weekly newspaper of the Socialist Workers Party (SWP), described the "International Socialist Review" as "a magazine reflecting the views of the SWP."

The Spring, 1962 issue of "International Socialist Review" lists the address of 116 University Place, New York City, for the publication.

The SWP has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

- 2 - Bureau (100-16) (RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311) (#41)
- 1 - New York (100-4013)

GPB:bjb
(4)

100-90311-2378

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-350092)

SAC, NEW YORK (100-84280)

JEFFERSON BOOK SHOP, INC.
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C; ISA-50

There is set out below a revised thumbnail sketch of captioned organization:

A source provided information in the spring of 1945 which indicated that the Jefferson Book Shop, Inc. (JBS) had officially opened on April 1, 1944.

The records of the New York County Supreme Court reflected that on December 3, 1946, papers were filed with the Department of State, State of New York, incorporating the JBS, Inc., to sell books and magazines at wholesale and retail among other purposes.

Spell out Communist Party (CP)

LOUIS F. BUDENZ, former Managing Editor of the "Daily Worker", an East Coast Communist newspaper which suspended publication on 1/13/58, and a self-admitted member of the CP until 1945, advised in March, 1947, that the JBS was one of a number of outlets for CP literature which had been set up by the CP.

Delete and insert dash

A second source advised on 2/14/61, that at a meeting of the NY District CP Staff held that date, [redacted] gave a report on the operation of the JBS. He announced that it had shown a small profit in 1960 and that approximately 35 per cent of the sales was of Marxist and Progressive material. A number of suggestions were advanced by those present to improve the sales of CP literature at the JBS and it was announced that 63 young people, who had come into contact with the party through the JBS, were thinking about joining the party and some were recruits into the Party.

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2-Bureau (100-350092) (RM)
2-New York (100-84280)
(1-100-90311)

PHS:tb
(4)

100-90311-2379

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 100-84280

The Address Telephone Directory for the Borough of Manhattan, NYC, as published by the NY Telephone Company, on 4/9/62, lists the JBS as being located at 100 East 16th Street, NYC.

A third source advised on 2/1/61, that on that date HY LIMER, CP, USA Educational Director, referred to [redacted] as being in charge of literature distribution of the NY District of the CP, USA.

b6
b7c

Sources:

The following sources were utilized in the above characterization:

[redacted] *has furnished*
who was in a position to furnish reliable information in the past

[redacted] *has furnished*
who was in a position to furnish reliable information in the past

b7D

CG 5824-S* *has furnished*
who was in a position to furnish reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given to the sources concealed and sources are concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-434793)

11 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-144170)

JEWISH COMMITTEE FOR CIVIL WAR
CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C
(OO: NEW YORK)

Submitted herewith in an amended thumbnail sketch on captioned organization.

The bi-monthly organizational bulletin of the Yiddisher Kultur Farband (YKUF) for February, 1961, reported that on the initiative of the YKUF and other cultural-social organizations, a conference was being called for 2/18/61, at the Hotel New Yorker, NYC, in order to celebrate the 100th anniversary of the American Civil War.

A source advised on 2/23/61, that the purpose of the above conference was to involve all Jewish mass organizations in the preparation of Civil War celebrations and to combine these celebrations with the present day struggles for civil rights and civil liberties.

On 4/10/61, a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, by means of a suitable pretext, spoke to [redacted] and was told that the Jewish Committee For Civil War Centennial Celebration hopes to continue through 1965 commemorating the Civil War in NYC and in other cities. In addition, it hopes to reveal the part that the American Jews played in the Civil War and to fight to preserve the rights of all the people.

b6
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A second source advised on 1/23/60, that at a meeting of the NY State Communist Party (CP) Committee which was held

- 2 - Bureau (100-434793) (RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1 - New York (100-144170)

NJP:tp
(4)

100-90311-2380

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| APR 29 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

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b7C

NY 100-144170

at Adelphi Hall, New York City, on 1/23/60, [redacted] a member of the New York State CP Committee, was elected a member of the New York State CP Board, at this meeting.

On 4/19/62, a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, by means of a suitable pretext, spoke to [redacted] and was told that subject organization is located at 189 Second Avenue, New York City, the address of the YKUF.

The YKUF has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

SOURCES

[redacted] and [redacted] respectively who have furnished reliable information in the past, were used in the above characterization.

b7D

Careful consideration has been given to the sources concealed and the sources were concealed only where it was absolutely necessary.

The pretexts used on 4/19/61, and 4/19/62, were telephone calls made to [redacted] by SA NICHOLAS J. PURCHIA. On 4/19/61, the pretext was that caller, a college student, was seeking information concerning participation of Jews in the Civil War celebrations. On 4/19/62, caller inquired as to future activities of subject organization.

b6
b7C

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-410077)

MAY 23 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-120724)

JEWISH CULTURAL CLUBS AND SOCIETIES, aka
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
ISA - 1950

(OO:NEW YORK)

The following is an amended thumbnail sketch of captioned organization for Bureau approval:

A source advised on 4/27/54, that the former leaders, including [redacted], [redacted], of the Jewish People's Fraternal Order (JPFO), Jewish nationality section of the International Workers Order (IWO), had established a committee at 1133 Broadway, New York City, New York. Through this committee they were organizing cultural clubs and societies based on JPFO lodges which had been dissolved on 12/15/53, in the course of proceedings by the New York State authorities culminating in the liquidation of the IWO.

A second source advised on 3/15/61, that a meeting of the National Groups Commission of the CP, USA, was held on 3/2/61 in New York City. [redacted] was among those present and spoke of his experiences in maintaining the Jewish lodges after the dissolution of the IWO, which, to avoid prosecution, have no national name or organization. b6 b7C

[redacted] stated that these lodges "lived" as clubs and societies by maintaining their cultural, fraternal and civic activities, but which activities are less political than in the former lodges. New York gave leadership to the rest of the country since the New York lodges were the strongest and had the more politically developed comrades.

- 2 - Bureau (100-410077) (RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311) (THUMENAIL SKETCHES) (41)
- 1 - New York (100-120724)

AEF:mtm
(4)

100-90311-2381

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

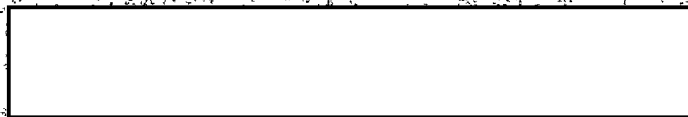
NY 100-120724

He stated these clubs and societies still maintain a medical plan, funeral benefits and mutual aid funds. He also stated there are 132 clubs and societies nationally, 63 of which are located in New York City.

A third source furnished information in May, 1962, reflecting that the ~~clubs~~ and societies are located at 1133 Broadway, Room 1429, New York, New York, under the name of the Jewish Program Service Committee, but are more widely known as the Jewish Cultural Clubs and Societies.

The IWO and the JPFO have been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

The informants used above have furnished reliable information in the past and appear in the following order:



Careful consideration has been given and sources were concealed only where absolutely necessary.

b6
b7C
b7D

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-38759)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-82062)

"JEWISH CURRENTS," formerly
known as "Jewish Life"
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
(OO: NEW YORK)

Submitted herewith is an amended thumbnail sketch on
captioned organization.

"Jewish Life" for October, 1957, announced that
after the October issue, and with the next issue to be
published in January, 1958, the magazine was changing its
name to "Jewish Currents," because of the claim to the
name "Jewish Life" by the magazine "Orthodox Jewish Life."

The May, 1962, issue reported that "Jewish Currents"
is published by Jewish Currents, Inc., Room 601, 22 East 17th
Street, New York City.

Concerning "Jewish Life," the Guide to Subversive
Organizations and Publications, dated December 1, 1961, and
prepared by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United
States House of Representatives, stated:

- "(1) Cited as a Communist-front which first
appeared in November, 1946, as a monthly
published by the Morning Freiheit
Association, publishers of the Yiddish
Communist daily, Morning Freiheit.....
The first issue contained this announce-
ment of policy: Jewish Life dedicates
itself to strengthening the friendship
of the Jewish people with the Soviet Union..."

2 - Bureau (100-38759) (RM)
① - New York (100-90311) (41)
1 - New York (100-82062)

MJP:cp
(4)

100-90311-2382

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| MAY 29 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 100-82062

"Its editor, LOUIS HARAP, has been identified as a Communist in sworn testimony.

"(Committee on Un-American Activities, Report, Trial by Treason: The National Committee to Secure Justice for the Rosenbergs and Morton Sobell, August 25, 1956, p. 93.)"

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-341896)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-79486) (47*)

JEWISH MUSIC ALLIANCE
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C

(OO: New York)

Submitted herewith is an amended thumbnail sketch of captioned organization for Bureau approval:

An undated pamphlet entitled, "The Story of the Jewish Music Alliance", published by the Jewish Music Alliance (JMA) sets forth the following on page 2:

"The Jewish Music Alliance was founded in 1925, in order to coordinate the activities of all the Jewish people's choruses, to organize new choral groups and orchestras, publish music, train and develop conductors, and generally stimulate the promotion and distribution of Jewish folk and labor music in the United States."

A source advised on May 15, 1962, that the JMA is part of a number of organizations comprising the Jewish cultural progressive movement in which the Yiddisher Kultur Farband (YKUF) is the most prominent. All of these organizations are directed and led by Jewish functionaries of the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA).

The JMA National Headquarters is located at Room 711, 1 Union Square, New York City.

The JMA and the YKUF has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

- 2 - Bureau (100-341896) (RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311) (THUMBNAIL SKETCHES) (41)
- 1 - New York (100-79486)

AEF:mtm
(4)

100-90311-2383

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| MAY 29 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 100-79486

_____ was used above and has furnished reliable information in the past.

b7D

5/10/62. _____ furnished the address of the JMA on

Careful consideration has been given and the source was concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-116733)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-101882)(C)

JEWISH WRITERS VEREIN aka
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
(OO: NEW YORK)

The Jewish Writers Verein also known as the Jewish Writers Club of the Yiddisher Kultur Farband (YKUF) is a component part of the YKUF.

A characterization of captioned matter has limited application and if used, it can be characterized effectively through the YKUF and Executive Order 10450. Therefore, captioned matter is being deleted from the thumb-nail sketch program.

2-Bureau (100-116733) (RM)
①-New York (100-90311) (41)
1-New York (100-101882)

NJP: dbr
(4) *Jbr*

100-90311-2384

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

Jbr

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-397390)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-111064)

JOHNSON FOREST GROUP
IS - JFG SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
(OO: DETROIT)

There is submitted herewith a characterization of the group which was formerly known as the New York Local, Correspondence Group, which was the name by which the Johnson Faction of the Johnson Forest Group (JFG) was publicly known.

As indicated in the characterization, the name Correspondence Group is now utilized by the faction which did not follow [redacted], in the recent split in the Correspondence Group.

JOHNSON FOREST GROUP;
Johnsrite Faction in New York,
Formerly New York Local,
Correspondence Group

b6
b7c

On December 20, 1951, [redacted] [redacted] New York, furnished information which reflected that the New York Local, Johnson Forest Group (JFG) began functioning in September, 1951.

On July 20, 1961, a confidential source advised that the New York Local, Correspondence Group, the name by which the Johnson Faction of the JFG has been publicly known, was a branch of the Correspondence Group which has its headquarters in Detroit, Michigan, where its official newspaper, "Correspondence" is published.

This source advised on May 7, 1962, that in February, 1962, the Correspondence Group held a referendum to determine if the policies of [redacted], National Chairman, or [redacted], co-founder of the Group, should be followed.

2-Bureau (100-397390) (RM)
1-Detroit (100-21720) (INFO) (RM)
①-New York (100-90311) (41)
1-New York (100-111064)

100-90311-285

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

gms

TMI:jam
(5)

NY 100-111064

While the majority, including the New York Local, voted against [redacted], the minority retained the name Correspondence Group, and since the majority has not yet taken a name, its members are known as the "Johnsonites", and have not formed an organization, however, are headed by [redacted] of Detroit, Michigan, with whom the members correspond.

b6
b7C

Since the latter part of March, 1952, when two of the three members moved to Puerto Rico, the New York group has been dormant.

The JFC has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

The confidential source mentioned in this characterization is [redacted]

b7D

Careful consideration has been given to the source concealed, and a T symbol was utilized only in that instance where the identity of the source must be concealed.

DIRECTOR, FBI (97-3243)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (109-81)

JULY 26TH MOVEMENT-NEW YORK
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-CUBA
RA-CUBA

The previously approved characterization of the subject organization, which is set forth below, is current and may continue to be utilized:

"The July 26th Movement is a revolutionary organization founded and led by FIDEL CASTRO, the present Prime Minister of Cuba".

No sources are utilized or necessary for the above characterization since the information is general public knowledge.

2-Bureau (97-3243) (RM)
1-NY 100-90311 (41)
1-NY 109-81 (312)

JUL:mfw
(4)

100-90311-2386

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| MAY 29 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-23165)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-1166)

"LAISVE", LITHUANIAN SEMI-WEEKLY;
LITHUANIAN COOPERATIVE PUBLISHING
SOCIETY INCORPORATED
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - R-LITHUANIAN

The following is a current thumbnail sketch of captioned organization:

The masthead of the 3/13/62, issue of "LAISVE" (Liberty) reflects that this newspaper is a Lithuanian semi-weekly, published by Laisve Incorporated, on Tuesdays and Fridays, except in case of holidays, in NYC, and that it was established 4/5/11. It is noted that the masthead on prior issues of "LAISVE" reflected that the newspaper was a Lithuanian daily.

The 1/27/28, issue of the "Daily Worker", an east coast communist newspaper which suspended publication on 1/13/58, contains a statement in which "LAISVE" is referred to as a "Lithuanian Communist Daily".

On 11/27/61, [redacted], NY, advised that "LAISVE" continues to consistently follow an attitude favorable towards Communism and the Soviet Union, and that this newspaper has always been regarded among Lithuanians as a Lithuanian counterpart of the former "Daily Worker". [redacted] also stated that ROJUS MIZARA and ANTHONY BIMBA, Editors of "LAISVE" for many years, are regarded as two of the leading proponents of Communism among Lithuanians in the United States.

- 2 - Bureau (100-23165) (RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1 - New York (100-1166) (412)

DJG:mtm
(4)

100-90311-2387

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| MAY 29 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

#41

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-46680)

MAY 28 1952

SAC, NEW YORK (105-17907)

LIBERTARIAN LEAGUE
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - SPAIN

(OO:NEW YORK)

There is being submitted below a subversive organization characterization of subject organization.

LIBERTARIAN LEAGUE

A source in 1952 advised that the word "Libertarian" is used by "Anarchist" groups to describe themselves.

"Views and Comments" (VC), December, 1961, is self-identified as a Libertarian League (LL) publication, Post Office Box 261 Cooper Station, New York 3, New York. The January - February, 1961 edition of VC identified itself at that time as "An Anarchist Publication".

VC, August, 1957, page 3, carried an article entitled, "Looking Forward". It indicated the LL was founded "3 years ago" by a handful of people in New York City, who felt the time was right for spreading Libertarian ideas in the United States.

VC, April, 1959, page 3, contained an article entitled, "Libertarian Morality". Among other things, it stated:

"The anarchist philosophy is based upon man's inherent instinct towards mutual aid."

2 - Bureau (105-46680) (RM)
1 - New York (100-90311) (41)
1 - New York (105-17907)

RPM:maj
(4)

100-90311-2388

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| MAY 28 1952 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

[Signature]

NY 105-17907

".....Therefore, we advocate a system in which there is no capitalism, no government, and no money. Anarcho-syndicalism is the structure through which such a society can be developed and maintained..."

Concerning the term, "anarcho-syndicalist" Webster's New International Dictionary, 2nd Edition, unabridged, G and C Merriam Company, 1950, contains the following definitions:

"Anarchism - the theory that all government is an evil."

"Syndicalism - the theory plan or practice of trade union action...which aims by the general strike and direct action to establish control by organizations....of workers over the means and processes of production."

VC, December, 1961, on the back cover contained the following statement entitled, "What We Stand For":

"The 'free' world is not free; the 'communist' world is not communist. We reject both; one is becoming totalitarian; the other is already so.

".....The monopoly of power which is the State must be eliminated. Government itself, as well as its underlying institutions, perpetuates war, oppression, corruption, exploitation, and misery.

"We advocate a world-wide society of communities and councils based on cooperation and free agreement from the bottom (federalism) instead of coercion and domination from the top (centralism). Regimentation of people must be replaced by regulation of things.

NY 105-17907

"Freedom without socialism is chaotic,
but socialism without freedom is despotic. Libertarianism
is free socialism".

The LL is located at 12 St. Marks Place,
New York, New York.

Sources:

The sources used above are identified as
follows:

(requested),
who has furnished reliable information in the past.

The source furnishing the address of the LL
is the New York Office Confidential Mail Box in
April, 1962.

b6
b7C
b7D

Careful consideration has been given to the
above sources, and the sources were concealed only
where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-356732)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-91185)

LIBERTY BOOK CLUB
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION
CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C

Submitted herewith is a current characterization of the captioned organization:

A source advised on 12/9/48, that he had been told by a CP Organizer that a group of progressives and Communists, at the suggestion of the New York State Committee of the CP, decided to form a new book club to give wide circulation to the works of Communists and progressive writers and the book club so formed was the Liberty Book Club (LBC).

The May-June, 1959 issue of "The Promethean Review", Volume I, Number 3, reflects it is published by the LBC, an activity of MARZANI and MUNSELL, Publishers.

On 6/2/60, a second source advised that CARL MARZANI was listed as the President of Marzani and Munsell, Publishers, and the LBC, also known as Liberty Prometheus Paper Back Book Club (LPPBC) or Prometheus Book Club (PBC), is one of their publishing activities.

On 5/22/47, after a trial in the United States District Court, Washington, D.C., CARL MARZANI was found guilty on 11 counts of an indictment charging him with having made false statements to representatives of the United States Government concerning the fact he had not been in the CP. The judgment was upheld and on 3/25/49, he was committed to serve the remainder of his one to five years in the Federal Penitentiary.

On 8/22/57, a third source stated that [redacted] was a member and attended meetings of the CP Section covering the Lincoln Square area of NYC in about 1948 and 1949.

- 2 - Bureau (100-356732) (RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1 - New York (100-91185)

DAR:and
(4)

100-90311-2389

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| MAY 31 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

b6
b7c

NY 100-91185

The source stated these meetings were held at the Section Headquarters, West 72nd Street, NYC, and that [redacted] stopped attending the meetings at the time of the first Smith Act trial in NYC. The source said he learned from other CP members that despite the fact [redacted] stopped attending meetings, he was still a CP member who did not want to be known openly as a CP member.

b6
b7C

The current 1961-62 Manhattan Telephone Directory lists the LBC as located at 100 W. 23rd Street, NYC.

SOURCES

The following were used in the above characterization:



b7D

All of the above have furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given and sources concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-346794)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (105-1643)

"LRAPER"
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-R-ARMENIA
REGISTRATION ACT

The following is a current thumbnail sketch for captioned organization.

"Lraper" (The Armenian Herald), 40 E. 12th St., NYC, is a tri-weekly, four page newspaper. Three pages consist of editorials and articles written in the Armenian language. The fourth page bears the title, "The Armenian Herald, English Section of "Lraper" and contains material printed in English.

The 10/3/62 issue of "Lraper" stated that it is owned by the Armenian Progressive League of America (ALPA). The ALPA has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

On 5/10/62, a source advised that "Lraper" was located at 40 E. 12th St., NYC.

SOURCE

The source used is [redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past.

b7D

Careful consideration was given and the source was concealed only where absolutely necessary.

- 2- Bureau (100-346794) (RM)
- ①- New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1- New York (105-1643) (412)

JET: mmh
(4)

100-90311-2390

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DIRECTOR, FBI (100-122084)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-10285)

"L'UNITA"
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - R - ITALY
(OO:NY)

Set forth below, for Bureau approval, is a current characterization for captioned organization:

A source on May 19, 1958, advised that "L'Unita" is the successor to the Italian language newspaper "L'Unita del Popolo". It is a pro-Communist Italian-American progressive monthly, published by a group of Italian-American Communists. The Administrative Committee of "L'Unita", in March, 1958, approved a resolution and submitted it to the National Committee of the Communist Party approving the policies of that committee.

The March-April, 1962, issue of "L'Unita" reflects that Post Office Box 45, Cooper Station, New York 3, New York, is the address of this newspaper.

The California Committee on Un-American Activities, Report, 1948, page 225 describes "L'Unita del Popolo" as among the publications which the committee found "to be Communist initiated and controlled, or so strongly influenced as to be in the Stalin solar system".

2-Bureau (100-122084) (RM)
① New York (100-90311) (41)
1-New York (100-12085) (41)

PJL:mjf
(4)

100-90311-2391

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| MAY 29 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

[Signature]

NY 100-12085

It is noted that "L'Unita del Popolo" ceased publication on July 10, 1954.

Source

[REDACTED]

b7D

The above source has furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given and the source concealed only where necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-437404)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-147513)

MANHATTAN PRESS CLUB
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
(OO:NY)

Set forth below, for Bureau approval, is a current characterization for captioned organization.

A source on January 12, 1962, advised that a meeting was held on January 10, 1962, in Room 10G, Adelphi Hall, 74 Fifth Avenue, New York City, for the purpose of forming a Manhattan Press Club, (MPC).

The above source advised that approximately twenty to twenty-five people attended this meeting, and [redacted] General Manager of "The Worker," was the main speaker. [redacted] stated that the purpose of this meeting was to organize the MPC whose main objective would be to aid "The Worker" by increasing the subscriptions and circulation.

"The Worker" is an East Coast Communist newspaper.

b6
b7c

Another source on January 16, 1962, advised that during the organizing meeting of the MPC held at Adelphi Hall, New York City, on January 10, 1962, BILL ALBERTSON proposed the following individuals as officers:

[redacted]
[redacted]
[redacted]

President
Vice-President
Secretary-Treasurer.

2-Bureau (100-437404) (RM)
1-New York (100-90311) (41)
1-New York (100-147513) (41)

PJL:mjz
(4)

100-90311-2392

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

[Signature]

NY 100-147513

The above source during January, 1962, advised that BILL ALBERTSON is the New York County Communist Party Co-ordinator, [redacted] is the New York County Communist Party Press Director, and [redacted] is the Washington Heights (Manhattan) Communist Party Section Organizer.

The first source advised on April 21, 1961, that [redacted] was a member of the Bedford-Stuyvesant Club, Kings County Communist Party.

A third source advised on May 1, 1962, that [redacted] reserved Room 8H at Adelphi Hall, 74 Fifth Avenue, New York City, for a meeting of the Manhattan Press Club on May 2, 1962.

Sources

[redacted]

The above sources have furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given and the sources were concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-427396)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-128576)

**MARXIST DISCUSSION CLUB,
CITY COLLEGE OF NEW YORK
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION**

IS - C
(OO: New York)

Submitted herewith is an amended thumbnail sketch of captioned organization for Bureau approval:

On 5/18/61, a source advised that the Marxist Discussion Club (MDC) of City College of New York, 139th St. and Convent Ave., New York City, is a student organization which was formed several years ago by the students for the purpose of conducting a balanced program of pro-Marxist and anti-Marxist speakers, and to hold discussions about Marxism.

The source stated that the MDC holds a charter at the College as a recognized campus activity, must conform to the rules of the college, and is entitled to the same privileges of all student organizations.

The source stated that although not all members of the MDC are sympathetic with the Communist Party (CP), the MDC seems to attract many students with such sympathies, and has often chosen as its faculty advisor a member of the faculty who at one time or another has gained some notoriety in connection with CP front organizations.

On 5/10/62, a second source advised that the MDC is comprised of "Stalinists" and the children of CP members together with the youth of the CP periphery. The source stated that the club is reportedly the strongest CP youth force on the campus and is supposed to be the strongest CP oriented youth club existing at any college in New York City at the time. The activities of the club comprise of demonstrations in behalf of civil liberties and the peace movements.

- 2 - Bureau (100-427396) (RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311) (THUMBNAIL SKETCH) (41)
- 1 - New York (100-128576) (41)

AEB:mtm
(4)

100-90311-2393

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[Handwritten signature]

NY 100-128576

The informants used above have furnished reliable information in the past and appear in the following order:

[redacted]
[redacted] (protect by request) and [redacted]

b6
b7C
b7D

Careful consideration has been given and sources concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-106555)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (105-53579)

MEDICAL AID TO CUBA COMMITTEE
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-CUBA

The following is a sketch of captioned organization:

The Medical Aid to Cuba Committee (MACC) is an organization with headquarters at 147 West 33rd Street, New York City, which is self-described in literature of that organization, as a voluntary organization of men and women who, in the spirit of brotherhood and humanity, have assumed the task of informing their fellow Americans about the present emergency in Cuba. Literature of the MACC has also stated that it is the function of this Committee to raise funds to purchase some of the urgently needed medicines which are sent to hospitals and medical facilities in Cuba. The organization was established on February 13, 1962 in New York City, New York. Chairman of the MACC is [redacted]

b6
b7c

A source has advised that [redacted] is a [redacted] who has been a rabid pro-Castroite. [redacted] has been affiliated with the Fair Play For Cuba Committee (FPCC) and has sung at and addressed groups of the July 26th Movement.

Source: [redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past.

b7D

"Careful consideration has been given and source concealed only where necessary".

2-Bureau (105-106555) (RM)
①-New York (100-90311) (41)
1-New York (105-53579) (312)

100-90311-2394

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DJF:mfw
(4)

DIRECTOR, FBI (65-15377)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-129553)

METROPOLITAN RECREATION
ASSOCIATION, FORMERLY
KNOWN AS NATURE FRIENDS
OF AMERICA, INC.
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION
CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
ISA - 1950
(OO: NEW YORK)

Reference is made to NY letter to Director,
5/26/61.

The following is an amended characterization
of captioned organization:

Nature Friends of America, Inc. (NFA) has
been designated by the Attorney General of the United
States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

The records of the New York County Clerk's
Office, Supreme Court Building, New York City, reflect
that a certificate of dissolution for NFA was filed with
the Secretary of State, State of New York, on 2/23/54.

A source advised on 3/12/54, that at a
meeting of the former New York Local of NFA, held
on 2/25/54, in New York City, a successor organization
known as the Metropolitan Recreation Association (MRA)
was set up and all assets and real property formerly
belonging to the New York Local of NFA were transferred
to the MRA.

On 11/4/57, a second source made avail-
able a copy of the constitution of the MRA, which was
adopted in 1957, and which, under Article II, set
forth the aims of the organization as follows:

- 2- Bureau (65-15377) (RM)
- 1- Newark (100-45174) (Info) (RM)
- 1- New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1- New York (100-129553)

HEN:lts

(5)

100-90311-2395

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 100-129553

"The purpose of the association is to bring together people without regard to race, color, national origin, religion, or beliefs, having a common interest in outdoor sports, recreational and cultural activities, and the fullest use of leisure time for the furtherance of the welfare and well-being of the members; to encourage the study of nature and of the natural sciences, and of the modes of living and customs and cultures of the people of the United States, past and present. . . ."

On 3/26/54, a third source made available a copy of the March, 1954, issue of the "Camp Midvale News," official organ of Camp Midvale, Midvale, New Jersey, which, on page 1, states that the recently formed MRA is the organization which owns and operates Camp Midvale.

The MRA, as of ^{5/15/63}5/2/62, continues to utilize General Post Office Box 634, New York City, as its mailing address.

Sources

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.



(by request)

b6
b7C
b7D

All of the above sources have furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given and sources were concealed only where necessary.

NY 100-129553

One copy of this communication is being directed to the Newark Division for information purposes since Camp Midvale is located in the territory covered by the Newark Division.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-436190)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-146353)

MONROE DEFENSE COMMITTEE
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-MISCELLANEOUS

On 9/26/61, a source made available a mimeographed letter on the stationery of the Monroe Defense Committee (MDC), 53 West 125th Street, NYC, which stated that the committee had been founded on a broad non-partisan basis to aid four individuals jailed in Monroe, North Carolina, on "trumped up kidnapping charges". This letter further stated that help was needed by members of the Afro-American community in Monroe, North Carolina, many of whom had lost their jobs or were cut off welfare rolls because of their ties with [redacted]. According to this source, this letter, signed by [redacted] as Executive Secretary, further stated that the committee would be organized on a strictly non-sectarian basis and was backed by Afro-American organizations as well as inter-racial groups.

b6
b7c

On 4/27/62, a second source advised that the MDC, formerly located at 53 West 125th Street, NYC, was then located at 110 West 116th Street, NYC.

On 10/5/61, a public meeting of the MDC was held at the Hotel Diplomat, NYC, and a circular entitled "The Monroe Kidnapping" on the stationery of the MDC was distributed.

This circular stated that the purpose of indictments, brought by the Union County Grand Jury against [redacted] and a group of freedom riders on charges of kidnapping a middle-aged white couple in Monroe, North Carolina on 8/27/61, was for the "forces of white supremacy" to rid themselves of all opposition from Afro-Americans and discredit [redacted].

A federal warrant was issued on 8/28/61, at Charlotte, North Carolina, charging [redacted] with Unlawful Flight to Avoid Prosecution for the crime of kidnapping.

2 - Bureau (100-436190) (RM)
1 - NY (100-90311) (41)
1 - NY (100-146353)

JDB:mcg
(4)

100-90311-2396

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| MAY 29 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 100-146353

On 10/13/61, a third source advised that the officers of the MDC were [redacted] and [redacted]

On 5/27/56, a fourth source advised that [redacted] was then a CP member working in the Negro mass organization field.

On 10/3/61, a fifth source advised that during September, 1961, [redacted] said he was employed full-time as director of the On Guard Committee for Freedom (OGCF) and that he had left the CP in the past because of the revisionism in the CP. [redacted] stated on this occasion that the MDC was set up and operated by the OGCF.

On 4/20/61, a sixth source advised that [redacted] was a member of and active in the Workers World Party (WWP), in NYC.

Sources

The sources used in the above characterization have all furnished reliable information in the past, with the exception of the third source who is in a position to furnish reliable information.

The sources utilized in the above characterization in the order utilized are:

[redacted]

Careful consideration has been given to the sources concealed and they were concealed only where absolutely necessary.

NY 100-146353

Characterizations of the OGCF and WWP are to be used in conjunction with the above characterization.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-361313)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-95003) (c)

MONTHLY REVIEW
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C
OO: NEW YORK

The character of captioned organization was current and correct when approved by the Bureau 6/23/61.

As this characterization has only very limited application to security type investigations, this characterization is being deleted from Thumbnail Sketch Program.

2 - Bureau (100-361313) (RM)
1 - New York (100-90311) (41)
1 - New York (100-95003)

TMM:sav
(4) *real*

100-90311-2399

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| MAY 29 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-84072)

SAC, NEW YORK (105-33822)

MOVIMIENTO LIBERTADOR DE PUERTO RICO (MLPR), aka
Movimiento Libertador Puertorriqueno (MLP)
and Movimiento Libertador (ML)
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-PR
(OO: NY)

There is set out below for the Bureau's consideration and approval, a revised thumbnail sketch for the above captioned organization:

MOVIMIENTO LIBERTADOR DE PUERTO RICO (MLPR), aka
Movimiento Libertador Puertorriqueno (MLP)
and Movimiento Libertador (ML)

A source on 4/23/62 furnished the following information relating to the MLPR:

The MLPR was organized during the early part of 1959. The MLPR, for the most part, has confined its activities in NYC.

The MLPR maintains no regular headquarters or office. MLPR business is conducted from the residence of one of the MLPR officers.

The MLPR has one goal, that is, to achieve for the island of Puerto Rico the status of a nation; completely free, independent and sovereign. The MLPR does not publicly advocate the use of force and violence to achieve independence for Puerto Rico because it is felt that force and violence cannot bring independence to Puerto Rico and that such action would cause considerable harm to the Puerto Rican independence movement. However, should the time come when force and violence could successfully achieve the status of a free and independent nation for Puerto Rico, the MLPR would not hesitate to advocate and to use force and violence to achieve that status for Puerto Rico.

The MLPR on various occasions, has cooperated closely with other Puerto Rican independence groups including the Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico (NPPR).

- 2 - Bureau (105-84072) (RM)
- 2 - New York (100-90311) (THUMBNAIL SKETCH FILE)
- 1 - New York (105-33822)

AS:mca

(4)

mca

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| FILED..... | FILED..... |
| APR 23 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

100-90311-2398

NY 105-33822

The NPPR has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

SOURCES

[redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past, is the source who furnished the information utilized in the Thumbnail Sketch.

b7D

Careful consideration has been given to each source concealed and T symbols were utilized only in those instances where the identities of the sources must be concealed.

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-75715)

MAY 22 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (105-39139)

MOVIMIENTO PRO INDEPENDENCIA
DE PUERTO RICO (PUERTO RICAN
INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENT) (MPIPR)
(NEW YORK AND BROOKLYN MISSIONS)
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - N

The following thumbnail sketch is being submitted for the Bureau's approval.

MOVIMIENTO PRO INDEPENDENCIA DE
PUERTO RICO (NEW YORK AND BROOKLYN MISSIONS)
(MPIPR)

A confidential source advised on August 15, 1961, that the New York Mission of the MPIPR was organized on August 6, 1961, in New York City.

A second confidential source advised on October 24, 1961, that the New York Mission of the MPIPR supports and promotes the aims and principles of the MPIPR as set forth by the headquarters of the MPIPR in Puerto Rico. The announced purpose of the MPIPR in Puerto Rico is to work for the complete independence of Puerto Rico through propaganda and other peaceful means.

JUAN MARI BRAS, Secretary General of the MPIPR, advised Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation on June 20, 1960, that the MPIPR does not advocate violence to gain independence because it would be ineffective against the force of the United States Government. MARI BRAS believes that the Puerto Rican people have a right to use violence to gain their freedom if there was a possibility of success.

- 2 - Bureau (105-75715) (RM)
② - New York (100-90311) (41)
1 - New York (105-39139) (413)

JJT:jt
(4)

100-70311-2399

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| SERIALIZED | FILED |
| NEW YORK | |

NY 105-39139

The second source advised on November 20, 1961, that at a meeting of the New York Mission of the MPIP held on November 11, 1961, it was decided to establish a second branch of the MPIP in New York City. This branch was established in Brooklyn, New York, on November 12, 1961, to be known as "Mision Mando el Lenero".

On December 14, 1961, the second source advised that the New York Mission of the MPIP had adopted the name "Mision Central Vito Marcantonio".

The second source advised on March 13, 1962, that the headquarters for the MPIP in New York City is located at 152 West 91st Street.

The first confidential source mentioned above was [redacted], while the second confidential source was [redacted], both of whom have furnished reliable information in the past.

b7D

Careful consideration has been given and sources concealed only where absolutely necessary.

MAY 29 1962

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-101102)

SAC, NEW YORK (105-50118) (413)

MOVIMIENTO 24 DE JULIO DE 1898
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-PR

On November 1, 1961, a source furnished the following information:

The Movimiento 24 de Julio de 1898 (July 24, 1898, Movement) originally organized June, 1961, Bronx, New York, was called the Movimiento Nucleo Revolucionario (MNR). Membership was composed of dissident members of several Puerto Rican pro-independence organizations in the New York City area.

In July, 1961, the MNR changed its name to the Movimiento Obrero Revolucionario (MOR) and dedicated itself to achieving independence for Puerto Rico by other than peaceful means. The group would at the proper time send members to Puerto Rico to conduct violence aimed at achieving for Puerto Rico the status of a free and sovereign nation.

During July, 1961, a leader of a July 26 Movement (M-7-26) branch in the Bronx, New York, became the principal advisor of the MOR and through him a second hand M-1 Garand rifle was purchased. MOR members were given instructions in the handling of the rifle and were instructed to prepare for eventual revolution in Puerto Rico.

- 2-Bureau (105-101102) (RM)
- ①-NY 100-90311 (41)
- 1-New York (105-50118) (413)

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(4)

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| MAY 29 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 105-50118

During September, 1961, the MOR took into membership an individual who conducted classes in socialism and Marxist principles.

In October, 1961, the MOR changed its name to Movimiento 24 de Julio de 1898, signifying the last twenty-four hours that Puerto Rico was "autonomous", before the landing of United States troops at Guanica, Puerto Rico on July 25, 1898.

The Movimiento 24 de Julio de 1898 had no headquarters and meetings were held in the residences of various members. As of November, 1961, the group had approximately 17 members and operated solely in New York City.

On 4/11/62, a second source furnished information which indicated that at an extraordinary assembly on 3/31/62, members of the Movimiento 24 de Julio de 1898 unanimously agreed to disband and to join another Puerto Rican pro-independence organization in NYC.

On 4/16/62, the first source corroborated the dissolution of the Movimiento 24 de Julio de 1898.

The July 26 Movement is a revolutionary organization founded and led by FIDEL CASTRO, now Prime Minister of Cuba.

Sources

First Source --

Second Source --

b6
b7C
b7D

Careful consideration has been given and sources concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (25-330971)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (105-7809)

NATION OF ISLAM
MOSQUE #7, NEW YORK CITY
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
INTERNAL SECURITY-NOI

On 4/19/62, a source advised that the Nation of Islam (NOI) affiliate in NYC is known as Mosque #7, also known as Temple #7, and is located at 102 W. 116th St., NYC. Mosque #7 is a part of the NOI headed by ELIJAH MUHAMMAD with headquarters in Chicago, Ill. Mosque #7 follows the policies and programs as set forth by ELIJAH MUHAMMAD.

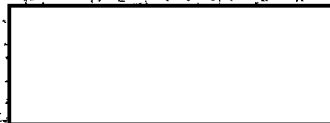
The date Mosque #7 originated in NYC is not known.

However, in connection with the origin of Mosque #7, it should be noted that in 1953, a second source advised that there was a Temple of the NOI (known to source then as the Muslim Cult of Islam) in NYC, located at 135th St. and Seventh Ave., NYC, as far back as 1947.

Sources:

First Source

Second Source



b7D

These sources have furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given and sources were concealed only where absolutely necessary.

2-Bureau (25-330971) (RM)
1-NY 100-90311 (41)
1-NY 105-7809 (412)

TLE:ame
(4)

100-90311-2401

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

DIRECTOR, FBI (62-83296)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (105-6112)C

NATIONAL RENAISSANCE PARTY
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - X

On 5/9/62, a source stated that the National Renaissance Party (NRP) is an anti-Semitic, anti-Christian, anti-Negro and neo-Facist organization, with activities generally confined to the NYC area. It was founded in 1949 by JAMES H. MADOLE, who is in complete control of the Party. The Party's main function is distribution of the "National Renaissance Bulletin" on a bi-monthly basis and distribution of pro-Arab literature obtained from official Arab establishments in NYC.

The source further stated that the headquarters for the NRP is located in the residence of JAMES H. MADOLE at 10 West 90th Street, New York City.

The Un-American Activities Committee of the US House of Representatives in a Preliminary Report, dated 12/17/54, stated "National Renaissance Party activities and propaganda are clearly subversive and un-American".

Source

The source mentioned above is [redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past, and who obtained his information from a source he termed reliable, but whose identity he did not wish to disclose.

b7D

Careful consideration has been given to the concealment of the source and he was concealed only because absolutely necessary.

2-Bureau (62-83296)
①-New York (100-90311) (41)
1-New York (105-6112)

JLB:dbn
(4)

100-90311-2402

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

DIRECTOR, FBI (62-7721)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-7689) (413)

NATIONALIST PARTY OF PUERTO RICO-NY JUNTA
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-N

On 5/11/61, a source furnished the following information:

The NY Municipal Board (or NY Junta) of the Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico (NPPR) was formed in 1943. Since its inception, the NY Junta was supposed to operate under the full control and direction of the NPPR National Board located in San Juan, Puerto Rico; however, on occasions, this did not work out in practice.

On 5/3/62, a second source furnished the following information:

The NY Junta elects its own officers and is generally autonomous in NPPR affairs in NYC. However, during a factional fight which occurred within the NY Junta during March and April, 1962, the National Board exercised the control and authority vested in it by the NPPR constitution and determined which faction would govern the NY Junta. As a result of this, a number of NY Nationalists left the NPPR and joined another Puerto Rican pro-independence organization. Some decided to remain "Nationalists at heart" and not join any other group, yet not cooperate with the remaining leadership of the NY Junta.

2-Bureau (62-7721) (RM)
① NY 100-90311 (41)
1-New York (100-7689)

ADL:kap
(4)

100-90311-2403

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 100-7689

The NY Junta, which has no headquarters, is led by [redacted], who, from 1954 to 1959, was incarcerated for Seditious Conspiracy at Leavenworth Penitentiary because of his activity in behalf of the NPPR. The NY Junta has the same aims and purposes as the NPPR parent organization.

b6
b7C

The NPPR has been designated by the Attorney General of the US pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

Sources

First Source -- [redacted]
Second Source -- [redacted]

b6
b7C
b7D

Careful consideration has been given and sources concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-436669)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-147006)

NEW ERA BOOK AND SUBSCRIPTION
AGENCY, INCORPORATED, aka.,
New Era Book Agency; New Era
Book and Sub Agency; New Era
Book Company, New Era Book, Inc.,
New Era Publications
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C
(OO: NY)

ReNYlet 3/23/62.

There is submitted herewith a revised characterization
of captioned organization for Bureau approval.

Records of the NY County Clerk's Office reflect that
New Era Book and Subscription Agency, Incorporated, hereinafter
referred to as New Era, was incorporated on October 11, 1961.
The office of the corporation is listed care of JOSEPH FELSHIN,
832 Broadway, NY, NY.

A confidential source advised on December 14, 1959,
that [redacted] on December 13, 1959, attended the 17th
National Convention of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), held
in New York City from December 10 through December 13, 1959.

On January 23, 1962, a second confidential source made
available letters signed by [redacted] as president of
both New Era and New Century Publishers, Inc. The letters
show the address of both corporations as 832 Broadway, NY, NY,
telephone number ALgonquin 4-0233.

In one of the letters, dated November 1, 1961,
[redacted] advised all customers of New Century that New Era will
handle distribution of all New Century publications and New
Century will engage in publishing only.

2 - Bureau (100-436669) (RM)
1 - NY 100-90311 (THUMBNAIL SKETCH) (41)
1 - NY 100-147006 (415)

JAC:KDD
(4)

100-90311-2404

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 100-147003

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C. contains the following concerning New Century Publishers:

"New Century Publishers

- "1. "Workers Library Publishers, Inc., is established as a (Communist) Party publishing organization which also operated out of Party headquarters and was succeeded through reorganization by New Century Publishers."
(Subversive Activities Control Board, District No. 108-53, Report and Order with respect to the Veterans of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade, December 21, 1955, p. 3)
- "2. "An official Communist Party publishing house, which has published the works of WILLIAM Z. FOSTER and EUGENE DEBAS, Communist Party chairman and executive secretary, respectively, as well as the theoretical magazine of the party known as Political Affairs and the Constitution of the Communist Party, U.S.A."
(Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 1920 on the Communist Party of the United States as an advocate of Overthrow of Government by Force and Violence, May 11, 1948, pp. 7 and 35.)"

A third confidential source advised on October 18, 1961, that, according to BETTY GARRETT, Educational and Organizational Secretary of the New York District, CPUSA, the leadership of the CPUSA is of the belief that Party directives and similar material, because of the McCarran Act, may not be mailed under the name of the CPUSA, but must be mailed by an agency such as New Era.

NY 100-147006

"The Worker", an east coast Communist newspaper, issue of May 13, 1962, contains an advertisement of New Era reflecting its current address as 832 Broadway, New York, New York.

Sources

CG 5824-S*



b7D

All of the above sources have furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given to all sources concealed and they were concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-434663)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-142201)

NEW YORK COUNCIL TO ABOLISH THE HOUSE
UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE, aka
NEW YORK COUNCIL TO ABOLISH THE UN-
AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
INTERNAL SECURITY - C
(OO: NEW YORK)

There is set forth below a revised subversive organization characterization of captioned organization which is being submitted for Bureau approval.

On March 9, 1961, a source advised that the New York Council To Abolish the Un-American Activities Committee (NYCAUAC), 150 West 34th Street, New York City, New York, was formed at a meeting held in New York City on November 17, 1960. This organization was founded principally through the efforts of FRANK WILKINSON, Field Representative of the National Committee To Abolish the Un-American Activities Committee (NCAUAC).

A second source advised on September 17, 1952, that FRANK WILKINSON was a Communist Party member as of September, 1952.

A third source furnished on September 14, 1961 a copy of resolutions of the New York Council to Abolish the House Un-American Activities Committee (NYCAHUAC) which were adopted by the NYCAHUAC. One such resolution affirmed the intention to continue to work for the abolition of the HCUA and to continue its efforts to broaden the participation in this fight. Another resolution accepted as a modus vivendi the suggestion for the Field Representative of the "National Committee to Abolish the HCUA" (NCAHUAC) namely that local abolition committees may identify and co-ordinate their efforts as closely as they desire with NCAHUAC, still maintaining their autonomy for as flexible and independent a program as possible.

- 2 - Bureau (100-434663) (RM)
① - New York (100-90311) (#41)
1 - New York (100-142201)

JEG:mcn
(4)

100-90311-2405

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

[Signature]

Letter to Director
New York 100-142201

Various sources have advised during March 1962, that Communist Party (CP) members in the New York City area have been solicited to support activities of the NYCAHUAC during attendance at CP club meetings.

SOURCES



b6
b7C
b7D

All of the above sources have furnished reliable information the past.

Careful consideration has been given to all sources concealed and they were concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-433932)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-142782)

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL FOR MARXIST STUDIES,
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
ISA - 1950
(OO: NEW YORK)

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL FOR MARXIST STUDIES,
FORMERLY KNOWN AS THE PEOPLE'S SCHOOL
FOR MARXIST STUDIES

In September, 1960, a source advised that BETTY GANNETT announced at a meeting of the Communist Party, United States of America, (CP, USA) New York District (NYD), Staff, held September 16, 1960, that the People's School for Marxist Studies (PSMS) was founded in September, 1960, as the result of a decision of the CP, USA, NYD.

"The Worker", an east coast communist newspaper, in its issue of December 11, 1960, identified BETTY GANNETT as a full-time member of the New York State CP Staff in the capacity of Organizational and Educational Director.

"The Worker" of September 18, 1960, included an announcement regarding the PSMS, Room 1922, 853 Broadway, New York, New York, reflecting that the Fall Term would extend from October 17, 1960, through November 23, 1960, and that the SCOPE (Youth) Classes would extend from October 7, 1960, through November 11, 1960.

2- Bureau (100-433932) (RM)
① New York (100-90311) (41)
1- New York (100-142782)

AMR:lts
(4)

100-90311-2406

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| MAY 29 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 100-142782

"The Worker" of October 16, 1960, announced the opening of the New York School for Marxist Studies (NYSMS) with general classes beginning October 17, 1960, and SCOPE (Youth) Classes beginning October 14, 1960. The address of the School is Room 1922, 853 Broadway at 14th Street, New York, New York.

The Spring Term, 1962, Bulletin of the NYSMS reflects Dr. HERBERT APTHEKER as the Director of the School.

Another source advised on December 14, 1959, that at the 17th National Convention of the CP, USA held December 10 - 13, 1959, HERBERT APTHEKER was elected a member of the National Committee of the CP, USA.

The April 1962, issue of "Political Affairs", self-described as the theoretical organ of the CP, USA, reflects that HERBERT APTHEKER is the Editor.

A characterization of SCOPE is included in the appendix.

The sources mentioned in the above characterization are as follows:

[REDACTED]

CG 58240S*

b7D

All sources mentioned in this characterization have furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given to each source concealed and their identities were concealed only where absolutely necessary.

Note: Characterization of SCOPE must be used in conjunction with this thumbnail sketch.

MAY 29 1962

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-437651)

SAC, NEW YORK (100-148098)

1962 LABOR AND PEOPLES COMMITTEE
FOR MAY DAY aka
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION
CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C

(OO: New York)

Submitted herewith is an original thumbnail sketch of captioned organization for Bureau approval:

Records of the Department of Parks, NYC, reflect that a permit was issued to hold a celebration at Union Square Park Plaza, 17th Street between Fourth Avenue and Broadway, NYC, NY, on 5/1/62 from 4:00 to 8:00 p.m. The application for the permit, dated 1/4/62, was made in the name of 1962 Labor and Peoples Committee for May Day, and listed [redacted] as Chairman pro tem.

b6
b7C

A source advised in February, 1961 that [redacted] was the Press Director of the New York County Communist Party (CP).

"The Worker" in its issue of 4/8/62, page 12, carried an appeal for help in the preparation of a rally on 5/1/62 in the name of the 1962 Union Square May Day Committee for Defense of the Bill of Rights, 130 East 16th Street, Room 201, NYC, telephone AL 4-3550.

"The Worker" is an East Coast Communist newspaper.

Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation observed the proceedings of the rally on 5/1/62. The speakers, including GUS HALL, called for peace and the freedom of the press; an end to nuclear testing; an end to the arms race; an end to segregation; and an end to the use of the Taft-Hartley and McCarran Acts. They also urged that the House Committee on Un-American Activities be abolished.

100-90311-2409

- 2 - Bureau (100-437651) RM
- ① - New York (100-90311) (THUMBNAIL SKETCHES)
- 1 - New York (100-148098)

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| MAY 29 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

AEF:amb
(4)

NY 100-148098

"The Worker" in its issue of 10/23/60, page 3, listed GUS HALL as General Secretary of the CP.

The Information Operator of the NY Telephone Company on 5/14/62, advised that telephone number AL 4-3550 was disconnected and had been temporarily listed to the 1962 Union Square May Day Committee for the Defense of the Bill of Rights.

[redacted], who has furnished reliable information in the past, was the source used above.

b7D

The Special Agents who observed the rally on 5/1/62 were NICHOLAS J. PURCHIA, [redacted] and ALBERT E. FALLER.

b6
b7C

SA ALBERT E. FALLER made the anonymous telephone call on 5/14/62.

Careful consideration has been given and the source was concealed only where necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-75006)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (105-33561)

PANHELLENIC MARINE FEDERATION (PMO)
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS R-GREECE

The following is an amended thumbnail sketch
of captioned organization.

On 1/9/62, Lieutenant Commander, [redacted]
[redacted] Assistant Port Captain, Mercantile
Division of the Greek Consulate, 39 Broadway, NYC,
advised that the Panhellenic Marine Federation is
a Greek seamen's union, legally recognized and
authorized by the government of Greece. He stated
that it represents all categories of Greek merchant
seamen with the exception of engineers. Its
functions are to look after the interests of its
members, fight Communism and represent its members
in issues involving disputes which occur while
in the performance of their duties.

b6
b7c

- 2 - Bureau (105-75006) (RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1 - New York (105-33561) (311)

CJP:vmc
(4) *vmc*

100-90311-2408

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| MAY 29 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

MAY 29 1962

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-358069)

SAC, NEW YORK (100-91102)

THE PHYSICIANS FORUM, INC.
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C

(OO: New York)

The following is an amended thumbnail sketch of captioned organization for Bureau approval:

Records in the office of the Clerk of the New York State Supreme Court, Foley Square, New York, reflect that The Physicians' Forum, Inc. (PF) was issued a Certificate of Incorporation on April 27, 1944, under the laws of the State of New York, to operate as a non-profit, membership organization principally in the United States. The PF, under the name of the New York Physicians' Forum, had been in existence as an unincorporated association since about 1939.

A source, on September 13, 1954, furnished a folder of PF entitled, "What is the Physicians' Forum?" which stated in part that to maintain freedom of thought and expression in medicine, the Forum opposes the imposition of "loyalty oaths" as a prerequisite for licensure, for hospital appointments or privileges, in medical schools, on hospital staffs and against patients; to re-establish the freedom of the medical press, the Forum urges medical society publications to open their volumes to diverse views on controversial subjects; and to provide a forum wherein socially liberal doctors may express their views in opposition to the policies of organized medicine.

- 2 Bureau (100-358069) (RM)
- 1 New York (100-90311) (THUMBNAIL SKETCHES) (41)
- 1 - New York (100-91102)

AEE:mtm
(4) *mtm*

100-90311-2409

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

mtm

NY 100-91102

The report of the Sub-Committee to Investigate the Administration of the Internal Security Act and other Security Laws of the Committee of the Judiciary, United States Senate, 82nd Congress, 1952 on "Subversive Influence in the Educational Process" on page 37 sets out the testimony of BELLA DODD, member of the National Committee of the Communist Party from 1944 to 1948. DODD testified that the PF was established primarily by the Communist Party (CP) and although not all members of the PF were Communists, the "initiative" for organizing the PF came from the CP, came from the ninth floor (35 E. 12th Street, New York City), where the National Committee of the CP existed."

On 5/11/62, the above source advised that the PF is opposed to the resumption of nuclear testing and is against compulsory membership for physicians in the American Medical Association (AMA). It continues to be active in a program of supporting legislation which would provide medical care for the recipients of Social Security benefits, and for Social Security benefits for physicians.

The Physicians Forum, is located at 510 Madison Avenue, New York, New York.

[redacted] (protect
by request) was used above and has furnished reliable information
in the past. b6
b7C
b7D

[redacted] furnished the address of the organization.

Careful consideration has been given and the source was concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-80145)

MAY 23 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (105-36926) (P)

PRENSA LATINA
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-CUBA

Bureau is requested to authorize use of the following revised characterization of the captioned organization:

"Prensa Latina (PL) is a Cuban news agency with headquarters in Havana, Cuba, and branches throughout the world. Prensa Latina, which was organized in Cuba on June 16, 1959, follows in its releases an editorial policy which is anti-United States and pro-Soviet Union.

"On April 16, 1962, Prensa Latina filed a statement with the United States Department of Justice conceding that the agency receives the sum of \$125,000 (Cuban) monthly from Radio Difusora Nacional, an agency of or under the supervision of a ministry of the Government of the Republic of Cuba.

"On April 18, 1962, Prensa Latina entered a plea of nolo contendere in Federal District Court, Washington, D. C., to a charge of failure to comply with the provisions of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended, and was fined \$2,000."

Information copies of this communication have been designated for offices having a continuing interest in Prensa Latina.

- 2-Bureau (105-80145) (RM)
- 1-Miami (105-2104) (Info) (RM)
- 1-San Juan (105-4489) (Info) (RM)
- 1-WFO (105-31593) (Info) (RM)
- 1-New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1-New York (105-36926)

JMK:mfw
(7)

105-90311-2410
B B


DIRECTOR, FBI (100-434236)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-143130)

PROGRESSIVE YOUTH ORGANIZING COMMITTEE
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C
ISA-'50

PROGRESSIVE YOUTH ORGANIZING COMMITTEE (PYOC)

On February 9, 1961, a source advised that the Progressive Youth Organizing Committee (PYOC) was established at a national socialist-oriented youth conference held in Chicago, Illinois, December 30, 1960, through January 1, 1961. This conference was the result of a mandate issued by the National Executive Committee, Communist Party, USA, calling for a youth conference to establish an organizing committee whose objective would be to set up a national socialist-oriented youth organization. The conference scheduled a convention to be held within a year to found a new national socialist-oriented youth organization.

On June 19, 1961, another source advised that it was decided at the meetings of the National Council of the PYOC held Detroit, Michigan, June 17 and 18, 1961, that the founding conference for the national youth organization to be established by the PYOC would be held sometime during the fall of 1962.

The PYOC has its office at 80 East 11th Street, New York, New York.

- 2 - Bureau (100-434236)
- ① - New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1 - New York (100-143130)

JRH:mgr
(4)

100-90311-2411

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

[Handwritten signature]

[Handwritten initials]

NY 100-143130

Sources

First source
Second source

CG 5824-S*



b7D

Both sources have furnished reliable information in the past.

The location of the PYOC office at 80 East 11th Street, New York, New York, was verified by SA JOHN R. HAWKIN on April 20, 1962.

Careful consideration has been given and sources concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (97-401)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (97-169)

PUBLISHERS NEW PRESS, INC.
IS-C; ISA-50
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C; ISA-50

It was announced in "The Worker" issue of 10/7/51, Section 1, page 3, that Publishers New Press, Inc., was assuming from Freedom of the Press, Inc., the publication of the "Daily Worker" and its Sunday edition, "The Worker".

The masthead of "The Worker" issue of April 22, 1962, reflects that the paper is published twice each week by Publishers New Press, Inc., 23 West 26th St., NY, NY.

On 2/5/62, a source advised that Publishers New Press, Inc., is incorporated and exists for the sole purpose of publishing "The Worker".

"The Daily Worker" was an East Coast Communist newspaper which ceased publication on January 13, 1956.

"The Worker" is an East Coast Communist newspaper.

SOURCE:

[redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past.

b7D

Careful consideration was given and this source was concealed only because absolutely necessary.

- 2 - Bureau (97-401) (RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311) (#41)
- 1 - New York (97-169) (#415)

RCO:dtz
(4)

100-90311-2412

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

MAY 22 1962

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-410587)

SAC, NEW YORK (100-119405)

RELIGIOUS FREEDOM COMMITTEE
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C
(OO:NY)

Re: NYlet, 5/26/61.

The following is an extended characterization of the captioned organization:

On March 21, 1955, a source furnished a copy of a letter from the Methodist Federation for Social Action (M.F.S.A.) dated March 7, 1955, addressed to all members of the M.F.S.A. This letter states in part, "Out of the M.F.S.A. Defense Fund was organized the Religious Freedom Committee to defend the injunctions of the first amendment, to alert churchmen of all faiths to the danger of the attacks and to defend religious persons who might become involved with the government investigating bodies on matters challenging their religious freedom."

Material circulated by the Religious Freedom Committee during the last seven years indicates that its principal activity has been agitation for the abolishment of the House Committee on Un-American Activities.

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications" published by the House Committee on Un-American Activities, US House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., (revised December 1, 1961) stated the following on page 107 concerning the M.F.S.A:

- "1. 'With an eye to religious groups, the Communists have formed religious fronts such as the Methodist Federation for Social Action * * * *'. (Internal Security Subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee, Handbook for Americans, S. Doc. 117, April 23, 1956, p. 91)."

2-Bureau (100-410587) (RM)
 1-NY 100-90311 (41)
 1-NY 100-119405 (41)

HAH:ues
 (4)

100-90311-2413

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| MAY 29 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

[Signature]

NY 100-119405

According to the 1962 Manhattan Telephone Directory, the Religious Freedom Committee is located at 118 E. 28th St., NY, NY.

Source

The source used in the above characterization is NYO Confidential Mailbox. This source has furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given and the source was concealed as it was absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (64-44297)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (105-36677)

REVOLUTION
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
RA - CUBA

The characterization of captioned organization as approved by the Bureau is current and correct.

In view of the fact that this characterization has only limited application to security-type investigations, it is being deleted from the thumbnail sketch program.

2 - Bureau (64-44297) (RM)
1 - New York (100-90311)
1 - New York (105-36677)

HAN:EG
(4)

eg

100-90311-2414

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| SERIALIZED <i>14</i> | FILED <i>9</i> |
| MAY 23 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

[Signature]

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-422153)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-128051)

SEAMEN'S DEFENSE COMMITTEE
AGAINST COAST GUARD SCREENING
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C
ISA OF 1950

ReNYlet, 5/26/61, submitting a revised thumbnail sketch on captioned organization. There is set out below a current sketch of this organization.

On 1/20/56, a source advised he learned from [redacted] of the Communist Party Waterfront Section in Baltimore, Maryland, that the Seamen's Defense Committee had been organized in New York by the Communist Party Waterfront Section. The address of this club was 421 Seventh Ave., NY, NY.

The January, 1956 issue of "Rights," the official publication of the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee, stated that the seamen of the East Coast have formed a committee, the purpose of which is to get protection of the rights of seamen, which rights have been won in a Federal Court in California. This article identified the name of the organization as the East Coast Seamen's Defense Committee. A fact sheet issued by the Seamen's Defense Committee stated that the aims of the organization are to carry on a legal suit against the Coast Guard screening program and to obtain public sympathy and support for the seamen's cause.

A bulletin dated June, 1956, reflected the name of the organization to be the Seamen's Defense Committee Against Coast Guard Screening.

On 2/27/62, a source advised that the headquarters of the organization is located at Polonia Hall, 201 Second Ave., NYC.

2-Bureau (100-422153) (RM)
1-New York (100-90311) (41)
1-New York (100-128051) (41)

EKD:eac

(4) *loc*

100-90311-2415

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| SERIALIZED..... | FILED..... |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 100-128051

SOURCES



b7D

All have furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration was given to sources concealed and they were concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-398637)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-104143)

SERVICE BUREAU OF JEWISH EDUCATION, aka
Service Bureau For Jewish Education,
Jewish Education Service,
Committee For Progressive Jewish Education
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C; ISA-50
(OO:NY)

ReNYlet, 5/26/61.

The following is an amended characterization of the
captioned organization:

On March 12, 1953, a source made available a pamphlet
captioned, "Questions and Answers About The Progressive Jewish
Children's Schools," which states that for more than twenty
years the children's schools of the Jewish People's Fraternal
Order (JFFO) constituted the progressive wing of secular Jewish
education.

On March 17, 1951, another source reported that as of
January 17, 1951, the school system of the JFFO was then known as
the Committee for Progressive Jewish Education (CPJE), the former
name being the National School and Cultural Commission of the
JFFO.

On September 14, 1955, the second source, mentioned
above, advised that on the afternoon of September 13, 1955,
the CPJE acceded to the demands of the New York State Department
of Insurance as liquidator of the International Workers Order
(IWO) that the CPJE surrender itself to the State as an asset of
the IWO. The State, on that date, took control and closed the
office of the CPJE located in Room 903, 160 Fifth Avenue, New
York City.

2-Bureau (100-398637) (RM)
1-NY 100-90311 (41)
1-NY 100-104143 (41)

HAN:umd
(4)

100-90311-2416

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 100-104143

On January 23, 1956, a third source made available a letter of the Service Bureau of Jewish Education (SBJE), Room 1005, 1123 Broadway, New York City, dated January 19, 1956, which reflected that although "to a certain extent, the attacks on our schools paralyzed our normal contact with you," the SBJE established its own office, opened and is serving all progressive Jewish children's schools.

The current Borough of Manhattan (New York City) Telephone Directory, reflects the address of the SBJE as 1123 Broadway, New York City.

The JPF0, the Jewish Nationality Section of the IWO and the IWO have been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

Sources

In order of mention sources utilized are:



b7D

All of the above sources have furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given all sources concealed and sources were concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-427269)

MAY 23 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-132365) (C)

SOCIAL SCIENCE LIBRARY
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C

Set out below is an abridged thumbnail sketch of the captioned organization:

On April 16, 1957, a source advised that the Jefferson School Library of the Jefferson School of Social Science would change its name to the Social Science Library and would be located on the sixth floor at 34 West 15th Street, New York City.

The Jefferson School of Social Science has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

On March 16, 1962, [redacted] Louis P. Schrag, Inc., 132 West 23rd Street, New York 11, New York, advised that his company manages the building at 34 West 15th Street, New York, New York. He recalled that in approximately March of 1961, he prepared a standard form of Lease in behalf of The Majestic Printing Corporation leasing the rear portion of the sixth floor at 34 West 15th Street to the 575 Sixth Avenue Realty, Inc., for a period of two years. This area is approximately twenty-five by forty feet and was leased for storage. He stated he has observed this area on several occasions the most recent being during March, 1962, and has noted that the area appears to be for storage purposes only and is not in regular use inasmuch as the area is very dirty with books and pamphlets tied in bundles and stacked together on the floor making it unusable on a regular basis.

b6
b7c

2-Bureau (100-427269) (RM)
1-NY 100-90311 (41)
1-NY 100-132365 (41)

DAR:uno
(4)

100-90311-2419
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FBI-NEW YORK

NY 100-132365

SOURCES

b7D

Source used in the above thumbnail sketch is

Careful consideration has been given to the source concealed and the source was concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-16-35)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-97078)

**SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY - NEW YORK LOCAL
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - SWP**

Submitted herewith is a revised thumbnail sketch bringing up to date the status of captioned organization.

A source stated on August 25, 1960, that the New York Local of the Socialist Workers Party (SWP) was founded during January, 1938, in New York City.

A second confidential source stated on May 10, 1962, that the New York Local of the SWP is affiliated with and follows the aims and purposes of the National SWP.

The SWP has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

Sources:

b7D

Careful consideration has been given to source concealed and source concealed only because absolutely necessary.

- 2 - Bureau (100-16-35) (RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311) (#41)
- 1 - New York (100-97078)

GPB:bjb
(4)

100-90311-2418

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| NEW YORK | |

DIRECTOR, FBI (97-1690)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-61018)

SOVFOTO aka
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-R; RA

ReNYlet to Bureau, 5/26/61.

Subject organization continues to occupy
space at 24 West 45th Street, New York, NY.

The current thumbnail sketch for the
above organization is accurate and no changes are
necessary.

2 - Bureau (97-1690)(RM)
2 - New York (100-61018)
(100-90311)(41)

AKH:can
(4) *can*

100-90311-2419

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

[Handwritten initials]

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428691)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-134920)

STUDENT COMMITTEE ON PROGRESSIVE
EDUCATION aka Scope
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C

ReNYlet, 5/26/61.

The thumbnail sketch for the captioned organization
is current and no changes are recommended.

2 - Bureau (100-428691) (RM)

1 - NY (100-90311)

1 - NY (100-134920)

ASB:mcg

(4)

100-90311-2420

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

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DIRECTOR, FBI (97-4428)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-90311)
(97-1890)

STUDENT COUNCIL
FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE
INTERNAL SECURITY - CUBA
REGISTRATION ACT - CUBA

SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION

STUDENT COUNCIL, FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE (SC, FPCC)

The initial publication of this organization, "Student Council, Fair Play for Cuba," Volume 1, Number 1, is dated November 4, 1960, and states that "this bi-monthly publication will be used to publish accurate information about Cuba, analysis of current events in Cuba and Cuban-U. S. relations, and for reports of the progress and activities of the newly-organized Student Council chapters."

[redacted]
Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC), testified before the United States Senate Internal Security Sub-Committee, Washington, D. C., on May 16, 1961. Introduced at this hearing was a press release issued on the previous date by [redacted] which identified the Student Council, Fair Play for Cuba Committee (SC, FPCC) chapters at 37 colleges and universities throughout the United States.

The publication "Student Council" (Volume 2, #5) dated May 22, 1961, identifies [redacted]

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On June 29, 1959, a confidential source advised that [redacted] was elected as an alternate member of the National Committee, Socialist Workers Party (SWP) at the SWP National Convention held on June 26-28, 1959, at Washington, New Jersey.

The SWP has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

A second source advised on January 17, 1962 that [redacted] stated on January 16, 1962 that a combined edition of the FPCC publications "Fair Play" and "Student Council" had

2 - BUREAU (97-4428) RM
1 - NEW YORK (100-90311)
1 - NEW YORK (97-1890)

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HCR:EMD
(4)

(100-90311)-2421

LETTER TO DIRECTOR, FBI

been published on October 28, 1961. According to [redacted], this was the last publication issued by the FPCC.

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b7C

On January 15, 1961, a third source advised that [redacted] of the Young Socialist Alliance (YSA) had commented that the YSA had been singularly successful in assisting in the formation of the FPCC Student Councils throughout the country, ^{and} active within these councils.

The first source advised on May 11, 1960 that the original YSA was an organization formed during October 1957 in New York City by youth of various left Socialist tendencies, particularly members and followers of the SWP. The leaders of this group were the guiding forces in the establishment of the national organization.

SOURCES:

The first source is [redacted]

b7D

The second source is [redacted]

The third source is [redacted]

Careful consideration has been given and sources were concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-32415)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-63145)

"SVIESA" (THE LIGHT)
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-R-LITHUANIAN

The following is a current thumbnail sketch of captioned organization:

"Sviesa" (the Light) is self-described in the Oct.-Nov.-Dec. 1961 issue as a political, scientific and literary quarterly magazine, published by the American Lithuanian Workers Literary Association, (Amerikos Lietuviu Darbininku Literaturos Draugija, ALDLD, LLD) at 102-02 Liberty Ave., Ozone Park, Queens, NY.

The LLD was incorporated on 12/16/18, in the State of NY as the Lithuanian Workers Literary Society. On 6/13/32, it was incorporated in the State of NY as the American Lithuanian Workers Literary Association. Its purpose and activities as described by the organization are as follows: to publish writings, papers, books, pamphlets, newspapers, periodicals and other publications in various branches of learning; to establish libraries to work for the intellectual, moral and social advancement of the members; to publish books and a literary quarterly; to sponsor meetings and lectures on topics of art, literature, current events, etc and to sponsor handicraft exhibits, plays and various other cultural and social affairs.

On 3/23/60, [redacted] Lithuanian Government in Exile, 41 W. 87th St., NYC, advised that although the Literary Association has been comparatively inactive, the organization itself continues to be an important tool for the dissemination of Communist propaganda.

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Two of the original incorporators of this organization were ANTHONY BIMBA and ROJUS NIZARA. BIMBA in 1933 and again in 1938, was a CP candidate for election to public office in the State of NY.

- 2- Bureau (100-32415) (RM)
- 1- New York (100-90311) (917)
- 1- New York (100-63145) (412)

DIQ:jrp
(4)

100-90311-2422

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| MAY 29 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

#141

NY 100-63145

On 4/10/62, a source advised that ANTHONY BIMBA is the editor of "Sviesa", the official publication of the LLD.

On 11/13/61, a source advised that a meeting of the Minor Press Club of the CP was held on 11/9/61 at Estonian Hall, 125th Street and Lexington Ave., NYC. Among those present at the meeting was A. BIMBA.

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b7C
b7D

SOURCES

The source who furnished the information on 4/10/62, is [redacted] NY. The source has furnished insufficient information to determine his reliability.

The source who furnished the information on 11/13/61 is [redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given and the sources were concealed where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-351710)

MAY 23 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-96071)

TANJUG (Telegraphic Agency
New Yugoslavia)
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION
CHARACTERIZATION
IS-YU;RA

Re NY letter, 5/26/61.

There is no change in this characterization.

2 - Bureau (100-351710) (RM)
1 - New York (100-90311) (41)
1 - New York (100-96071)

SWJ:keg
(4)

100-90311-2423

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| MAY 23 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-75957)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-113335)

TEACHERS UNION OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
ISA - 50

(OO:NEW YORK)

There is submitted below a subversive organization characterization of subject union.

TEACHERS UNION OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK

The 1942 report of the New York State Legislative Subcommittee investigating the Public Education System in New York City (Rapp Coudert Committee), page 178, stated in substance the following regarding the Teachers Union of the City of New York (TU):

"The history of the Communist movement in the New York City School system is primarily the history of the so-called Teachers Union of the City of New York, formerly Local 5 of the American Federation of Teachers (AFT) and of its subsidiary, the College Teachers Union, formerly Local 537 of the American Federation of Teachers, which was founded by Local 5 in 1938." The Communists began infiltrating Local 5 in the 1920's and by 1935, were in complete control. In 1941, AFT revoked the charters of Locals 5 and 537 on the grounds that these locals were under the "control of the Communist Party and had consistently engaged in practices inimical to democracy."

- 2 - Bureau (100-75957) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1 - New York (100-113335) (413)

RFM:maj
(4)

100-90311-2424

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| MAY 30 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

[Signature]

NY 100-1 3335

Dr. ABRAHAM LEFKOWITZ of the Teachers Guild, presently deceased, advised in August, 1955, that after the revocation of TU's charter, it acted as an independent union until 1943, when it became affiliated with the State, County and Municipal Workers of America, CIO.

According to an article appearing in the "New York World Telegram" of June 11, 1946, the State, County and Municipal Workers of America and the United Federal Workers, both CIO, consolidated in April, 1946, to form the United Public Workers of America (UPWA).

The "Directory of National and International Labor Unions in the United States 1955" pages 3 and 4, reflects that UPWA disbanded in February, 1953, after being expelled from the CIO on charges of Communist domination.

The "Daily Worker", a former East Coast Communist daily newspaper which suspended publication January 13, 1958, in its issue of February 16, 1953, page 2, column 5, noted that TU had announced it would henceforth be an independent organization of teachers and had ended its affiliation with the UPWA.

JOHN LAUTNER, former National Functionary of the Communist Party, United States of America, until his expulsion from the Communist Party in 1950, on January 6, 1954, advised that he has known the TU of New York City to have been under the control of the Communist Party since the middle 1930's. He knows the top leaders of the TU. [redacted] and [redacted] as having been devoted Communist Party members as of the time he left the Communist Party.

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b7c

NY 100-113335

The "New York Teacher News," official newspaper of TU, on April 14, 1962, reported that [redacted] and [redacted] continued to be TU officials.

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The same edition of the newspaper indicated that TU is located at 206 West 15th Street, New York 11, New York.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-23686)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-10286)

"TIESA"
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - R - LITHUANIAN

The following is a current thumbnail sketch of captioned publication:

"TIESA", (The Truth) is self-described in the 12/1/61 issue as the official organ of the Association of Lithuanian Workers, aka Lietuviu Darbininku Susivienijimas, (LDS).

The Association of Lithuanian Workers was incorporated on 11/5/30 in the State of New York, and on 7/7/31, it received authority from the New York State Department of Insurance to transact business as a fraternal benefit society. Its headquarters are located at 104-07 102nd St., Ozone Park, NY.

A source who has been active in the organization advised in 1949, that the Association of Lithuanian Workers was Communist controlled. This source, on 5/18/59, stated that the LDS has maintained about the same level of strength and activity in recent years and continues to be pro-communist and pro-Soviet, but does not openly support the CP for reasons of expediency.

SOURCE

[redacted] furnished the information 5/18/59. He has furnished reliable information in the past.

b7D

Careful consideration has been given and sources concealed only where absolutely necessary.

- 2 - Bureau (100-23686)
- ① - New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1 - New York (100-10286) (412)

DJQ:amg
(4)

100-90311-2425

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| MAY 27 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-348760)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-70303)

TWELFTH-THIRTEENTH REALTY CORPORATION
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
(OO: NEW YORK)

TWELFTH-THIRTEENTH REALTY CORPORATION

The Twelfth-Thirteenth Realty Corporation (12-13 RC) is reflected in the registry of Deeds and Conveyances as the owner of record of the property at 35 East 12th Street, New York, New York.

On April 15, 1959, a source made available a report dated April 4, 1956, concerning the 12-13 RC, which reflected that it was incorporated under New York laws on July 27, 1942. The corporation was formed for the purpose of acquiring the real estate at 35 East 12th Street, New York City. The report further indicated that the corporation owns and operates the nine story loft building at this address, which is tenanted by concerns engaged in the publishing business. The report listed CHARLES KELNER as president of the 12-13 RC.

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JOHN LAUTNER, self-admitted Communist Party (CP) member for over 20 years, who at the time of his expulsion from the CP in January, 1950, was Chairman of the New York State CP Review Commission, advised that [redacted] was a charter member of the CP, USA.

On June 18, 1959, a source advised that when the 12-13 RC purchased the above property in 1942, the CP loaned the Corporation over \$15,000 to assist in the purchase.

On April 13, 1955, HYMAN ROBERT MANDEL advised Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that he was vice-president of the 12-13 RC, which owns the building at 35 East 12th Street, New York City, and which for many years was the headquarters of the CP.

- 2- Bureau (100-348760) (RM)
- ① New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1- New York (100-70303)

AMR:its
(4)

100-90311-2426

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| MAY 29 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 100-70303

A source furnished information on December 9, 1946, reflecting that HYMAN ROBERT MANDEL was a member of the Housing Committee of the New York State CP in 1946.

A source advised on September 4, 1959, that [redacted] replaced [redacted] of the Corporation on August 17, 1959.

The following statement appears in the publication entitled, "Communist Legal Subversion - The Role of the Communist Lawyer" which was released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, House of Representatives, Eighty-Sixth Congress, First Session, on February 15, 1959.

b6
b7C

[redacted] knew [redacted] as a fellow member of a special lawyer's group of the CP in New York in 1936. [redacted] was still an active party member in 1949, according to former party functionary JOHN LAUTNER."

A source advised that during 1961, the CP, USA had been given several thousand dollars by the 12-13 RC.

The 12-13 RC is listed at 35 East 12th Street, in the current Manhattan Telephone Directory.

The sources mentioned in the above characterization are as follows:

CSNY 1

[redacted]

b7D

NY 694-S*

NY 100-70303

All sources mentioned in this characterization have furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given to each source concealed and their identities were concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-431582)

MAY 23 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (105-38921)

TWO CONTINENTS COMMODITY CORPORATION
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-R; CH

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b7c

On 11/2/61, [redacted] US Treasury Department, US Court House, Foley Square, NYC, advised that as a result of investigation conducted by that office during the last part of 1960, information was developed that the Two Continents Commodity Corporation (TCCC) was organized under the laws of the State of NY on 10/22/57. He said that [redacted] an Attorney with offices at 580 5th Ave., NYC, was the President of the TCCC.

[redacted] said that business with Guozi Shudian, PO Box 88, Peking, China, in the export of books and periodicals started sometime at the beginning of 1959. All shipments were made to the China Mainland and with a few exceptions to branches of Guozi Shudian, the State controlled agency for books and periodicals in China.

On 11/2/61, [redacted] Foreign Assets Control Division, Federal Reserve Bank of NY, 33 Liberty Street, NYC, advised that according to records of his office that the TCCC at 151 West 18th Street, NYC, was engaged in the export of books, pamphlets and periodicals to China. He said that this corporation was legally permitted within the provisions of the Foreign Assets Control Regulations and the regulations of the US Department of Commerce to export such material to China. The shipments could be made directly from the US by US mail service; however, such shipments are customarily destined first to Hong Kong and from there are routed to the China Mainland. He said the payments with respect to these shipments cannot be made directly from banks in China as these funds are blocked in the US. The funds are usually received by firms

2-Bureau (100-431582) (RM)
1-New York (100-90311) (#41)
1-New York (105-38921)

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(4)

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

[Handwritten signature]

298

NY 105-38921

in the US from either outlets in Hong Kong or possibly other countries. He said that he understood that in the case of the TCCC, the funds came through banks in East Germany.

MAY 29 1962

DIRECTOR, FBI

SAC, NEW YORK (105-13761)

UKRAINIAN-AMERICAN LEAGUE, INC.
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-R-ARMENIA

The following is a current thumbnail sketch of captioned organization

A confidential source provided information on July 21, 1955, which reflected that as of December 29, 1947, the Ukrainian-American League, Inc., 85 East 4th Street, NYC, was a corporation chartered under New York laws in 1940. The function of this company was to publish the "Ukrainian Daily News" now known as "The Ukrainian News" also known as the "Ukrainian Daily News".

Another confidential source on 3/20/51, advised that the activities of the Ukrainian-American Communists occur within the general orbit of the Communist Party of America of which Ukrainian Communist organizations are a part. One of these organizations, according to the informant is the Ukrainian American League, 85 East 4th Street, New York City, New York. The informant stated that this league loosely unites various Communist camps, singing societies, political and social centers and operates as the official publisher of the "Ukrainian Daily News".

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications", revised and published as of December 1, 1951, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the "Ukrainian Daily News":

1. Cited as Communist.
(Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 1951 on the American Slav Congress, April 26, 1950, originally released June 26, 1949, P. 15)

2 - Bureau (RM)
① - NY (100-90311) (41)
1 - NY (105-13761)
JET:mcg
(4)

100-90311-2458

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| MAY 29 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

#41

NY 105-13761

The 1961-1962 Manhattan Telephone Directory reflects a listing for the Ukrainian-American League, 85 E. 4th St., NYC.

Sources

The following confidential sources, who have furnished reliable information in the past, were utilized to characterize the Ukrainian-American League, Incorporated.

CSNY 1

b7D

Careful consideration was given and the sources were concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-92148)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (62-10651)

UNITED AFRICAN NATIONALIST MOVEMENT
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - AFRICA

The characterization of captioned organization as approved by the Bureau on 6/23/61 is current and correct.

As this characterization has only very limited application to security-type investigations, the characterization is being deleted from the thumbnail sketch program.

2 - BUREAU (105-92148) RM
1 - NEW YORK (62-10651)
1 - NEW YORK (100-90311)

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| MAY 29 1962 | |
| NEW YORK | |

[Handwritten signature]

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-26912)

MAY 29 1952

SAC, NEW YORK (100-13644)

COMINFIL OF UNITED ELECTRICAL,
RADIO AND MACHINE WORKERS OF
AMERICA (UE)
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
ISA - 1950
(OO:NY)

ReNYlet, dated 5/26/61.

The following current characterization of the above captioned organization is submitted for the approval of the Bureau.

The "UE Shop Steward Guide," UE Publication Number 212, Sixth Edition, 1952, reflects on pages 32-34, "UE - the United Electrical, Radio and Machine Workers of America was established in 1936 at a convention in Buffalo, New York. At that time the organization was called the United Electrical and Radio Workers of America. Shortly after a large group of APL machinists' locals joined the UE and the full name became the United Electrical, Radio and Machine Workers of America, (UE).

"The UE is known as an 'International Union' because companies of both the United States and Canada are under contract."

"100 Things You Should Know About Communism and Labor", prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D. C., 1951, reflects on pages 80 and 81, "In 1944, the Committee on Un-American Activities found the following unions to have 'Communist leadership... strongly entrenched:'

- 2 - Bureau (100-26912)(RM)
- 1 - New York (100-90311)(Sec. 41)
- 1 - New York (100-13644)

TAP:dca
(4)

100-90311-2430

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| MAY 29 1952 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 100-13644

"United Electrical, Radio, and Machine Workers of America (CIO).

"The following unions have been expelled from the CIO because of their Communist domination:

"United Electrical, Radio, and Machine Workers of America."

The "Internal Security Annual Report for 1957, Report of the Subcommittee to Investigate the Administration of the Internal Security Act and other Internal Security Laws, of the Committee on the Judiciary, United States Senate" on page 61, refers to UE as "one of the strongest Communist controlled unions in America".

The International Headquarters of UE is located at 11 East 51st Street, New York, New York, according to the April 23, 1962, edition of "UE News", official organ of UE.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-435680)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-145255)

**UNITED STATES COMMITTEE FOR COOPERATION WITH
THE JAPAN COUNCIL AGAINST THE A AND H BOMBS
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION**

**IS-C
(OO:NY)**

Submitted herewith is a characterization of captioned organization for Bureau approval:

The 6/5/61 issue of the "National Guardian," page 8, announced the formation of "The Provisional Committee For Cooperation with the Japan Council Against the A and H Bombs (No More Hiroshimas)" (PCCJCAHBS) for the purpose of participation by Americans in the gathering of delegates in Japan in August, 1961, to commemorate the victims of Hiroshima which was sponsored by the Japan Council Against the A & H Bombs.

On 12/4/61, a source advised the financial records maintained by the PCCJCA and HBS reflected the organization had changed its name to the United States Committee For Cooperation with the Japan Council Against the A and H Bombs (U.S. Committee).

On 12/1/61, a second source advised that the U.S. Committee had sought Communist Party (CP) support after its founding and that after approximately six weeks later CP support was gained in the person of HERBERT APTHEKER, who wrote articles concerning the peace movement in Japan and attended the 7th World Conference Against The A and H Bomb held during August, 1961, in Japan.

"The Worker," an east coast Communist newspaper, in its issue of 7/30/61, on page 2, column 4, referred to Dr. HERBERT APTHEKER as a member of the National Committee of the CPUSA.

2-Bureau (100-435680) (RM)
1-NY 100-90311 (41)
1-NY 100-145255 (41)

DAF:unc
(4)

100-90311-2431

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| MAY 29 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 100-145255

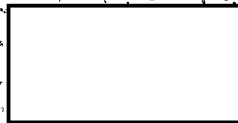
On 1/31/62, the second source advised that the office headquarters of the U.S. Committee is in the apartment of [redacted], NY, and that all activities are directed from this address.

On 5/2/62, the second source advised that the office headquarters of the U.S. Committee continues to operate from the apartment of [redacted], NY.

b6
b7C

On 5/29/57, a third source advised that [redacted] attended the Sunnyside Queens County Communist Party Convention held on 5/28/57.

1st Source
2nd Source
3rd Source



b7D

All of the above sources have furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given to sources concealed, and such sources were concealed only in those instances where it is absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-436225)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-142451)

THE UNITED STATES FESTIVAL COMMITTEE,
INCORPORATED
(EIGHTH WORLD YOUTH FESTIVAL)
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
(OO:NY) IS - C

The following is a revised characterization of the above organization submitted to the Bureau for approval:

On October 26, 1961, a source furnished a copy of the magazine entitled, "World Youth", which is described as being published bi-monthly in the English language by the World Federation of Democratic Youth, editorial office at Budapest, Hungary. (The World Federation of Democratic Youth is cited as a Communist organization in the House Committee on Un-American Activities, Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications, December 1, 1961, page 177). The magazine "World Youth", the third issue of 1961, contained an article entitled, "8th Festival in Helsinki". The article set out that the first meeting of the International Preparatory Committee took place in Helsinki, Finland, from February 20 to 22, 1961, to prepare for the Eighth World Youth Festival, which was to be held in Helsinki in 1962.

The article set out that the International Preparatory Committee elected a permanent commission composed of representatives of a number of countries, including Canada or the USA, as well as representatives from the organizations, "World Federation of Democratic Youth" and "International Union of Students". (The International Union of Students has been cited as a Communist organization in the House Committee on Un-American Activities, guide above, on page 97) with headquarters in Prague, Czechoslovakia.

3-Bureau (100-436225) (RM)
(1-100-436224) (8th World Youth Festival)
①-New York (100-90311) (41)
1-New York (100-142451)

HPL:lab
(5)

100-90311-2432

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| MAY 29 1962 | |
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NY 100-142451

A second source advised that in April, 1961, DANNY RUBIN, National Youth Director, CP, USA, advised that CP Districts should concentrate on getting broad groups to sponsor the United States Festival Committee (USFC).

A third source advised that the USFC was established at a conference on October 14-15, 1961, in Chicago, Illinois, to obtain a large and broad group to go to Helsinki, Finland, in July and August, 1962, to attend the Eighth World Youth Festival. This source advised that the headquarters of the USFC would be maintained in New York City, New York.

On May 2, 1962, a fourth source advised that the USFC maintained its headquarters in Room 807, 460 Park Avenue South, New York, New York.

SOURCES

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.



(By request)

b6
b7C
b7D

All of the above have furnished reliable information in the past. Careful consideration has been given and sources concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-435001)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-144078)

WEST SIDE COMMITTEE FOR FRIENDLY
RELATIONS WITH CUBA
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION
CHARACTERIZATION
INTERNAL SECURITY - C
(OO: NEW YORK)

ReNYlet, 2/9/62.

There is being submitted herewith a revised characterization of the captioned organization for Bureau approval.

A source advised on 2/13/61, that the West Side Committee for Friendly Relations With Cuba (WSCFRC) was organized on 2/9/61, at a meeting called by [redacted] the Section Organizer of the Upper West Side Section of the New York County CP, and held in her home.

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The above source stated that the WSCFRC is a neighborhood organization of North Americans, Puerto Ricans and Cubans formed to create favorable conditions among North Americans for better relations with Cuba as well as to devote itself to such community problems as high rent and high cost of living.

The same source advised on 2/23/61, that at a meeting of the Club Number 2, Upper West Side CP Section held on 2/21/61, in NYC, it was decided that only three persons from Club Number 2 would represent the Club in the WSCFRC, inasmuch as they did not want the WSCFRC to be "loaded" with CP members.

- 2- Bureau (100-435001) (RM)
- 1- New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1- New York (100-144078)

HEN: lts
(4)

100-90311-2433

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 100-144078

5/14/63

The same source advised on 5/15/62, that at the present time the WSCFRC has no established headquarters but does maintain Post Office Box 319, Cathedral Station, New York City, as its mailing address.

Source:

who has furnished reliable information in the past.

b7D

Careful consideration has been given and the source was concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-430172)

MAY 29 1960

SAC, NEW YORK (100-137309)

WORKERS' WORLD PARTY
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-WWP

On April 17, 1959, a source advised that on February 12, 1959, a Socialist Workers Party (SWP) minority group, under the leadership of National Committee member, [redacted], split from the SWP.

b6
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The source stated that this minority group, referred to as the Marcyites, after many years of program and policy differences on varied issues concerning tactics and interpretation of political events, split from the SWP on the grounds that the Party was liquidating itself by departing from the Marxist precepts of LEON TROTSKY and retreating from the fight for the world socialist revolution. The final issue which ultimately forced the split was the minority's opposition to the SWP regroupment policy which involved cooperation with the Communist Party (CP) periphery - individuals characterized by the minority as petty - bourgeois.

The minority program, according to the source, advocates unconditional defense of the Soviet Union and has as its goal the building of a revolutionary party with a complete proletarian orientation for the purpose of overthrowing capitalism in the United States and throughout the world.

On May 12, 1960, the source advised that this minority group had chosen the name Workers World Party (WWP).

- 2 - Bureau (100-430172) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1 - New York (100-137309)

ALB:rc
(4)

100-90311-2434

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| MAY 29 1960 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 100-137309

On April 18, 1962, the source stated that the headquarters of the WWP were located at 46 West 21st Street, New York, New York.

The SWP and the CP have been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

The source mentioned above is [redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past.

b7D

Careful consideration was given to the source concealed and the source was concealed only where it was absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-435053)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-144608)

WORLD BOOKS
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
RA
(OO: NEW YORK)

WORLD BOOKS

According to the records of the Foreign Agents Registration Section, United States Department of Justice, Washington, D.C., [redacted], doing business as WORLD BOOKS, 747 Broadway, New York 3, New York, filed a registration statement dated September 26, 1961, pursuant to Section 2 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended. He listed the name and address of his foreign Principals as follows:

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MEZHODUNORODNAYA KNIGA
Smolenskaja Sennaja
Pl. 32/34, Moscow, USSR

GUOZI SHUDIAN
Peking, China

He stated the nature and purpose of his representation of each Foreign Principal was "to import books, periodicals, and publications sold by Foreign Principals, to advertise and promote sales of same; to obtain subscriptions for such periodicals".

- 2- Bureau (100-435053) (RM)
- ①- New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1- New York (100-144608)

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100-90311-2435

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| MAY 29 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 100-144608.

A source advised on March 22, 1961, that GUS HALL, General Secretary, Communist Party, United States of America, (CP, USA), and PHIL BART, CP National Organizational Secretary, had stated that they desired that [redacted] be reinstated in the CP.

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A second source advised on April 21, 1961, that on April 1, 1961, the Chairman of the Maryland - District of Columbia CP District Board had addressed a letter to GUS HALL noting that the Board was in favor of reinstatement of [redacted] in the CP as a rank and file member.

A third source advised on March 30, 1962, that WORLD BOOKS, New York City, is a CP, USA literature outlet.

The sources mentioned in the above characterization are as follows:

[redacted]

b7D

CG 5824-S*

All sources mentioned in this characterization have furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given to each source concealed and their identities were concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-427226)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-133479)

"YOUNG SOCIALIST"
IS-SWP
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
(OO: NYO)

Submitted herewith is an amended subversive organization characterization of captioned publication:

The "Young Socialist" (YS) is a monthly publication self-described in the April, 1962 issue of this newspaper as the official organ of the Young Socialist Alliance.

The YS maintains headquarters at 10 East 23rd Street, New York City, and the mailing address is Post Office Box 471, Cooper Station, New York 3, New York.

The Young Socialist Alliance characterization should be utilized in connection with the above characterization.

- 2 - Bureau (100-427226) (RM)
- 1 - NY 100-90311 (SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATIONS CHARACTERIZATIONS) (41)
- 1 - NY 100-133479 (413)

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(4)

100-90311-2436

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-427226)

MAY 28 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-133479)

YOUNG SOCIALIST ALLIANCE
IS-SWP
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
(OO: NY)

Submitted herewith is an amended subversive organization characterization of captioned organization:

The May, 1960 issue of the "Young Socialist" (YS) page 1, column 3, disclosed that during April 15-17, 1960, a national organization entitled "The Young Socialist Alliance" (YSA), was established at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. This issue stated that this organization was formed by the nationwide supporter clubs of the publication YS.

The above issue, page 6, set forth the Founding Declaration of the YSA. This declaration stated that the YSA recognizes the Socialist Workers Party (SWP) as the only existing political leadership on class struggle principles, and that the supporters of the YS have come into basic political solidarity with the SWP on the principles of revolutionary socialism.

A source advised on May 10, 1962, that the original YSA was an organization formed during October, 1957, in New York City, by youth of various left socialist tendencies, particularly members and followers of the SWP. The leaders of this group were the guiding forces in the establishment of the national organization.

The source further advised on May 10, 1962, that the YSA is dominated and controlled on a national basis by the SWP through having SWP members comprise, almost exclusively, the national leadership of the YSA. The YSA, in reality, is the youth section of the SWP and the main source of new SWP members.

2 - Bureau (100-427226) (RM)
1 - NY 100-90311 (SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATIONS CHARACTERIZATIONS) (41)
1 - NY 100-133479 (413)

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100-90311-2437

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| MAY 15 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 100-133479

The "Young Socialist," a monthly publication self-described in the April, 1960 issue, as the official organ of the YSA, discloses the headquarters of YSA as 10 East 23rd Street, New York City.

The SWP has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

SOURCE

b7D

[redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given and the source was concealed only through necessity.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-433343)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-141893)

YOUTH PUBLICATIONS, INC.,
PUBLISHER OF "NEW HORIZONS FOR YOUTH"
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C
(OO: NY)

There is being submitted herewith a characterization of captioned organization for Bureau approval.

Youth Publications, Inc., Publisher
of "New Horizons for Youth"

Records of the New York County Clerk's Office, New York, New York, reflect that Youth Publications, Inc., was incorporated in the State of New York on May 17, 1960.

Volume 1, No. 8, May, 1961 issue of "New Horizons for Youth" indicated that this paper will be published monthly by Youth Publications, Inc., 799 Broadway, New York, New York.

A source advised that on May 15, 1960, the National Executive Committee of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA) endorsed a project presented by MORTIMER DANIEL RUBIN, National Youth Director, CPUSA, calling for a youth publication, "New Horizons." RUBIN stated that this publication will deal with youth questions and while it will not be labeled Marxist, it will use a Marxist analysis on all issues.

Another source advised on June 2, 1960, that the title of the youth publication "New Horizons" had been changed to "New Horizons for Youth."

1962
Volume 2, No. 7, April - May/issue of "New Horizons for Youth" indicated that [redacted] was Editor and DANIEL RUBIN, Associate Editor. The publication was now using a magazine rather than newspaper format.

A source advised on 1/23/62, that [redacted] was a member of the CP Youth Club, CP, Eastern Pennsylvania and Delaware and his duties were that of fund raiser for the club.

2-Bureau (100-433343)(RM)
1 - NY (100-90311)(THUMBNAIL SKETCH)(41)
1 - NY (100-141893)(415)
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MAY 17 1962
FBI - NEW YORK

100-96311-2438

NY 100-141893

Sources

The sources utilized in this characterization are CG 5824-S², [redacted] and [redacted] all of whom have furnished reliable information in the past.

b7D

Careful consideration has been given to the sources concealed and T symbols were utilized only in those instances where the identities of the sources must be concealed.

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-30659)

MAY 23 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-118580)

YUGOSLAV-AMERICAN CULTURAL CLUB
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-YU

The following characterization of the above-captioned organization is being submitted:

A source advised on 5/13/60, that [redacted] of the Yugoslav-American Cooperative Home, Inc. (YACH), NYC, informed him during 1954, that the Yugoslav-American Cultural Club (YACC), aka the Yugoslav Cultural Club, had been founded in February, 1954, to replace an organization known as "Unity". [redacted] stated that "Unity" was a cultural group which had become known as a pro-Russian organization, and that, as a result, it had been decided to form the YACC.

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The source also reported that [redacted] had informed him that the YACC would utilize various types of activity, such as singing groups, dancing, and theatrical productions, in an attempt to interest as many persons of Yugoslav descent as possible. The YACC hoped to present events in such a manner which would reflect Communism favorably, according to [redacted]. On 5/16/62, the source advised that this organization has become defunct and has not operated since approximately June of 1961.

Source: [redacted], who has furnished reliable information in the past. Careful consideration has been given and sources concealed only when absolutely necessary.

b7D

- 2 - Bureau (105-30659) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-90311)
- 1 - New York (100-118580)

RFG: jw
(4)

100-90311-2137

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DIRECTOR, FBI (97-2977)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (97-1209)

YUGOSLAV INFORMATION CENTER aka
YIC
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
REGISTRATION ACT

The following characterization concerns
the publication "Yugoslav Facts and Views":

A source advised on 5/16/62 that the Yugoslav
Information Center (YIC), 816 5th Ave., NYC, publishes
a periodical in NYC entitled "Yugoslav Facts and Views".
The YIC is registered with the Foreign Agents Registration
Section, Department of Justice, as an agent of the
Yugoslav Government, Belgrade, Yugoslavia.

Source quoted above is [redacted]. Careful
consideration has been given and sources concealed
only where absolutely necessary.

b7D

- 2 - Bureau (97-2977) (RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311) (#41)
- 1 - New York (97-1209)

JPG: Jw
(4)

100-90311-2440

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| MAY 31 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

DIRECTOR, FBI (97-2977)

MAY 29 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (97-1209)

YUGOSLAV INFORMATION CENTER aka
YIC
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
REGISTRATION ACT

The following is a characterization of
"Yugoslav News Bulletin".

A source advised on 5/16/62 that the Yugoslav
Information Center (YIC), 816 5th Ave., NYC, publishes
a periodical in NYC entitled "Yugoslav News Bulletin".

The YIC is registered with the Foreign Agents Registration
Section, Department of Justice, as an agent of the Yugoslav
Government, Belgrade, Yugoslavia.

Source referred to above is [redacted]. Careful
consideration has been given and sources concealed only
where absolutely necessary.

b7D

2 - Bureau (97-2977) (RM)
1 - New York (100-90311) (#41)
1 - New York (97-1209)

MFG: JW
(4)

100-90311-2441

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SAC, New York (100-142201)

June 5, 1962

Director, FBI (100-434663)

NEW YORK COUNCIL TO ABOLISH THE
HOUSE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Reurlet 5/29/62 captioned "Subversive
Organization Characterizations" transmitting a
revised characterization concerning captioned
committee.

The characterization as submitted is
not being approved inasmuch as it does not contain
a current date showing the current existence of
this organization.

You are instructed to furnish a revised
characterization in this matter by return mail
bringing the characterization up to date with a
current statement regarding existence.

Card corrected per February

100-90311-2443

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |
| <i>Rahls</i> | |

SAC, New York (100-139432)

June 6, 1962

Director, FBI (100-432102)

**COMMITTEE OF FIRST
AMENDMENT DEFENDANTS
INTERNAL SECURITY - C**

Reurlet 5/29/62 captioned "Subversive Organization Characterization" which enclosed a characterization for captioned committee.

The characterization as submitted is not being approved in that the data used to characterize William A. Price is not up to date and complete in view of the Supreme Court's decision of 5/21/62 which reversed Price's conviction for contempt of Congress.

You are instructed to submit a revised characterization in this matter by return mail bringing up to date and showing the complete information regarding Price in the characterization of him.

*approved 6/14/62
Hon. Carl Rode Tom Johnson*

100-90311-2444

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John

SAC, New York (97-169)

June 6, 1962

Director, FBI (97-401)

EMERGENCY COMMITTEE FOR A. FREE PRESS, aka.
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
INTERNAL SECURITY - C
INTERNAL SECURITY ACT OF 1950

Reurlet 5-29-62 submitting a suggested subversive organization characterization of captioned Committee.

You may consider your suggested characterization as approved with the following minor change of form.

The first two paragraphs should be combined so that they constitute a single paragraph.

*Make new card
New Card made for Johnson*

100-90311-2445

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| JUN 6 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

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SAC, New York (100-84280)

June 6, 1962

Director, FBI (100-350092)

JEFFERSON BOOK SHOP, INC.
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
INTERNAL SECURITY - C
INTERNAL SECURITY ACT OF 1950

Reurlet 5-29-62 submitting a suggested subversive organization characterization of captioned firm.

You may consider the suggested characterization as approved after the following minor corrections of form are made. The first time the term "Communist Party" is referred to it should be spelled out and then followed with "CP" in parentheses. This occurs in line four, paragraph three of the suggested characterization. The expression "Marxist and Progressive material" appearing in the last paragraph of page one should be changed to read "Marxist-Progressive material."

The administrative data accompanying your suggested characterization describes all three sources utilized ([redacted] and CG 5824-S*) as "who was in a position to furnish reliable information in the past." As you are well aware, CG 5824-S* has for many years been furnishing reliable information and he should, therefore, be characterized as "who has furnished reliable information in the past." The same holds true for [redacted]. From information available to the Bureau it appears that a similar characterization would also be applicable to [redacted]. If you concur, this latter informant should be so characterized. Should you have contrary views, correspond further with the Bureau in this matter.

b7D

Insure that the necessary amendments are made to the suggested characterization, both as to content and as to the administrative data concerning the sources.

Card corrected for February

100-90311-2446

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

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DIRECTOR, FBI (100-434663)

6/6/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-142201)

NEW YORK COUNCIL TO ABOLISH THE HOUSE
UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE, aka
NEW YORK COUNCIL TO ABOLISH THE UN-
AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
INTERNAL SECURITY - C
(OO: NEW YORK)

Re Bulet 6/5/62.

There is set forth below a revised subversive organization characterization of captioned organization which is being submitted for Bureau approval.

On March 9, 1961, a source advised that the New York Council To Abolish the Un-American Activities Committee (NYCAUAC), 150 West 34th Street, New York City, New York, was formed at a meeting held in New York City on November 17, 1960. This organization was founded principally through the efforts of FRANK WILKINSON, Field Representative of the National Committee To Abolish the Un-American Activities Committee (NCAUAC).

A second source advised on September 17, 1952, that FRANK WILKINSON was a Communist Party member as of September, 1952.

A third source furnished on September 14, 1961, a copy of resolutions of the New York Council To Abolish the House Un-American Activities Committee (NYCAHUAC) which were adopted by the NYCAHUAC. One such resolution affirmed the intention to continue to work for the abolition of the HCUA and to continue its efforts to broaden the participation in this fight. Another resolution accepted as a modus vivendi the suggestion of the Field Representative of the "National Committee To Abolish the HCUA" (NCAHUAC) namely that local abolition committees may identify and co-ordinate their

- 2 - Bureau (100-434663) (RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311) (#41)
- 1 - New York (100-142201)

GEJ:mcn

(4)

100-90311-2447

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| SERIALIZED | FILED |
| JUN 8 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |
| Rachle | |

NY 100-142201

efforts as closely as they desire with NYCAHUAC, still maintaining their autonomy for as flexible and independent a program as possible.

Various sources have advised during March, 1962, that Communist Party (CP) members in the New York City area have been solicited to support activities of the NYCAHUAC during attendance at CP club meetings.

On June 6, 1962 the first source advised that the NYCAHUAC continues to function from its office at 150 West 34th Street, New York City, New York.

SOURCES



b7D

All of the above sources have furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given to all sources concealed and they were concealed only where absolutely necessary.

SAC, New York (100-140660)

June 7, 1962

Director, FBI (100-432605)

COMMITTEE AGAINST NAZISM
AND ANTI-SEMITISM
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Reurlet May 29, 1962.

You are requested to resubmit the characterization of captioned organization. Incorporate a statement concerning the present status of this organization. Appropriate instructions concerning subversive organizations characterizations are contained in the FBI Handbook, Part I, pages 63-67.

This should be given your immediate attention.

Approved 6/15/62
Make new card for February
New card made for filing

100-90311-2448

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| JUN 7 1962 | |
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DIRECTOR, FBI (100-432102)

6/8/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-139432)

COMMITTEE OF FIRST AMENDMENT DEFENDANTS
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C
(OO:NY)

ReNYlet to Bureau, 3/29/62; Bulet to NY, 6/6/62.

The following is an expanded characterization of captioned organization:

A source advised on October 22, 1959, that a meeting of the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee (ECLC) was held on October 16, 1959, in New York City, at which WILLIAM PRICE spoke and called for a unified fight by the First Amendment defendants. PRICE stated that a group of First Amendment defendants, who had been cited for contempt, had gotten together to formulate a plan of action, pool their ideas, and speak before groups wherever invited.

A second source advised on May 10, 1962, that the Committee of First Amendment Defendants (CFAD) was established about October, 1959, by some thirty persons who had been cited for contempt and who availed themselves of the right of the First Amendment before Congressional and state committees investigating Communist subversion and who were dissatisfied with the ECLC's handling of their cases then pending.

The purpose of the CFAD, according to the source, is for members to speak before various groups and to raise funds in their own behalf.

The second source, above, advised that WILLIAM A. PRICE is the Coordinator of the CFAD which has a mailing address of Post Office Box 564, Radio City Station, New York City.

2-Bureau (100-432102) (RM)
~~100-90311~~ (41)
1-100-139432 (41)

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100-90311-2469

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| JUL 10 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

JH

NY 100-139432

On April 12, 1957, WILLIAM A. PRICE was sentenced to three months in jail and fined \$500 for contempt of Congress for his refusal to tell a Senate Internal Security Subcommittee (Inquiry Into Communist Influence In The Press) in January, 1956, whether he was a member of the Communist Party (CP) and to answer related questions. PRICE asserted his rights not to answer under the First Amendment's guarantee of freedom of speech and belief.

On May 21, 1962, the United States Supreme Court reversed the conviction of PRICE for contempt of Congress.

SOURCES

[redacted] and [redacted] respectively, both of whom have furnished reliable information in the past.

b7D

Careful consideration has been given and the sources were concealed only where absolutely necessary.

Note: A characterization of the ECLC should be utilized with the above.

SAC, New York (100-142782)

June 11, 1962

Director, FBI (100-433932)

**THE NEW YORK SCHOOL FOR MARXIST STUDIES
INTERNAL SECURITY - C
INTERNAL SECURITY ACT OF 1950**

Reurlet 5-29-62, captioned as above, submitting a revised characterization of the New York School for Marxist Studies.

The characterization as submitted is not being approved as it does not contain information concerning the current status of the School. The fact that a Spring term 1962 bulletin has been issued does not indicate that the School is at the present time in operation. Submit a revised characterization by return mail.

*Approved 6/20/62
Make new card for Library
see card book for Library*

100-90311-2450

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

169

SAC, New York (100-132365)

June 11, 1962

Director, FBI (100-427264)

**SOCIAL SCIENCE LIBRARY
INTERNAL SECURITY - C**

Reurlet 5-29-62 submitting for approval a revised characterization of the Social Science Library (SSL).

The characterization as submitted is not approved as it does not show the current status of the SSL, it being noted that the last contact date with your source contained in the characterization is 3-16-62. In addition, the characterization does not indicate the connection between the SSL and the premises leased for storage purposes at 34 West 15th Street, New York City.

A revised characterization should be submitted by return mail containing the above information as well as a current contact with your source.

approved 6/19/62
New card made for [unclear]

100-90311-2451

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| JUN 12 1962 | |
| FBI-NEW YORK | |

[Signature]

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-432605)

6/11/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-140660)

COMMITTEE AGAINST NAZISM
AND ANTI-SEMITISM, formerly
known as the Committee To Stop
The Revival of Nazism and Anti-
Semitism
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C
(OO:NY)

Reurlet, 6/7/62.

Submitted herewith is an amended sketch on captioned organization.

A source advised on January 25, 1960, that a meeting was sponsored by "The Worker," an east coast communist newspaper, on January 24, 1960, at the Park Palace, New York City. EVELYN WIENER, described by the source as the chairman of the New York County Communist Party (CP), invited the audience to attend a protest meeting to be held in Union Square, New York City, on January 26, 1960, to protest anti-Semitism in West Germany.

A second source on January 26, 1960, advised that the CP had prepared 6,000 leaflets in connection with anti-Semitism to be distributed at a rally to be held that day at Union Square, New York City. These leaflets, according to the source, were not distributed since the CP was not openly represented at the meeting. However, according to the source, known Communists participated openly in the meeting.

On September 13, 1961, a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation by means of a suitable pretext, spoke to [redacted], who stated that he is the public relations officer of the Committee Against Nazism and Anti-Semitism. He stated

2-Bureau (100-432605) (RM)
1-NY 100-90311 (41)
1-NY 100-140660

MJF:smc
(4)

100-90311-2452

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| JUN 12 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

A. N. [signature]

NY 100-140560

that the organization initially known as the Committee To Stop The Revival of Nazism And Anti-Semitism, originated as an "ad hoc" committee to sponsor a rally on January 26, 1960, in New York City, to protest the rise of Nazism and anti-Semitism. It is now a continuing organization, springing into action when the need arises.

On June 11, 1962, a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation by means of a suitable pretext, spoke to [redacted] who advised captioned organization is located in Room 732, 1133 Broadway, NYC.

A third source on November 18, 1957, advised that [redacted] as of August, 1957, was a dues paying member of the CP.

b6
b7C

SOURCES

The sources used in the above characterization in the order in which they appear are [redacted], [redacted], [redacted]. They have furnished reliable information in the past.

b7D

Careful consideration has been given to the sources concealed and the sources were concealed only where it was absolutely necessary.

The pretexts used on 9/13/61, and 6/11/62, were made by SA NICHOLAS J. PURCHIA. In the first pretext he inquired whether subject organization at some future date, would be willing to furnish a speaker to speak before a small organization. On 6/11/62, SA PURCHIA asked for subject organization's correct address in order to correspond with it.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-427269)

6/13/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-132365)

SOCIAL SCIENCE LIBRARY
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C

ReBulet, 6/11/62.

Set out below is a revised thumbnail sketch of the captioned organization:

b6
b7c

On April 16, 1957, a source advised that the Jefferson School Library of the Jefferson School of Social Science would change its name to the Social Science Library and would be located on the sixth floor at 34 West 15th Street, New York City.

The Jefferson School of Social Science has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

On March 16, 1962, [redacted], Louis P. Schrag, Inc., 132 West 23rd Street, New York 11, New York, advised that his company manages the building at 34 West 15th Street, New York, New York. He recalled that in approximately March of 1961, he prepared a standard form of Loft Lease in behalf of The Majestic Printing Corporation leasing the rear portion of the sixth floor at 34 West 15th Street to the 575 Sixth Avenue Realty, Inc., for a period of two years. This area is approximately twenty-five by forty feet and was leased for storage. He stated he has observed this area on several occasions the most recent being during March, 1962, and has noted that the area appears to be for storage purposes only and is not in regular use inasmuch as the area is very dirty with books and pamphlets tied in bundles and stacked together on the floor making it unusable on a regular basis.

2-Darshan (100-427269) (RM)
1-NY 100-90311 (41)
1-NY 100-132365 (41)

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(4)

100-90311-2453

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FBI-NEW YORK

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NY 100-132365

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b7C

On June 13, 1962, [redacted], Louis P. Schrag and Company, Inc., 132 West 23rd Street, New York City, advised that the rear portion of the sixth floor at 34 West 15th Street, New York City, is still utilized as a storage area by the Social Science Library and that the lease that was effected during March, 1961, is still in effect.

SOURCES

b7D

Source used in the above thumbnail sketch is [redacted].

Careful consideration has been given to the source concealed and the source was concealed only where absolutely necessary.

This source has furnished reliable information in the past.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-433932)

6/13/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-142782)

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL FOR MARXIST STUDIES,
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION

IS - C

ISA - 1950

(OO: NEW YORK)

ReBulet 6/11/62.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL FOR MARXIST STUDIES,
FORMERLY KNOWN AS THE PEOPLE'S SCHOOL
FOR MARXIST STUDIES

In September, 1960, a source advised that BETTY GANNETT announced at a meeting of the Communist Party, United States of America, (CP, USA) New York District (NYD), Staff, held September 16, 1960, that the People's School for Marxist Studies (PSMS) was founded in September, 1960, as the result of a decision of the CP, USA, NYD.

"The Worker", an east coast communist newspaper, in its issue of December 11, 1960, identified BETTY GANNETT as a full-time member of the New York State CP Staff in the capacity of Organizational and Educational Director.

"The Worker" of September 18, 1960, included an announcement regarding the PSMS, Room 1922, 853 Broadway, New York, N. Y., reflecting that the Fall Term would extend from October 17, 1960, through November 23, 1960, and that the SCOPE (Youth) Classes would extend from October 7, 1960, through November 11, 1960.

- 2 - BUREAU (100-433932) (RM)
- ① - NEW YORK (100-90311) (#41)
- 1 - NEW YORK (100-142782)

AMR:DJG
(4)

(100-90311-2454)

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| JUN 13 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 100-142782

"The Worker" of October 16, 1960, announced the opening of the New York School for Marxist Studies (NYSMS) with general classes beginning October 17, 1960, and SCOPE (Youth) Classes beginning October 14, 1960. The address of the School is Room 1922, 853 Broadway at 14th Street, New York, N.Y.

During April and May 1962 a second source furnished information that the NYSMS was then in operation at 853 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

The Spring Term, 1962, Bulletin of the NYSMS reflects Dr. HERBERT APTHEKER as the Director of the School.

A third source advised on December 14, 1959, that at the 17th National Convention of the CP, USA held December 10 - 13, 1959, HERBERT APTHEKER was elected a member of the National Committee of the CP, USA.

The April 1962, issue of "Political Affairs", self-described as the theoretical organ of the CP, USA, reflects that HERBERT APTHEKER is the Editor.

A characterization of SCOPE is included in the appendix.

The sources mentioned in the above characterization are as follows:

[Redacted]

CG 5824-S*

b7D

All sources mentioned in this characterization have furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given to each source concealed and their identities were concealed only where absolutely necessary.

Note: Characterization of SCOPE must be used in conjunction with this thumbnail sketch.

SAC, New York (100-128051)

June 5, 1962

Director, FBI (100-422153)

SEAMEN'S DEFENSE COMMITTEE
AGAINST COAST GUARD SCREENING
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Reurlet 5/29/62 captioned "Subversive Organization Characterizations" transmitting a revised characterization concerning captioned committee.


The characterization as submitted is not being approved inasmuch as it does not contain a current date showing the current existence of this organization.

You are instructed to furnish a revised characterization in this matter by return mail bringing the characterization up to date with a current statement regarding existence.

100-90311 - 2455

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| JUN 5 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

Naehle



SAC, New York (100-145277)

June 6, 1962

Director, FBI (100-435851)

**ARTISTS' COMMITTEE TO FREE SIQUEIROS
INTERNAL SECURITY - C**

ReNYlet 5-29-62 captioned "Subversive Organization Characterizations, Internal Security - C," which enclosed a proposed characterization of captioned organization.

This characterization is not being approved in its present form since it does not show the current status of captioned committee. Additionally, the next to the last paragraph does not indicate when the seventh source furnished the information in the paragraph; and, since the paragraph states Siqueiros is a national leader of the PCM (Mexican Communist Party) "currently," it is desirable to establish the date of this information.

A revised characterization should be immediately resubmitted showing the current status and the date the information was furnished, which is attributed to the seventh source.

100-90311-2486

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| JUN 7 1962 | |
| FBI-NEW YORK | |

[Signature]

SAC, New York (100-143887)

June 7, 1962

Director, FBI (100-434745)

COMMITTEE FOR A DEMOCRATIC SPAIN
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Reurlet May 29, 1962.

You are requested to resubmit the characterization of captioned organization. Incorporate a statement concerning the present status of this organization. Appropriate instructions concerning subversive organizations characterizations are contained in the FBI Handbook, Part I, pages 63-67.

This should be given your immediate attention.

Mem Card Made For February

100-90311-2457

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| JUN 1962 | |
| FBI-NEW YORK | |

[Signature]

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428691)

6/13/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-134920)

STUDENT COMMITTEE ON PROGRESSIVE EDUCATION
(SCOPE)
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C

ReBulet, 6/11/62.

Following is a characterization of the above captioned organization submitted for the Bureau's approval.

This characterization will be used in conjunction with the characterization on the New York School for Marxist Studies.

STUDENT COMMITTEE ON PROGRESSIVE EDUCATION (SCOPE)

A confidential source advised on June 16, 1958 that SCOPE was formed in early 1958, by a group of individuals who were believed to be, by the source, sympathizers of the former Labor Youth League (LYL).

The LYL has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 12850.

A second confidential source made available on April 1, 1958, a brochure put out by SCOPE which sets forth that the members of SCOPE believed that youth ought to know and so they are trying in a modest way to provide conditions in which youth can broaden their knowledge and improve their understanding of this "changing, perplexing and exciting age." According to this brochure, to accomplish this, SCOPE is conducting classes for youth taught by Marxist instructors.

A third confidential source advised on November 20, 1958, that at the third day's session of the National Executive Committee (NEC), CPUSA, held that day, in New York City, ROBERT THOMPSON, Executive Secretary, CPUSA, stated that in New York

2-Bureau (100-428691) (RM)
1-NY 100-90311 (41)
1-NY 100-134920 (414)

MJH:MMO
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| JUN 19 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

Warkle

NY 100-134920

there is a group of about 21 youths who have been a very active force in youth and formed a group called SCOPE, a Student Committee on Progressive Education, which has run for the last year with young people with a Marxist character. THOMPSON stated that approximately 8 or 10 of this group are CP members.

A fourth confidential source advised on March 24, 1959, that during a meeting of the NEC, CPUSA, held on March 21, 1959, HYMAN LUMER, CPUSA Educational Director, stated that in New York most of the discussions on youth are between the National Office (CP) and two groups of young people who function in New York which are either Party groups or pro-Party groups. The first group is called SCOPE (Student Committee on Progressive Education) and this group stands closest to the CP leadership.

A fifth confidential source made available on March 23, 1961, a mimeographed letter signed by "The Scope Committee." This letter sets forth that last fall SCOPE became a part of the newly formed New York School for Marxist Studies as its autonomous youth division.

A sixth confidential source made available the "Spring Term, 1962 Bulletin" of the New York School for Marxist Studies and its youth division, SCOPE, which reflects that SCOPE classes would begin on March 30, 1962.

As of 6/12/62, the building directory in the lobby of 853 Broadway, New York City, lists SCOPE in Room 1922.

SOURCES (In order of use)



b7D

NY 100-134920

All of the sources utilized in this characterization have furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given and the sources concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-434745)

6/13/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-143887)

COMMITTEE FOR A DEMOCRATIC SPAIN
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C
(OO:NY)

ReBulet, 6/7/62.

Submitted herewith is a revised characterization submitted for Bureau approval:

A source on February 18, 1961, furnished a statement from the Committee For A Democratic Spain (CFDS) which set out its address as Post Office Box 159, Cathedral Station, New York 25, New York. The statement furnished by the source set out.

"The time has come for a new effort to persuade our government to withdraw its moral and economic support from the Fascist FRANCO regime put into power in Spain by HITLER and MUSSOLINI. For this purpose, and to give such aid as is possible to the forces inside and outside Spain seeking freedom from the FRANCO dictatorship, the Committee For A Democratic Spain has been formed.

"The Committee will issue a newsletter that will report the significant developments in the struggle for a free Spain. Through public meetings, such as this initial one, the Committee intends to inform and arouse the American people about the true character of the FRANCO regime and the real prospects for liberation in Spain.

2-Bureau (100-434745) (RM)
1-NY 100-90311 (41)
1-NY 100-143887

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100-90311-2459

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| JUN 12 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |
| NRENLE | |

41

NY 100-143887

"Special efforts will be made to influence the KENNEDY Administration and the Congress to act in accordance with our American traditions of democracy and in the interest of our true national security by breaking the bonds of aid to FRANCO and encouraging the democratic impulses inside Spain."

The source on February 18, 1961, advised that from attending the first meeting of the CFDS on February 17, 1961, the composition of the group appeared to be a "Liberal - Socialist organization."

A second source on March 20, 1961, reported that the founders of the CFDS were J. ALVAREZ DEL VAYO and [redacted]. The second source described DEL VAYO and [redacted] as pre-Communist.

b6
b7C

A third source on June 11, 1962, furnished information that the CFDS continues to be active and utilizes Post Office Box 159, Cathedral Station, New York 25, New York.

SOURCES

1. [redacted]

2. [redacted]

[redacted] (By request)

b6
b7C
b7D

3. New York Confidential Mail Box.

All of the above sources have furnished reliable information in the past. Careful consideration has been given and sources concealed only where absolutely necessary.

100-434236
6/15/62
DIRECTOR, FBI (100-434236)

6/15/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-143130)

PROGRESSIVE YOUTH ORGANIZING COMMITTEE
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
ISA - 50

Re Bureau letter to New York, 6/11/62.

Revised characterization of the Progressive Youth Organizing Committee is as follows:

PROGRESSIVE YOUTH ORGANIZING COMMITTEE (PYOC)

On February 9, 1961, a source advised that the Progressive Youth Organizing Committee (PYOC) was established at a national socialist-oriented youth conference held in Chicago, Illinois, December 30, 1960, through January 1, 1961. This conference was the result of a mandate issued by the National Executive Committee, Communist Party, USA, calling for a youth conference to establish an organizing committee whose objective would be to set up a national socialist-oriented youth organization. The conference scheduled a convention to be held within a year to found a new national socialist-oriented youth organization.

On June 19, 1961, another source advised that it was decided at the meeting of the National Council of the PYOC held Detroit, Michigan, June 17 and 18, 1961, that the founding conference for the national youth organization to be established by the PYOC would be held sometime during the fall of 1962.

On May 20, 1962, a third source advised that the PYOC has its headquarters at 80 East 11th Street, New York, New York.

2 - Bureau (100-434236) (RM)
1 - New York (100-90311) (4)
1 - New York (100-143130)

JRH: gmm
(4)

100-90311-2460

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| JUN 15 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 100-143130

Sources

First source CG 5824-S*
Second source [redacted]
Third source [redacted]

b7D

All sources have furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given and sources concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-16)

6/15/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-4013)

"INTERNATIONAL SOCIALIST REVIEW"
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-SWP

ReBulet to NY, 6/7/62.

Relet requested a revision in the characterization of captioned publication. The correction requested by the Bureau is included in the revised characterization set forth below:

The issue of November 27, 1961, of "The Militant" a weekly newspaper of the Socialist Workers Party (SWP), described the "International Socialist Review" as "a magazine reflecting the viewpoint of the SWP."

The Spring, 1962 issue of "International Socialist Review" described the magazine as a quarterly publication, located at 116 University Place, NYC.

The SWP has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

- 2 - Bureau (100-16) (RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1 - New York (100-4013)

GPE:nbc
(4)

100-90311-2461

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| 1962 | |

[Handwritten signature]

SAC, New York (100-142451)

June 15, 1962

Director, FBI (100-436225)

THE U. S. FESTIVAL COMMITTEE, INC.
(8TH WORLD YOUTH FESTIVAL)
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Reurlet 5-29-62 submitting characterizations of subversive organizations operating within your territory including captioned group.

The characterization as submitted is not being approved as it does not show that the U. S. Festival Committee has the official recognition of the International Preparatory Committee which is responsible for the Festival. In addition, information should be attributed to the original source in the first paragraph and not to a confidential source. Information concerning the headquarters of this group can be attributed to a document on the letterhead of the Committee or newspaper article which is public source information.

A revised characterization containing this information should be submitted by return mail for approval.

See Carl Smith for filing

100-96311-2462

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| JUN 18 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

Com

SAC, New York (100-101882)

June 15, 1962

Director, FBI (100-116733)

JEWISH WRITERS VEREIN
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION
CHARACTERIZATION
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Reurlet 5-29-62 which advised that captioned matter was being deleted from the Thumbnail Sketch Program inasmuch as the Jewish Writers Club of the Yiddisher Kultur Farband (YKUF) is a component part of the YKUF.

The Bureau believes that you should submit a characterization in captioned matter inasmuch as it will have to be documented. This sketch can be short, showing the origin, aims and purposes, and its affiliation with the YKUF. This should be followed with information showing its present status.

Take Care for Johnny

100-90311-2463

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| SERIALIZED | FILED |
| JUN 18 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

Worm

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-436225)

6/20/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-142451)

THE UNITED STATES FESTIVAL COMMITTEE, INCORPORATED
(EIGHTH WORLD YOUTH FESTIVAL)
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
(OO:NY)

Rebulet, 5/15/62.

The following is a revised characterization of the above organization submitted to the Bureau for approval:

The magazine "World Youth," the third issue of 1961, described as being published bi-monthly in the English language by the World Federation of Democratic Youth, editorial offices in Budapest, Hungary, (the World Federation of Democratic Youth is cited as a Communist organization in the House Committee on Un-American Activities, Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications, December 1, 1961 page 177), contained an article entitled "8th Festival in Helsinki." The article set out that the first meeting of the International Preparatory Committee took place in Helsinki, Finland, from February 20 to 28, 1961, to prepare for the Eighth World Youth Festival, which was to be held in Helsinki, in 1962.

The article set out that the International Preparatory Committee elected a permanent organization composed of representatives of a number of countries, including Canada of the USA, as well as representatives from the organization, "World Federation of Democratic Youth" and "International Union of Students." (The International Union of Students has been cited as a Communist organization in the House Committee on Un-American Activities, Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications, December 1, 1961, page 91), with headquarters in Prague, Czechoslovakia.

A source advised that in April, 1962, DANNY RUBIN, National Youth Director, CPUSA, advised that 17 districts

- 3-Bureau (100-436225) (RM)
- 1-100-436224 (GTH:WTF)
- 1-100-90311 (41)
- 1-NY 100-142451 (41)

HPA: [unclear]

100-96311-2464

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| SERIALIZED | FILED |
| JUN 20 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

Naehle

NY 100-142451

should concentrate on getting broad groups to sponsor the United States Festival Committee (USFC).

A second source on February 27, 1962, made available a pamphlet issued by the USFC describing the program for the Festival. The pamphlet set out that the USFC was organized by students and youth leaders at a founding conference at Chicago, Illinois, October 15, 1961, and the USFC was organized to publicize and encourage participation in the Helsinki Festival. The pamphlet set out that the USFC had been recognized by the International Preparatory Committee, the sponsoring body of the Festival, as the United States Committee to administer US participation in the Festival to be held July 27 - August 5, 1962. The pamphlet set out the address of the USFC as room 807, 460 Park Avenue South, New York 16, New York.

The second source made available the information on May 13, 1962, that the USFC reported that the dates of the Eighth World Festival had been changed from July 27 - August 5, 1962 to July 28 - August 6, 1962.

The Manhattan, New York address telephone directory dated 6/5/62, lists the USFC at 460 Park Avenue South, New York, New York, telephone MU 6-0132.

SOURCES

1. [redacted]
2. [redacted] (by request)

b6
b7C
b7D

The above sources have furnished reliable information in the past. Careful consideration has been given and sources concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-7254)

5/29/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-90311)

SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATIONS
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

ReNYlet 5/26/61.

There are enclosed herewith two copies each of 112 characterizations, including one characterization with an additional copy, as set out under item (C) below.

The characterization of the following organization was inadvertently submitted individually on the date listed after the Bufile in parentheses:

TASS NEWS AGENCY
(100-183386, 5/1/62)

A. ORGANIZATIONS WHICH HAVE BECOME DEFUNCT
SINCE THE PREVIOUS JUNE FIRST NOTIFICATION

AMERICAN COUNCIL FOR WARSAW JEWS
(100-301010)

LABOR EDUCATIONAL LEAGUE
(100-432188)

MOVIMIENTO 21 DE MARZO
(105-86860)

PROVISIONAL COMMITTEE FOR A FREE AFRICA
(100-434783)

RAMON EMETERIO BETANCES GROUP
(105-85578)

2 - BUREAU
1 - NEW YORK

(100-7254)(Enc. 225)(RM)
(100-90311)(41)

HEN:mb
(3)

APPROVED JUN 21 1962
Date

100-90311-2465

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| SEARCHED | INDEXED |
| SERIALIZED | FILED |
| 41 JUN 2 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 100-90311

B. NEWLY FORMED ORGANIZATIONS ON WHICH CASES ARE PENDING AND CONCERNING WHICH INSUFFICIENT INFORMATION EXISTS AS YET TO PREPARE A THUMBNAIL SKETCH CHARACTERIZATION

ARMENIAN GENERAL BENEVOLENT UNION
(100-356147)

BRONX COMMITTEE IN DEFENSE OF THE BILL OF RIGHTS
(100-437761)

CAMP HORIZONS
(Bufile not known)

COMMITTEE OF INITIATORS
(100-437931)

"CRAZY HORSE"
(100-437539)

CROSS CURRENTS PRESS
(97-4014)

LOUIS M. RABINOWITZ FOUNDATION, INC.
(100-436738)

THE MARXISM DISCUSSION CLUB,
QUEENS COLLEGE (COMINFIL)
(100-425779)

C. ALL ACTIVE ORGANIZATIONS ON WHICH CHARACTERIZATIONS HAVE BEEN SUBMITTED OR ARE BEING SUBMITTED WITH INSTANT LETTER FOR APPROVAL

✓ ACCION PATRIOTICA UNITARIA
(New York Branch)
(PATRIOTIC UNITARIAN ACTION) (APU)
(105-75842)

✓ ADRIATIC TRAVEL AGENCY
(100-366479)

✓ ADVANCE, AN ORGANIZATION OF PROGRESSIVE YOUTH
(100-432563)

NY 100-90311

- ✓ AMERICAN COMMUNICATIONS ASSOCIATION
(100-118)
- ✓ AMERICAN FEDERATION FOR AID TO POLISH JEWS OF THE
AMERICAN ALLIANCE OF JEWISH POLISH SOCIETIES, INC.
(105-3897)
- ✓ AMERICAN LITHUANIAN WORKERS LITERARY ASSOCIATION
(100-62545)
- "AMERIKAI MAGYAR SZO"
(61-6361)
- ✓ AMTORG TRADING CORPORATION *add card OK*
(61-5381)
- ✓ ARMENIAN NATIONAL COUNCIL OF AMERICA
(100-337674)
- ✓ ARROWHEAD LODGE *add card OK*
(100-398593)
- ARTISTS' COMMITTEE TO FREE SIQUEIROS
(100-435851)
- ✓ ARTKINO PICTURES INCORPORATED
(65-1673)
- ✓ ASSOCIATION OF LITHUANIAN WORKERS
(61-9622)
- ✓ BILL OF RIGHTS FUND
(100-415194)
- ✓ "BOHEMIA" *add card OK*
(64-45716)
- ✓ BROOKLYN READERS CLUB
(100-437410)
- ✓ BURNING ISSUES
(100-435442)
- ✓ CAMP MIDVALE
(65-15377)

NY 100-90311

✓CASA CUBA CLUB
(97-3874)

✓CHAIT'S FARM, ACCORD, NEW YORK *add and OK*
(100-406362)

✓CHINA DAILY NEWS
(100-196148)

✓CHINESE HAND LAUNDRY ALLIANCE
(100-365097)

✓COMITE DE AYUDA AGRUPACION POLITICA 14 DE JUNIO
(105-99843)

✓COMITE PRO DEFENSA CIUDADANA
(105-109834)

COMITE REVOLUCIONARIO PRO LIBERACION DOMINICANA
DE LOS ESTADOS UNIDOS
(105-82752)

✓COMMITTEE AGAINST NAZISM AND ANTI-SEMITISM,
FORMERLY KNOWN AS THE COMMITTEE TO STOP THE
REVIVAL OF NAZISM AND ANTI-SEMITISM
(100-432605)

✓COMMITTEE FOR A DEMOCRATIC SPAIN
(100-434745)

✓COMMITTEE OF FIRST AMENDMENT DEFENDANTS
(100-432102)

✓COMMITTEE TO AID THE MONROE DEFENDANTS
(100-436091)

✓THE COMMITTEE TO DEFEND
(105-98101)

✓COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL
(100-387835)

DELEGACION AYUDA AL FRENTE INTERNO DOMINICANO
(105-94208)

✓DOMINICAN LIBERATION MOVEMENT
(97-3876)

b6
b7c

NY 100-90311

- ✓ EDWARD E. STRONG MEMORIAL EDUCATIONAL TRUST FUND *add and ok*
(100-427162)
- ✓ EMERGENCY COMMITTEE FOR A FREE PRESS
(97-401)
- ✓ EMMA LAZARUS FEDERATION OF JEWISH WOMEN'S CLUBS
(100-400394)
- ✓ F & D PRINTING COMPANY, INC.
(100-361367)
- ✓ FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE
(97-4196)
- ✓ 575 SIXTH AVENUE REALTY, INC.
(100-426395)
- ✓ FOUR CONTINENT BOOK CORPORATION *add and ok*
(65-1674)
- ✓ FREEDOMWAYS ASSOCIATES, INC.
(100-434819)
- ✓ FRENTE UNIDO DOMINICANO
(105-52929)
- ✓ GARMENT COMMITTEE FOR A GOOD NEIGHBOR POLICY WITH CUBA
(100-435888)
- ✓ GREATER NEW YORK PRESS CLUB
(100-435188)
- ✓ GREEK ACTIVITIES IN THE UNITED STATES *add and ok*
(61-9587)
- ✓ "GREEK AMERICAN TRIBUNE"
(100-14125)
- ✓ "HOKUBEI SHIMPO"
(105-43325)
- ✓ IMPORTED PUBLICATIONS AND PRODUCTS, INC.
(100-378547)

NY 100-90311

- ✓ "INTERNATIONAL SOCIALIST REVIEW"
(100-16)
- ✓ JEFFERSON BOOK SHOP, INC.
(100-350092)
- ✓ JEWISH COMMITTEE FOR CIVIL WAR CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION
(100-434793)
- ✓ JEWISH CULTURAL CLUBS AND SOCIETIES
(100-410077)
- ✓ "JEWISH CURRENTS," FORMERLY KNOWN AS "JEWISH LIFE"
(100-38759)
- ✓ JEWISH MUSIC ALLIANCE
(100-341896)
- JEWISH WRITERS VEREIN
(100-116733)
- ✓ JOHNSON FOREST GROUP
(100-397390)
- ✓ JULY 26TH MOVEMENT - NEW YORK
(97-3243)
- ✓ "LAISVE"
(100-23165)
- ✓ LIBERTARIAN LEAGUE
(105-46680)
- ✓ LIBERTY BOOK CLUB
(100-356782)
- ✓ "LRAPER"
(100-346794)
- ✓ "L'UNITA"
(100-122084)
- ✓ MANHATTAN PRESS CLUB
(100-437404)

NY 100-90311

- ✓ MARXIST DISCUSSION CLUB, CITY COLLEGE OF NEW YORK
(100-427396)
- ✓ MEDICAL AID TO CUBA COMMITTEE
(105-106555)
- ✓ METROPOLITAN RECREATION ASSOCIATION
(65-15377)
- ✓ MONROE DEFENSE COMMITTEE
(100-436190)
- ✓ MONTHLY REVIEW *add card O.K.*
(100-361313)
- ✓ MOVIMIENTO LIBERTADOR DE PUERTO RICO
(105-84072)
- ✓ MOVIMIENTO PRO INDEPENDENCIA DE PUERTO RICO
(105-75715)
- ✓ MOVIMIENTO 24 DE JULIO DE 1898
(105-101102)
- ✓ NATION OF ISLAM
(25-330971)
- ✓ NATIONAL RENAISSANCE PARTY
(62-83296)
- ✓ NATIONALIST PARTY OF PUERTO RICO - NY JUNTA
(62-7721)
- ✓ NEW ERA BOOK AND SUBSCRIPTION AGENCY, INC.
(100-436669)
- ✓ NEW YORK COUNCIL TO ABOLISH THE HOUSE UN-AMERICAN
ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE
(100-434663)
- ✓ THE NEW YORK SCHOOL FOR MARXIST STUDIES
(100-433932)
- ✓ 1962 LABOR AND PEOPLES COMMITTEE FOR MAY DAY
(100-437651)

NY 100-90311

- ✓ PANHELLENIC MARINE FEDERATION
(105-75006)
- ✓ THE PHYSICIANS FORUM, INC.
(100-358069)
- ✓ PRENSA LATINA
(105-80145)
- ✓ PROGRESSIVE YOUTH ORGANIZING COMMITTEE
(100-434236)
- ✓ PUBLISHERS NEW PRESS, INC.
(97-401)
- ✓ RELIGIOUS FREEDOM COMMITTEE
(100-410587)
- ✓ REVOLUCION *add card OK*
(64-44297)
- SEAMEN'S DEFENSE COMMITTEE AGAINST
COAST GUARD SCREENING
(100-422153)
- ✓ SERVICE BUREAU OF JEWISH EDUCATION
(100-398637)
- ✓ SOCIAL SCIENCE LIBRARY
(100-427269)
- ✓ SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY - NEW YORK LOCAL
(100-16-35)
- ✓ SOVFOTO *add card OK*
(97-1690)
- ✓ STUDENT COMMITTEE ON PROGRESSIVE EDUCATION
(100-428691)
- STUDENT COUNCIL, FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE
(97-4428)
- ✓ "SVIESA"
(100-32415)

NY 100-90311

- ✓ TANJUG
(100-351710)
- ✓ TEACHERS UNION OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK
(100-75957)
- ✓ "TIESA"
(100-23686)
- ✓ TWELFTH-THIRTEENTH REALTY CORPORATION
(100-348760)
- ✓ TWO CONTINENTS COMMODITY CORPORATION
(100-431582)
- ✓ UKRAINIAN-AMERICAN LEAGUE, INC.
(Bufile not known)
- ✓ UNITED AFRICAN NATIONALIST MOVEMENT *add card OK*
(105-92148)
- ✓ UNITED ELECTRICAL, RADIO AND MACHINE WORKERS
OF AMERICA (COMINFIL)
(100-26912)
- ✓ UNITED STATES COMMITTEE FOR COOPERATION WITH
THE JAPAN COUNCIL AGAINST THE A AND H BOMBS
(100-435680)
- THE UNITED STATES FESTIVAL COMMITTEE, INC.
(EIGHTH WORLD YOUTH FESTIVAL)
(100-436225)
- ✓ WEST SIDE COMMITTEE FOR FRIENDLY RELATIONS WITH CUBA
(100-435001)
- ✓ WORKERS WORLD PARTY
(100-430172)
- ✓ WORLD BOOKS
(100-435053)
- ✓ "YOUNG SOCIALIST"
(100-427226)
- ✓ YOUNG SOCIALIST ALLIANCE
(100-427226)

NY 100-90311

YOUTH PUBLICATIONS, INC.
PUBLISHER OF "NEW HORIZONS FOR YOUTH"
(100-433843)

✓ YUGOSLAV-AMERICAN CULTURAL CLUB
(105-30659)

✓ "YUGOSLAV FACTS AND VIEWS"
(97-2977)

✓ "YUGOSLAV NEWS BULLETIN"
(97-2977)

There are listed below those organizations on which up-to-date characterizations were submitted under separate letter and where there has been no change in the thumbnail sketch. The date of the letter submitting the sketch is listed alongside the Bufile number.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF SCIENTIFIC WORKERS
(100-203763, 4/18/62)

BRONX COMMITTEE FOR CIVIL LIBERTIES AND CIVIL RIGHTS
(100-412902, 4/11/62)

BRONX PRESS FORUM
(100-437407, 4/13/62)

KNICKERBOCKER BINDERY, INC.
(100-437405, 4/10/62)

NEWS AND LETTERS COMMITTEES, NEW YORK LOCAL
(100-397390, Bulet 4/12/62)

ON GUARD COMMITTEE FOR FREEDOM
(100-435011, 3/26/62)

PROGRESSIVE LABOR
(100-437041, 3/14/62)

WOMEN'S COMMUNITY FORUM
(100-421559, 3/27/62)

NY 100-90311

For information of the Bureau, the NYO is not submitting revised characterizations for the following active organizations on which the NYO previously submitted characterizations, inasmuch as these organizations are listed in the new (12/1/61) issue of the "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications":

CITIZENS COMMITTEE FOR CONSTITUTIONAL LIBERTIES
(100-434917)

THE FUND FOR SOCIAL ANALYSIS
(100-427468)

NATIONAL ASSEMBLY FOR DEMOCRATIC RIGHTS
(100-435817)

PROVISIONAL ORGANIZING COMMITTEE FOR A
MARXIST-LENINIST COMMUNIST PARTY
(100-429200)

RUSSKY GOLOS PUBLISHING CORPORATION
(100-39588)

YOUTH TO ABOLISH THE UN-AMERICAN COMMITTEE
(100-432613)

In addition, the NYO has revised the characterization of the American Labor Party (Bufile 100-25869), as contained in SAC Letter No. 57-36 (G), dated 6/18/57, to reflect that the characterization, with the exception of the statement of PETER HAWLEY in the last paragraph, is contained in the 12/1/61 issue of the "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications" instead of the 1/2/57 issue of the "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications."

Date JUN 21 1962

TO SAC:

(Copies to Offices Checked)

- Albany
- Albuquerque
- Anchorage
- Atlanta
- Baltimore
- Birmingham
- Boston
- Buffalo
- Butte
- Charlotte
- Chicago
- Cincinnati
- Cleveland
- Dallas
- Denver
- Detroit
- El Paso

- Honolulu
- Houston
- Indianapolis
- Jacksonville
- Kansas City
- Knoxville
- Las Vegas
- Little Rock
- Los Angeles
- Louisville
- Memphis
- Miami
- Milwaukee
- Minneapolis
- Mobile
- Newark
- New Haven

- New Orleans
- New York City
- Norfolk
- Oklahoma City
- Omaha
- Philadelphia
- Phoenix
- Pittsburgh
- Portland
- Richmond
- St. Louis
- Salt Lake City
- San Antonio
- San Diego
- San Francisco
- San Juan
- Savannah

- Seattle
- Springfield
- Tampa
- Washington Field
- Quantico

TO LEGAT:

- Bern
- Bonn
- London
- Madrid
- Manila
- Mexico D. F.
- Ottawa
- Paris
- Rome
- Rio de Janeiro
- Tokyo

RE: *Subversive Organization Characterizations
Internal Security - C*

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| SERIALIZED..... | FILED..... |
| JUN 22 1962 F. B. I. - NEW YORK | |
| Surep, BY <i>[Signature]</i> | |

- For information
- For appropriate action
- The enclosed is for your information. If used in a future report, conceal all sources, paraphrase contents.
- Enclosed are corrected pages from report of SA _____ dated _____.

REMARKS: *See Bulets as follows:*

- "Amerikai Magyar Szó," 6-13-62*
- Artists' Committee to Free Siqueiros, 6-6-62*
- Comite Revolucionario Pro Liberacion Dominicana, 6-11-62*
- Committee Against Nazism & Anti-Semitism, 6-7-62*
- Committee for A Democratic Spain, 6-7-62*
- Committee of First Amendment Defendants, 6-6-62*
- Delegacion Ayuda AL Frente Interno Dominicano, 6-11-62*
- Emergency Committee for A Free Press, 6-6-62*
- "International Socialist Review," 6-7-62*
- Jefferson Book Shop, INC., 6-6-62*
- Jewish Writers Verein, 6-15-62*
- New York Council to Abolish The House Un-American Activities
Enclosure(s) 94 Committee, 6-5-62*

Bufile *100-7254*
Urfile *100-90311*

(see over) 100-90311-2466

100-90311-2467
5/9

SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-43073)

5/3/62

SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-25875)

SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATIONS
IS - C

Re SAC letter number 62-21 dated 4/10/62
requesting submission of thumbnail sketches of subversive
organizations.

Los Angeles is requested to furnish San Francisco
with the new Bureau approved characterization of Citizens
Committee to Preserve American Freedom.

New York is requested to furnish San Francisco
with the new Bureau approved characterizations for Citizens
Committee for Constitutional Liberties, Fair Play for Cuba
Committee, Young Socialist Alliance, and "China Walks Free"

- 3 - Los Angeles
- 2 - New York
- 6 - San Francisco

- (1 - 100-25875)
- (1 - 97-347) (INFO)
- (1 - 100-3042) (CCNY)
- (1 - 100-43450) (YSA)
- (1 - 100-25169) (CSB)
- (1 - 100-47057) (CUL)

II/csm
(10)

100-90311-2467

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| MAY 7 1962 | |
| FBI-NEW YORK | |

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DIRECTOR, FBI (100-437735)

6/25/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-148234)

THE GUS HALL-BENJAMIN J. DAVIS
DEFENSE COMMITTEE
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C
(OO: NY)

There is set forth below a characterization of the above captioned organization submitted for the Bureau's approval.

A source advised on 3/27/62, that GUS HALL, General Secretary, Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), stated on March 26, 1962, that the Party will form a new committee known as the GUS HALL-BENJAMIN J. DAVIS Defense Committee (HDCC). The purpose of this committee is to raise \$100,000.00 for the defense of HALL and DAVIS.

The source advised on May 7, 1962, that GUS HALL is the General Secretary, CPUSA.

Another source advised on May 7, 1962, that BENJAMIN J. DAVIS, while addressing the Crown Heights Forum in Brooklyn, New York, on May 6, 1962, stated that he is the National Secretary of the CPUSA.

A third source advised on January 17, 1961, that the Crown Heights Forum is sponsored by the Crown Heights Section of the Kings County CP and is opened to both Party and non-Party members.

"The Worker," an East Coast Communist newspaper, issue of April 8, 1962, page 1, column 1, contained an article announcing that the HDCC was formed last week.

The article listed the following officers for the HDCC:

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------|
| ELIZABETH GURLEY FLYNN | - Chairman |
| JAMES J. TORMEY | - Executive Secretary |
| [Redacted] | - Treasurer |

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2-Bureau (100-437735) (RM)
1-New York (100-90311) (415)
1-New York (100-148234) (415)
EMN:rmv
(4)

5 1962
NEW YORK
[Signature]

100-90311-2468

NY 100-148234

The first source advised on May 7, 1962, that ELIZABETH GURLEY FLYNN is Chairman of the CPUSA, and JAMES TORMEY is a member of the NATIONAL Committee of the CPUSA.

A fourth source advised on June 10, 1960, that [redacted] is a member of the Lower Thirteenth CP Club, New York City.

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"The Worker," issue of June 5, 1962, page 2, columns 4-5, sets out that the HALL-DAVIS Committee is located at 22 East 17th Street, Room 1225, New York 3, New York.

The first source is NY 694-S*.

The second source is [redacted]

b7D

The third source is [redacted]

The fourth source is [redacted]

All of the above sources have furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given to the sources concealed and T symbols were utilized in the report only in those instances where the identities of the sources must be concealed.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-116733)

June 26, 1962

SAC, NEW YORK (100-101882) (c)

JEWISH WRITERS VEREIN aka;
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C

(OO:NEW YORK)

ReBulet 6/15/62.

The following is a revised characterization of captioned organization.

A source advised on June 30, 1955, that the Jewish Writers Verein also known as Jewish Writers Verhein, Jewish Writers Club of the Yiddisher Kultur Farband (YKUF), was formed in 1949, and is a successor to the organization called the Prolet Pen (Proletarian Pen), which was strictly a Communist Writers Club.

The magazine "Yiddishe Kultur", published by the YKUF, in its issue for December, 1952, stated that the objectives of the YKUF Writers Club are to acquaint the masses with the progressive Jewish authors; to be of service to the YKUF and its activities; to distribute the magazine "Yiddishe Kultur".

Another source in 1950, and again on June 22, 1962, advised that the Jewish Writers Club of the YKUF is part of the YKUF and consists of Communists and "left-wing" Jewish writers. Meetings of the group have been held for many years at the headquarters of the YKUF, 189 Second Avenue, New York City. During the recent past, the group has continued to meet at the YKUF and use the name Jewish Writers Club.

The YKUF has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

- 2 - Bureau (100-116733) (RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1 - New York (100-27079) (YKUF) (41)
- 1 - New York (100-101882) (41)

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100-90311-2469

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| JUN 27 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

Walter

NY 100-101882

"SOURCES"

b7D

The first source used is former [redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past. The second source is [redacted], who has furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given to the sources concealed and the sources were concealed only where it was absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-94208)

6/27/62

SAC, NEW YORK (105-46699)

DELEGACION AYUDA AL FRENTE
INTERNO DOMINICANO aka
Delegacion Ayuda Frente Interno
Dominicano (Delegation to Aid
Dominican Internal Front)
Frente Interno Dominicano En Exilio
(Dominican Internal Front in Exile)
(DAFID)

SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION

IS - DOMINICAN REPUBLIC

Bureau letter to NY, dated 6/11/62.

Submitted herewith is an amended characterization
for the Bureau's approval.

Records of the Registration Section, Internal
Security Division, US Department of Justice, Washington,
D.C. reflect that captioned organization had been registered
on 11/25/60, on statement #1410 in the name of Delegacion
Ayuda Frente Interno Dominicano. According to the
Registration Statement, the DAFID was organized in October, 1960,
in New York, as a voluntary group and the approximate number
of members in the United States was listed as three. The intended
purpose of the DAFID was "concerned with the hopes to bring
about democratization of the Dominican Republic".

[redacted] and [redacted] were all described as
Directors. Letters dated 3/1/61, from [redacted] and [redacted]
reflected that both [redacted] and [redacted] had decided to resign
from DAFID, effective immediately.

- 2- Bureau (105-94208) (RM)
- 1- New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1- New York (105-46699)

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Handwritten initials and numbers:
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| JUN 29 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

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NY 105-46699

A source advised on 2/21/61, that [redacted] has represented himself as a member of the DAFID and that he is close to the pro-Communist groups, Frente Unido Dominicano (FUD) and Movimiento de Liberacion Dominicana (MLD), but prefers to represent himself with the DAFID because of the pro-Communist reputation of the FUD and MLD.

[redacted] the Comite Revolucionario Pro Liberacion Dominicana De Los Estados Unidos (CRPLD) advised during October and November, 1961, that DAFID which is directed by [redacted] and [redacted] the CRPLD and six other Dominican exile organizations in New York City had banded together in June, 1961, after the assassination of Generalissimo TRUJILLO to form the Council of Democratic Dominicans in Exile (CEDD) to morally support the new democratic political party in the Dominican Republic, known as the Union Civica Nacional (UCN). [redacted] said [redacted] and [redacted] attended some meetings of the CEDD, but DAFID itself had few interested members, no headquarters and little or no influence in Dominican exile activities in NYC.

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[redacted] advised on 11/25/61, that he was departing the US on 11/27/61, and that he intended to reside permanently in the Dominican Republic. He said he intended to inform the US Department of Justice by letter that DAFID has been disbanded and is no longer functioning in the US.

The source mentioned above is [redacted] [redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past and who has requested his identity concealed.

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b7D

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82752)

6/27/62

SAC, NEW YORK (105-38311)

COMITE REVOLUCIONARIO PRO
LIBERACION DOMINICANA DE LOS
ESTADOS UNIDOS (REVOLUTIONARY COMMITTEE
FOR DOMINICAN LIBERATION IN THE US)
(CRPLD)

SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION

IS-

IS-DOMINICAN REPUBLIC

Re Bureau letter to NY, dated 6/11/62.

Submitted herewith is an amended characterization
for the Bureau's approval.

In April, 1961, [redacted]

[redacted] Director of the CRPLD claimed
this organization had approximately 350 members in New York
City; however, for the most part they have been inactive
recently. "Liberacion", the official publication of
the CRPLD is not being published because of lack of
funds.

[redacted] said the purpose of the CRPLD was to unite
all Dominican exile groups into a common front against
the TRUJILLO regime. The CRPLD was organized in 1959
after the CASTRO forces in Cuba were successful. It appeared
at that time that FIDEL CASTRO, who had previously made
some sensational statements in favor of a Dominican revolution,
would help General MIGUEL ANGEL RAMIREZ organize an
armed expedition against the TRUJILLO forces in the
Dominican Republic.

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b7c

- 2- Bureau (105-82752) (RM)
- 1- New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1- New York (105-38311)

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| JUN 29 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 105-38311

[] said the CRPLD, was very sympathetic to the efforts of General RAMIREZ to assist the Dominicans who had attempted the expedition against the Dominican Republic in June, 1959. However, CASTRO later imprisoned General RAMIREZ and it was apparent CASTRO had no intention of helping the anti-TRUJILLISTES. After this [] claimed the Dominicans wanted to overthrow the TRUJILLO regime without any aid whatever from CASTRO's Communist Cuba.

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[] advised during October and November, 1961, that the CRPLD and seven other democratic anti-CASTRO and anti-Communist Dominican exile organizations in NYC, had banded together in June, 1961, after the assassination of Generalissimo TRUJILLO to form the Council of Democratic Dominicans in Exile (CEDD) to morally support the new democratic party in the Dominican Republic known as the Union Civica Nacional (UCN). [] attended meetings of the CEDD, but the CRPLD, although an autonomous group, held no meetings and its members were inactive during this period. The CRPLD closed its offices at 218 West 47th St., in New York City, because it was unable to pay the rent. [] said he was the only remaining active member of the CRPLD and he intended to depart for the Dominican Republic on December 3, 1961, to observe the political situation there and possibly to openly support the UCN.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, New York (100-90311)

DATE: June 22, 1962

FROM : Director, FBI (100-7254)

SUBJECT: SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION
CHARACTERIZATIONS
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

ReNYlet 5-29-62 which furnished up-to-date sketches of subversive organizations for approval by the Bureau in connection with this annual program.

The Bureau has completed its review of these sketches and those sketches which were approved have been returned to New York by separate communication with appropriate approval notations contained thereon. For the guidance of New York and in order to streamline the submission of these sketches during the annual program, New York should discontinue the practice of furnishing abstracts with each sketch. Further, it would greatly assist the Bureau if New York would have these sketches typed on plain paper with the appropriate headings outlined in the FBI Handbook, Part I, page 64, Item (b), rather than on Optional Form Number 10. These sketches are enclosures to the cover letter and when placed on Optional Form Number 10 have the appearance of separate communications which results in routing problems at the Bureau.

New York should take into consideration the foregoing comments when submitting the next annual letter in this regard.

100-90311-2472

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| FBI NEW YORK | |

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DIRECTOR, FBI (100-435188)

6/26/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-144263)

GREATER NEW YORK PRESS CLUB
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
(OO: NY)

Set forth below for Bureau approval, is a revised characterization of captioned organization.

A source advised on February 21, 1961, that LOUIS WEINSTOCK, on February 20, 1961, stated: "In the future we will have our own press club," and the club will be called "Greater New York Press Club."

"The Worker", an East Coast Communist newspaper, in its issue of August 7, 1960, page 2, identified LOUIS WEINSTOCK as the General Manager of "The Worker."

A second source on April 12, 1961, made available a letter on the stationery of "The Worker", which announced the formation of the Greater New York Press Club, and described it as "a social club devoted solely to help build the press and provide a forum for exchanging views and opinions on current events." This source advised on April 21, 1961, that the first meeting of the Greater New York Press Club was held on April 10, 1961, at the Polonia Club, 201 Second Avenue, New York City, and that the primary function of the Greater New York Press Club is to raise money for "The Worker"; to be accomplished by obtaining members and holding social affairs. This source advised on May 3, 1961, that on April 22, 1961, the President of the Greater New York Press Club stated that the Club was "composed of Communists, non-Communists, sympathizers and friends of 'The Worker.'"

- 2 - Bureau (100-435188) (RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1 - New York (100-144263) (41)

PJL:lgb
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100-90311-2473

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 100-144263

A third source on May 1, 1961, made available a one page mimeographed letter dated May 1, 1961, bearing the typed letterhead "Greater New York Press Club, 23 West 26th Street, New York 10, New York, OR 9-9450."

The current New York City Telephone Directory (Manhattan) lists "The Worker", at 23 West 26th Street, telephone number OR 9-9450.

The first source on January 29, 1962, advised that the Greater New York Press Club is currently the vehicle by which officials of "The Worker" seek the support of Communist Party members and others to obtain financial support and build the circulation of "The Worker". This source advised that in the past month the Greater New York Press Club has expanded its activities by forming press clubs in the various counties of New York.

A fourth source on April 3, 1962, advised that during a meeting of the Worker Advisory Council on March 15, 1962, [redacted] Business Manager of "The Worker" stated "we see the press clubs as important organizations for the building of our papers". The source advised that a proposal by [redacted] that the Executive Committees of the New York area press clubs comprise the Greater New York Press Club was approved at this meeting.

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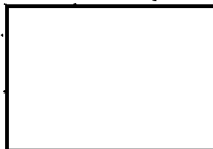
The second source on April 19, 1962, advised that during a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Greater New York Press Club on April 16, 1962, final plans were made for the first anniversary dinner of the Greater New York Press Club to be held on April 28, 1962, in New York City.

The first source on April 30, 1962, advised that during the first anniversary dinner of the Greater New York Press Club held on April 28, 1962, in New York City, the Chairman announced that the Greater New York Press Club had been dissolved into city clubs with more clubs to be formed.

NY 100-144263

Sources

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.



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The above sources have furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given and the sources were concealed only where absolutely necessary.

SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-28875)

6/28/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-90311)

SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATIONS
IS-C

Re San Francisco letter, dated 5/3/62, in captioned matter, requesting the new Bureau approved characterizations of various organizations.

The Citizens Committee for Constitutional Liberties is characterized by using the citation contained in the 12/1/61, issue of the "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications".

Attached hereto for the San Francisco Office are the current characterizations for the following organizations:

1. "China Daily News"

The sources used are former [redacted] and [redacted] both of whom have furnished reliable information in the past.

2. Fair Play for Cuba Committee

The sources used are [redacted], [redacted] and [redacted] all of whom have furnished reliable information in the past.

3. Young Socialist Alliance

The source used is [redacted], who has furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given and the sources were concealed only where necessary in the above three characterizations.

2 - SAN FRANCISCO (100-28875) (3 ENCLS.) (RM)
1 - NEW YORK (100-90311) (#41)

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100-90311-2494

JAS
7/3/62

SAC, New York (100-142451)

July 3, 1962

Director, FBI (100-436225)

THE UNITED STATES FESTIVAL COMMITTEE, INC.
(EIGHTH WORLD YOUTH FESTIVAL)
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Reurlet 6/20/62 submitting for approval
a revised characterization of captioned group.

The characterization as submitted was
not approved. Several minor revisions were
made in the characterization which will appear
in an SAC Letter in the immediate future. When
this SAC Letter appears you should take all
necessary steps to have appendix pages containing
this characterization prepared for use in your
office.

*Original in
100-142451
this cc for
of. Dir. Ing. Chan.
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100-90311-2475

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DIRECTOR, FBI (97-4428)

6/28/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-90311)
(97-1890)

STUDENT COUNCIL
FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE
INTERNAL SECURITY - CUBA
REGISTRATION ACT - CUBA

SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION

STUDENT COUNCIL, FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE (SC, FPCC)

The initial publication of this organization, "Student Council, Fair Play for Cuba," Volume 1, Number 1, is dated November 4, 1960, and states that "this bi-monthly publication will be used to publish accurate information about Cuba, analysis of current events in Cuba and Cuban-U.S. relations, and for reports of the progress and activities of the newly-organized Student Council chapters."

[redacted]
Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC), testified before the United States Senate Internal Security Sub-Committee, Washington, DC, on May 16, 1961. Introduced at this hearing was a press release issued on the previous date by [redacted], which identified the Student Council, Fair Play for Cuba Committee (SC, FPCC) chapters at 37 colleges and universities throughout the United States.

On January 15, 1961, a confidential source advised that [redacted] National Chairman of the Young Socialist Alliance (YSA) had commented that the YSA had been singularly successful in assisting in the formation of the FPCC Student Councils throughout the country and active within these councils.

A second source advised on May 11, 1960, that the original YSA was an organization formed during October, 1957, in New York City, by youth of various left Socialist tendencies, particularly members and followers of the Socialist Workers Party (SWP). The leaders of this group were the guiding forces in the establishment of the national organization.

The SWP has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

- 2 - Bureau (97-4428) (RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311)
- 1 - New York (97-1890)

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A third source advised on January 17, 1962, that [redacted] stated on January 15, 1962, that a combined edition of the FPCC publications "Fair Play" and "Student Council" had been published on October 28, 1961. According to [redacted] this was the last publication issued by the FPCC.

On June 4, 1962, a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, by means of suitable pretext, spoke to [redacted] FPCC, Room 329, 799 Broadway, New York, New York, and information was received disclosing that the activities of the SC, FPCC are directed through the National Office of the FPCC.

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[redacted] stated that he has been attempting to coordinate student FPCC affairs from FPCC headquarters; however, he added that student activities are more or less autonomous in each campus student chapter.

SOURCES:

The first source is [redacted]

The second source is [redacted]

The third source is [redacted]

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The pretext, a student inquiry, utilized on June 4, 1962, was made by SA [redacted]

Careful consideration has been given and sources were concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438203)

7/3/62
~~7/7/62~~

SAC, NEW YORK (100-148666)

GREATER CITY PRESS CLUB
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C

(OO:NEW YORK)

Set forth below, for Bureau approval, is a characterization for captioned organization.

On 3/12/62, a source advised that during a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Greater New York Press Club (GNYPC) on 3/8/62, [redacted] Business Manager of "The Worker", stated that it was desired that the members of the Executive Committee of the GNYPC residing in Brooklyn, Manhattan and Bronx affiliate themselves with the press clubs in their respective areas, and become members of the Executive Boards of these press clubs. [redacted] added that these people should attend their regular press club meeting and that once a month there would be a meeting of the Executive Board of all the press clubs with the Executive Committee of the GNYPC.

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"The Worker" is an East Coast Communist newspaper.

On 4/30/62, a second source advised that during the first anniversary dinner of the GNYPC, held on 4/28/62, in New York City, the Chairman announced that the GNYPC had been dissolved into "city clubs" with clubs in all boroughs and more clubs would be formed.

- 2 - Bureau (100-438203) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1 - New York (100-148666) (41)

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On 4/20/62, a third source made available a letter on the stationery of "The Worker", dated 4/19/62, signed "[redacted]", addressed "To All Members of Manhattan, Brooklyn and Bronx Press Club Executive Boards". This letter announced that since the three borough press clubs have been functioning for several months, it is now necessary to coordinate the work of these clubs and to "learn from one another". The letter pointed out that to do this, "we have to form the City Press Club Executive Board, which consists of the Executive Boards of the three boroughs". The letter announced that the first meeting of the City Press Club Executive Boards (CPCEB) would be held on 4/26/62 at Adelphi Hall, New York City.

On 5/4/62, a fourth source advised that a meeting of the Executive Boards of the press clubs in the New York area was held on 4/26/62, at Adelphi Hall, New York City. The source advised that the purpose of this meeting was to form a new organization called City Press Club Executive Board. The source advised that the purpose of this new organization is to coordinate the work of all the press clubs in the New York City area; to strengthen the work of the existing press clubs; to organize new press clubs; to draw in non-Party (CP) people to help in the building of "The Worker" and the Midweek "Worker". The source advised that [redacted] chaired this meeting, attended by approximately 20 people, and due to the small attendance, the election of the leadership was postponed.

NY 100-148666

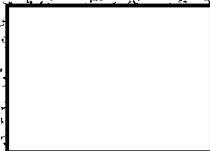
On 5/4/62, the fourth source further advised that [redacted] stated, during a conversation with the Bronx County CP Press Director regarding the setting up of the CPCEB, that non-Party people could be elected as members of this club, but the leadership must consist of CP members.

On 5/18/62, the first source advised that during a meeting of the CPCEB on 5/16/62, at Adelphi Hall, New York City, [redacted] announced that the officers of the club had been selected prior to the meeting and that JOE BRANDT was made President since he is the Circulation Manager of "The Worker". The source advised that no vote was taken for these officers proposed by [redacted] and no objection was made by those present to their "election".

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On 5/29/62, the first source advised that it was learned that the name of the CPCEB had been changed to Greater City Press Club.

Sources



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The above sources have furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given and the sources were concealed only where necessary.

A characterization of the Greater New York Press Club is to be used with this characterization.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO: SAC, NEW YORK

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (100-29093)

SUBJECT: THUMBNAIL SKETCHES OF
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATIONS
IS - C

DATE: 7/10/62

In order to complete the annual thumbnail sketch program of the Chicago Division, the New York Division and other divisions receiving copies of this communication are requested to provide Chicago with the current thumbnail sketches of the organizations designated herein after the following offices:

New York: + American Lithuanian Workers Literary Assn.

- + Association of Lithuanian Workers
- + Citizens Committee for Constitutional Liberties *GUIDE*
- + Committee to Aid the Monroe Defendants
- + Emma Lazarus Federation of Jewish Women's Clubs *LET 7/20*
- + Four Continent Book Corporation *SAC LT.*
- + "International Socialist Review"
- + July 26th Movement of New York *SAC LT.*
- + Progressive Youth Organizing Committee *SAC LT.*
- + Russky Golos Publishing Corporation *GUIDE*
- + Service Bureau of Jewish Education
- + Tass News Agency *SAC LT.*
- + U.S. Festival Committee *SAC LT.*
- + "Young Socialist"
- + Young Socialist Alliance

Detroit: "Glos Ludovy"

Los Angeles: National Committee to Abolish the HCUA

Newark: Mountain Spring Camp, Washington, N.J.
Trotsky School

Offices receiving copies of this letter are requested to expedite this request so that reports presently being prepared can reflect the current sketch of the organization in question.

- ② - New York (RM)
 - 2 - Detroit (RM)
 - 2 - Los Angeles (RM)
 - 2 - Newark (RM)
 - 1 - Chicago
- DET:mec
(9)

100-92311-2998

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| FBI-NEW YORK | |

Naehle



PERSONAL ATTENTION
SAC LETTER NO. 62-38

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

July 11, 1962

WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

(A) SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATIONS - INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Set forth below are up-to-date thumbnail sketches of organizations and publications, each of which is of use to various field offices. No attempt is made to include all sketches which have been furnished to the Bureau for approval; only those sketches which are believed to have field-wide application are set forth. The sketches appearing in SAC Letters 58-41(F), 58-81(K), 59-8(O), 59-43(M), 60-34(F), 60-54(G), 61-37(E), 61-47(G) and 61-58(C) should no longer be used.

In the event an office needs to characterize an organization not mentioned in this letter, listed in the various issues of the "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications" published by the House Committee on Un-American Activities, or designated by the Attorney General pursuant to Executive Order 10450, a request should be made of the office of origin to furnish the required characterization. In describing a local affiliate of a national organization, in addition to characterizing the local affiliate, it will be necessary to set forth separately the characterization of the parent organization.

The evaluation and identities of the sources should be handled in accordance with instructions set forth in Section 49B 2m (1) (d), page 65, of the FBI Handbook.

For the purpose of evaluation all sources utilized in the preparation of the sketches listed below should be described as having furnished reliable information in the past. In each sketch utilized below, the field office submitting the sketch has advised that careful consideration was given to each source concealed.

"A TENY" ("The Fact")

A source advised on April 20, 1962, that "A Teny" ("The Fact") is a Hungarian-language newspaper which closely follows the Communist Party line and has done so since at least the late 1940's. This newspaper is published monthly in Los Angeles, California.

Source:

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AMERICAN COMMUNICATIONS ASSOCIATION

The April, 1962, issue of "ACA News," official publication of the American Communications Association (ACA), shows that the ACA is located at 18 John Street, New York, New York.

The "Report of the International Executive Board ACA, CIO" at the 5th National Convention, Chicago, Illinois, April 8 through 13, 1940, discloses that the ACA had its origin at the 3rd National Convention of the American Radio Telegraphists Association (ARTA) held in New York City in August, 1937. At this convention it was agreed to change the name of the union from ARTA to ACA. This change was ratified by the union members on March 10, 1938.

The 1955 "Directory of National and International Labor Unions in the United States, 1955," published by the United States Department of Labor, lists on page 4, unions expelled from the Congress of Industrial Organizations (CIO) on charges of communist domination. ACA was listed as having been expelled on June 15, 1950.

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL

"Following the execution of atomic spies Ethel and Julius Rosenberg in June, 1953, the 'Communist campaign assumed a different emphasis. Its major effort centered upon Morton Sobell, 'the Rosenbergs' codefendant. The National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case - a Communist front which had been conducting the campaign in the United States - was reconstituted as the National Rosenberg-Sobell Committee at a conference in Chicago in October, 1953, and 'then as the National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell in the Rosenberg Case'..."

("Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications" dated December 1, 1961, issued by the House Committee on Un-American Activities, page 116.)

In September, 1954, the name "National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" appeared on literature issued by the Committee. In March, 1955, the current name, "Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell," first appeared on literature issued by the Committee.

The Address Telephone Directory for the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, as published by the New York Telephone Company, on April 9, 1962, lists the "Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" (CSJMS) as being located at 940 Broadway, New York, New York.

FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE

The April 6, 1960, edition of "The New York Times" newspaper contains a full page advertisement captioned "What Is Really Happening In Cuba," placed by the Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC). This advertisement announced the formation of the FPCC in New York City and declared the FPCC intended to promulgate "the truth about revolutionary Cuba" to neutralize the distorted American press.

"The New York Times" edition of January 11, 1961, reported that at a hearing conducted before the United States Senate Internal Security Subcommittee on January 10, 1961, Dr. Charles A. Santos-Buch identified himself and Robert Taber as organizers of the FPCC. He also testified he and Taber obtained funds from the Cuban Government which were applied toward the cost of the afore-mentioned advertisement.

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On October 3, 1960, a source advised that the Socialist Workers Party (SWP) in New York had become active in the FPCC, and that SWP members, in an FPCC election, had been able to remove several Communist Party (CP) members who were on the Executive Board of the FPCC and gain control of the organization.

A second source advised that an announcement from National Headquarters of the SWP was made on September 24, 1961, to the effect [redacted] had fired the secretary in the FPCC headquarters and was trying to break the SWP influence in the FPCC.

Column 2, page 8, of the February 22, 1962, edition of "The New York Times" contains an article captioned, "Castro Backer Resigns," which announced that Robert Taber had resigned as Executive Secretary of the FPCC and as President of the Institute for the Improvement of Inter-American Relations, Incorporated, which had organized the FPCC in April, 1960.

On May 17, 1962, a third source advised that National Headquarters of the FPCC is located in Room 329 at 799 Broadway, New York City, and that the FPCC is operating under the direction of Richard Gibson, Acting National Executive Secretary of the FPCC.

The SWP and the CPUSA have been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

Sources:



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7/11/62

SAC LETTER NO. 62-38

FOUR CONTINENT BOOK CORPORATION

According to the records of the Foreign Agents Registration Section, United States Department of Justice, Washington, D. C., the Four Continent Book Corporation, 156 Fifth Avenue, New York City, is registered under the provisions of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended. One of the foreign principals listed in this registration is the Mezhdunarodnaja Kniga (International Book), Moscow, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

FREEDOMWAYS ASSOCIATES, INCORPORATED

The records of the Secretary of State, New York State Department of State, Albany, New York, show that the certificate of incorporation of Freedomways Associates, Incorporated, was filed on March 2, 1961.

The Spring, 1962, issue of "Freedomways" is self-described as "a Quarterly Review of the Negro Freedom Movement" published by Freedomways Associates, Incorporated, 799 Broadway, New York City.

On May 24, 1961, a source advised that a report was given on "Freedomways" at a meeting of the National Board, Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), held on May 24, 1961. It was stated that the original plan called for the publication to be openly Marxist, but that it was later decided it would not be avowedly a Marxist publication. Editorials are in the hands of a mixed group of Marxists and non-Marxists. It was stated that the central purpose of "Freedomways" is to develop a theory and positive criticism of currents in the Negro movement, as well as to raise the level of understanding and discussion taking place in Negro life today and to project a socialist and pro-Soviet orientation.

On May 25, 1961, another source advised that "Freedomways" was set up for the CPUSA by James Jackson, a member of the National Committee of the CPUSA.

Sources:
NY 694-S*

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JULY 26TH MOVEMENT

The July 26th Movement is a revolutionary organization founded and led by Fidel Castro, the present Prime Minister of Cuba.

7/11/62
SAC LETTER NO. 62-38

NATION OF ISLAM, formerly
referred to as the Muslim
Cult of Islam, also known
as Muhammad's Temples of
Islam
FRUIT OF ISLAM
MUSLIM GIRLS TRAINING

Nation of Islam

In January, 1957, a source advised Elijah Muhammad has described his organization on a nationwide basis as the "Nation of Islam" and "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

On May 2, 1962, a second source advised: Elijah Muhammad is the national leader of the Nation of Islam (NOI). Muhammad's Temple of Islam Number 2, 5335 South Greenwood Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, is the national headquarters of the NOI. In mid-1960, Muhammad and other NOI officials, when referring to Muhammad's organization on a nationwide basis, commenced using either "Mosque" or "Temple" when mentioning one of "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

The NOI is an all-Negro organization which was originally organized in 1930 in Detroit, Michigan. Muhammad claims to have been selected by Allah, the Supreme Being, to lead the so-called Negro race out of slavery in the wilderness of North America by establishing an independent black nation in the United States. Members following Muhammad's teaching and his interpretation of the "Koran" believe there is no such thing as a Negro; that the so-called Negroes are slaves of the white race, referred to as "white devils," in the United States; and that the white race, because of its exploitation of the so-called Negroes, must and will be destroyed in the approaching "War of Armageddon."

In the past, officials and members of the NOI, including Muhammad, have refused to register under the provisions of the Selective Service Acts and have declared that members owe no allegiance to the United States.

On May 5, 1958, the first source advised Muhammad had, upon advice of legal counsel, tempered his personal statements and instructions to his ministers concerning the principles of his organization in order to avoid possible prosecution by the United States Government; however, he did not indicate any fundamental changes in the teachings of his organization.

On May 2, 1962, a third source advised Muhammad had, early in July, 1958, decided to de-emphasize the religious aspects of the teachings of Islam and to stress the economic benefits to be derived by those Negroes who joined the NOI. This policy change, according to Muhammad, would help him acquire additional followers and create more interest in his programs.

Sources:

Fruit of Islam

On May 2, 1962, a source advised that the Fruit of Islam (FOI) is a group within the Nation of Islam (NOI) composed of male members of the NOI. The purpose of the FOI is to protect officials and property of the NOI, assure compliance of members with NOI teachings and to prepare for the "War of Armageddon." Members of the FOI are required to participate in military drill and are afforded the opportunity to engage in judo training. The FOI is governed by a military system wherein the members are controlled by general orders similar to those issued by regular military organizations.

b7D

Source:

Muslim Girls Training

On May 19, 1960, a source advised that the Muslim Girls Training (MGT) is a group within the Nation of Islam (NOI) and is composed of all female members of the NOI. The MGT is similar in structure to the Fruit of Islam (FOI), which is composed of male members of the NOI, in that the MGT has officers similar to military organizations to whom other female members are accountable. MGT members receive instructions in homemaking, hygiene, calisthenics, and other subjects such as Muslim history and the English language. There also exists a Junior MGT, which is composed of female members of the NOI who are between the ages of 15 and 19 and who are afforded military-type drill.

Since 1957, various officers and "sisters" of the MGT have, at meetings of the MGT, used the term MGT so that it also means General Civilization Class. General Civilization Class refers to classes conducted within the MGT.

The above refers to activities of the MGT at Muhammad's Temple of Islam No. 2, 5335 South Greenwood, Chicago, Illinois.

7/11/62

SAC LETTER NO. 62-38

- 6 -

On May 2, 1962, another source advised that the MGT is a group within the NOI which is composed of all female members of the NOI. The MGT is similar in structure to the FOI, which is composed of male members of the NOI. In theory, the MGT exists in all Temples of the NOI and is patterned after the MGT at Muhammad's Temple of Islam Number 2, Chicago. General Civilization Class refers to the collective group of classes held within the MGT.

Sources: [REDACTED]

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NEW ERA BOOK AND SUBSCRIPTION AGENCY, INCORPORATED

Records of the New York County Clerk's Office show that New Era Book and Subscription Agency, Incorporated, hereinafter referred to as New Era, was incorporated on October 11, 1961. The office of the corporation is listed in care of Joseph Felshin, 832 Broadway, New York, New York.

A source advised on December 14, 1959, that [REDACTED], on December 13, 1959, attended the 17th National Convention of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), held in New York City from December 10 through December 13, 1959.

On January 23, 1962, a second source made available letters signed by [REDACTED] as president of both New Era and New Century Publishers, Incorporated. The letters show the address of both corporations as [REDACTED], New York, telephone number ALgonquin 4-0233.

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In one of the letters, dated November 1, 1961, [REDACTED] advised all customers of New Century that New Era will handle distribution of all New Century publications and New Century will engage in publishing only.

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D. C., contains the following concerning New Century Publishers:

"New Century Publishers

- "1. 'Workers Library Publishers, Inc., is established as a (Communist) Party publishing organization which also

operated out of Party headquarters and was succeeded through reorganization by New Century Publishers.' (Subversive Activities Control Board, Docket No. 108-53, Report and Order with respect to the Veterans of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade, December 21, 1955, p. 8)

- "2. 'An official Communist Party publishing house, which has published the works of WILLIAM Z. FOSTER and EUGENE DENNIS, Communist Party chairman and executive secretary, respectively, as well as the theoretical magazine of the party known as Political Affairs and the Constitution of the Communist Party, U.S.A.' (Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 1920 on the Communist Party of the United States as an advocate of Overthrow of Government by Force and Violence, May 11, 1948, pp. 7 and 35.)"

A third source advised on December 18, 1961, that, according to Betty Gannett, Educational and Organizational Secretary of the New York District, CPUSA, the leadership of the CPUSA is of the belief that Party directives and similar material, because of the McCarran Act, may not be mailed under the name of the CPUSA, but must be mailed by an agency such as New Era.

"The Worker," an east coast communist newspaper, issue of May 13, 1962, contains an advertisement of New Era indicating its current address as 832 Broadway, New York, New York.

Sources: CG 5824-S*



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PROGRESSIVE YOUTH ORGANIZING COMMITTEE

On February 9, 1961, a source advised that the Progressive Youth Organizing Committee (PYOC) was established at a national socialist-oriented youth conference held in Chicago, Illinois, December 30, 1960, through January 1, 1961. This conference was the result of a mandate issued by the National Executive Committee, Communist Party, USA, calling for a youth conference to establish an organizing

7/11/62

SAC LETTER NO. 62-38

committee whose objective would be to set up a national socialist-oriented youth organization. The conference scheduled a convention to be held within a year to found a new national socialist-oriented youth organization.

On June 19, 1961, another source advised that it was decided at the meeting of the National Council of the PYOC held in Detroit, Michigan, June 17 and 18, 1961, that the founding conference for the national youth organization to be established by the PYOC would be held sometime during the Fall of 1962.

On May 20, 1962, a third source advised that the PYOC has its headquarters at 80 Clinton Street, New York, New York.

Sources: CG 5824-S*



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TASS NEWS AGENCY

Tass News Agency is an official Soviet Government news gathering organization, with headquarters in Moscow, Russia, and branches throughout the world.

UNITED ELECTRICAL, RADIO AND MACHINE WORKERS OF AMERICA
(communist infiltration of)

The "UE Shop Steward Guide," United Electrical, Radio and Machine Workers of America (UE) Publication Number 212, Sixth Edition, 1952, discloses on pages 32-34, "UE - the United Electrical, Radio and Machine Workers of America was established in 1936 at a convention in Buffalo, New York. At that time the organization was called the United Electrical and Radio Workers of America. Shortly thereafter, a large group of AFL machinists' locals joined the UE and the full name became the United Electrical, Radio and Machine Workers of America, (UE).

"The UE is known as an 'International Union' because companies of both the United States and Canada are under contract."

"100 Things You Should Know About Communism and Labor," prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D. C., 1951, relates on pages 80 and 81, "In 1944, the Committee on Un-American Activities found the following unions to have 'Communist leadership...strongly entrenched:'

7/11/62

SAC LETTER NO. 62-38

"United Electrical, Radio, and Machine Workers of America (CIO).

"The following unions have been expelled from the CIO because of their Communist domination:

"United Electrical, Radio, and Machine Workers of America."

The "Internal Security Annual Report for 1957, Report of the Subcommittee to Investigate the Administration of the Internal Security Act and other Internal Security Laws, of the Committee on the Judiciary, United States Senate," on page 61, refers to UE as "one of the strongest Communist controlled unions in America."

The International Headquarters of UE is located at 11 East 51st Street, New York, New York, according to the April 23, 1962, edition of "UE News," official organ of UE.

YOUTH PUBLICATIONS, INCORPORATED
(Publisher of "New Horizons for Youth")

A source advised that on May 15, 1960, the National Executive Committee of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), endorsed a project presented by Mortimer Daniel Rubin, National Youth Director, CPUSA, calling for a youth publication, "New Horizons." Rubin stated that this publication will deal with youth questions and while it will not be labeled Marxist, it will use a Marxist analysis on all issues.

Another source advised on June 2, 1960, that the title of the youth publication "New Horizons" had been changed to "New Horizons for Youth."

Records of the New York County Clerk's Office, New York, New York, show that Youth Publications, Incorporated, was incorporated in the State of New York on May 17, 1960.

Volume 1, Number 8, May, 1961, issue of "New Horizons for Youth" indicated that this paper will be published monthly by Youth Publications, Incorporated, 799 Broadway, New York, New York.

Volume 2, Number 7, April - May, 1962, issue of "New Horizons for Youth" indicated that [redacted] was [redacted] and Daniel Rubin, Associate Editor. The publication is now using a magazine rather than newspaper format, which it had used prior to the March, 1962, issue.

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A source advised on January 23, 1962, that [redacted] [redacted] was a member of the CP Youth Club, Communist Party, Eastern Pennsylvania and Delaware, and his duties were that of fund raiser for the Club.

Sources: CG 5824-S*

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[redacted]

THE UNITED STATES FESTIVAL COMMITTEE, INCORPORATED
(Eighth World Youth Festival)

The magazine "World Youth" third issue, 1961, a bimonthly English-language publication of the World Federation of Democratic Youth (WFDY), contained an article entitled "8th Festival in Helsinki." The article set out that the first meeting of the International Preparatory Committee (IPC) took place in Helsinki, Finland, February 20-22, 1961, to prepare for the Eighth World Youth Festival which was to be held in Helsinki in 1962.

The article set out that the IPC elected a permanent commission composed of representatives of a number of countries including Canada or the United States as well as representatives from the WFDY and the International Union of Students (IUS).

The IUS with headquarters in Prague, Czechoslovakia, and the WFDY with headquarters in Budapest, Hungary, are cited as communist organizations in the "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications" dated December 1, 1961, published by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D. C., pages 91 and 177.

A source advised that in April, 1961, Danny Rubin, National Youth Director, Communist Party, USA, advised that Communist Party districts should concentrate on getting broad groups to sponsor the United States Festival Committee (USFC).

A second source on February 27, 1962, made available a pamphlet issued by the USFC describing the program for the Festival. The pamphlet set out that the USFC was organized by students and youth leaders at a founding conference at Chicago, Illinois, October 15, 1961, and the USFC was organized to publicize and encourage participation in the Helsinki Festival. The pamphlet set out that the USFC had been recognized by the IPC, the sponsoring body of the Festival, as the United States Committee to administer US participation in the Festival. The pamphlet set out the address of the USFC as Room 807, 460 Park Avenue South, New York 16, New York.

7/11/62

SAC LETTER NO. 62-38

The second source made available information on May 23, 1962, that the USFC reported that the dates of the Eighth World Youth Festival had been changed from July 27 - August 5, 1962, to July 28 - August 6, 1962.

The Manhattan, New York, Address Telephone Directory dated June 5, 1962, lists the USFC at 460 Park Avenue South, New York, New York, telephone MU 6-0182.

Sources:



New York, New York

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Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover

Director

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7/19

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438203)

7/16/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-148666)

GREATER CITY PRESS CLUB
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

ReBulet, 7/12/62.

Set forth below for Bureau approval is a revised characterization for captioned organization:

GREATER CITY PRESS CLUB

On 4/20/62, a source made available a letter on the stationery of "The Worker", dated 4/19/62, signed "[redacted]", addressed "To All Members of Manhattan, Brooklyn and Bronx Press Club Executive Boards". This letter announced that since the three borough press clubs have been functioning for several months, it is now necessary to coordinate the work of these clubs and to "learn from one another". The letter pointed out that to do this, "we have to form the City Press Club Executive Board, which consists of the Executive Boards of the three boroughs". The letter announced that the first meeting of the City Press Club Executive Boards (CPCEB) would be held on 4/26/62, at Adelphi Hall, New York City.

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"The Worker" is an East Coast Communist newspaper.

On 5/4/62, a second source advised that a meeting of the Executive Boards of the press clubs in the New York area was held on 4/26/62, at Adelphi Hall, New York City. The source advised that the purpose of this meeting was to form a new organization called City Press Club Executive Board. The source advised that the purpose of this new organization is to coordinate the work of all the press clubs in the New York City area; to strengthen the work of the existing press clubs;

- 2 - Bureau (100-438203) (RM)
 - ① - New York (100-90311)
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to organize new press clubs; to draw in non-Party (CP) people to help in the building of "The Worker" and the Midweek "Worker". The source advised that [redacted] chaired this meeting, attended by approximately 20 people, and due to the small attendance, the election of the leadership was postponed.

On 5/4/62, the second source further advised that [redacted] stated during a conversation with the Bronx County CP Press Director regarding the setting up of the CPCEB, that non-Party people could be elected as members of this club, but the leadership must consist of CP members.

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On 5/18/62, the third source advised that during a meeting of the CPCEB on 5/16/62, at Adelphi Hall, New York City, [redacted] announced that the officers of the club had been selected prior to the meeting and that JOE BRANDT was made President since he is the Circulation Manager of "The Worker". The source advised that no vote was taken for these officers proposed by [redacted] and no objection was made by those present to their election.

On 5/29/62, the third source advised that it was learned that the name of the CPCEB had been changed to Greater City Press Club.

Sources

[redacted]

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The above sources have furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given and the sources were concealed only where necessary.

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COMMITTEE FOR THE PROMOTION OF
EDUCATION OF NEGROES IN RUSSIA

The September 22, 1961, issue of the "Newark Evening News," a Newark, New Jersey, daily newspaper, contained an article stating that the COMMITTEE FOR THE PROMOTION OF EDUCATION OF NEGROES IN RUSSIA (CPENR), headed by [redacted] as [redacted] and WILLIAM CLARK as Vice Chairman, was on September 23, 1961, sending the latter's daughter to Russia for study. According to this article, [redacted] was taking advantage of an offer reportedly made to her on October 8, 1960, by [redacted] [redacted] during his visit to New York City.

A source advised that after this original offer, WILLIAM CLARK stated in January, 1961, that he was agreeable to having his child trained to build a better world similar to that being built by the USSR and that he wanted his child to escape discrimination in the United States.

Another source stated that as of September, 1961, [redacted] had not sought members for the CPENR and the only two people active in the organization were [redacted] and WILLIAM CLARK. [redacted] indicated that he knew of seven parents who had expressed interest in sending their children to Russia for education.

A third source advised in March, 1955, that it was announced at a COMMUNIST PARTY (CP) meeting on March 21, 1955, that [redacted], a leader of the Harriet Tubman Section of the Essex County, New Jersey, CP, was recently expelled by the New Jersey CP leadership because of factionalist activity. This same source advised on January 22, 1959, that at a conference of the New Jersey CP held on November 30, 1959, it was stated that [redacted] was considered the spokesman for the Harriet Tubman Section which was involved in a factional dispute with the New Jersey CP.

A fourth source stated on December 9, 1949, that WILLIAM CLARK was recruited into the CP in January, 1949, and a fifth source stated in March, 1955, that in March, 1955, CLARK was expelled from the CP.

A sixth source stated in December, 1959, that [redacted] WILLIAM CLARK, and other members of the Harriet Tubman Section of the Essex County, New Jersey, CP were expelled from the CP with no right of appeal by action of the 17th National Convention of the CP, USA, held from December 10 to 13, 1959. [redacted]

APPENDIX

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The January 15, 1962, issue of the "Newark Evening News" carried an article stating that [redacted] had returned to Moscow after spending the Christmas holidays with her family in Newark, New Jersey. It is also mentioned in the article that transportation for [redacted] was paid for by [redacted] the Soviet Premier. The article stated that [redacted] had arranged for [redacted] attendance at school in Russia.

The second source advised on January 15, 1962, that [redacted] had returned to Moscow on January 12, 1962, to resume her education.

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The second source advised on June 11, 1962, that the CPENR is still active and hopes in the future to send other children to Moscow for their education and feels optimistic in view of the success achieved with [redacted].

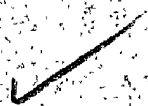
Sources: WFO Anonymous



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all reliable

APPENDIX



**NEW JERSEY CITIZENS COMMITTEE FOR CONSTITUTIONAL LIBERTIES,
also known as
Citizens Committee for Constitutional Liberties**

A source advised on August 2, 1961, that at an enlarged meeting of the State Board of the COMMUNIST PARTY of New Jersey (NJCP) held on August 1, 1961, it was decided to create a public committee to be known as the CITIZENS COMMITTEE FOR CONSTITUTIONAL LIBERTIES. This committee was to be headed by LEW MOROZE, State Secretary of the NJCP, and operate from a Post Office Box.

A second source advised on August 18, 1961, that a leaflet had been issued by the CITIZENS COMMITTEE FOR CONSTITUTIONAL LIBERTIES, Box 8032, Clinton Hill Station, Newark 8, New Jersey, which stated that the committee had come into being to bring the facts to the people of New Jersey concerning the June 5 decisions of the Supreme Court upholding the constitutionality of the McCarran Act, which requires the CP to register and label itself, and the membership provision of the Smith Act.

A third source advised on February 21, 1962, that the present mailing address of the NEW JERSEY CITIZENS COMMITTEE FOR CONSTITUTIONAL LIBERTIES is Post Office Box 8006, Newark 8, New Jersey.

The first source advised on June 20, 1962, that the NEW JERSEY CITIZENS COMMITTEE FOR CONSTITUTIONAL LIBERTIES still exists as an organization; however, it is inactive at the present time.

Sources:



all reliable

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APPENDIX

FRIDAY NIGHT FORUM (NEWARK, NEW JERSEY)

A source reported in November, 1960, that a forum for "lefts and progressives" was mentioned as coming into existence at a meeting of New Jersey COMMUNIST PARTY (CP) leaders held in Newark, New Jersey, at the end of October, 1960. [redacted] known to the source as a CP member, and other active CP members were mentioned as being associated with the effort to establish such a public sounding board.

A second source advised in December, 1960, that a letter had been prepared announcing the organization of the FRIDAY NIGHT FORUM and advertising the first meeting as being scheduled for January 20, 1961. The address of the FRIDAY NIGHT FORUM, Post Office Box #4034, Newark 12, New Jersey, as well as the name of [redacted] appeared on this announcing letter. The letter set forth the intention of the FRIDAY NIGHT FORUM to present a series of lectures, one each month, at the Continental Ballroom, 982 Broad Street, Newark, New Jersey, on the "political events of these times" and to feature qualified speakers on such topics as abolition of the House Committee on Un-American Activities (HCUA), Cuba, Africa, Asia, civil rights, co-existence, national and international events.

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A third source advised on May 7, 1962, that the FRIDAY NIGHT FORUM of Newark, New Jersey, has presented a series of speakers on such topics as international relations, abolition of the House Committee on Un-American Activities, Africa and Asia, education in the Soviet Union, disarmament, Soviet youth activities and other topics of current interest. These speakers have been presented during 1961 and 1962 at a series of meetings held on Friday evenings in Newark, New Jersey at the Continental Ballroom at 982 Broad Street, which series of meetings is currently being held.

APPENDIX

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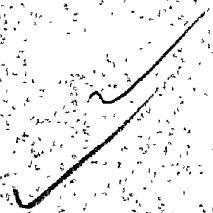
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Sources:



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(All sources have furnished reliable information in the past.)



LABOR-NEGRO VANGUARD PARTY

In a press release dated November 18, 1961, the LABOR-NEGRO VANGUARD PARTY (LNVP) stated:

"The growing influence of the irredentist forces upon the policies of our nation as indicated by the alarming drift towards war and the outlawing of the COMMUNIST PARTY (CP) has accentuated the need for all radical, progressive and liberal forces to unite in a common party."

In a leaflet entitled "Call to Progressive Minded America" issued by the LNVP, its founding convention was scheduled for November 25, 1961, in New York City. The aims and purposes were listed as:

1. For the resurgence of the American Labor Movement.
2. For the winning of the struggle for Negro rights.
3. For an end to the cold war.
4. For economic security and higher mass living standards.
5. For the end of the exploitation of man by man.

A source advised on December 19, 1961, that [redacted] is considered the Provisional Chairman of the LNVP. Other active members include [redacted] WILLIAM CLARK, and [redacted]

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A second source advised on December 12, 1959, that [redacted], WILLIAM CLARK, and [redacted] were all members of the Harriet Tubman Section of the Essex County, New Jersey, CP, which was expelled from the Party with no right of appeal by action of the 17th National Convention, CP, USA, being held December 10-13, 1959.

A third source advised on March 7, 1962, that the SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY (SWP) and the LNVP are working closely in efforts to bring disgruntled CP members to their respective camps and are working jointly in the political fields. FARRELL DOBBS, National Secretary of the SWP, has asked SWP members to support the LNVP.

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On May 8, 1962, the first source advised that [redacted] has traveled extensively through the eastern portion of the country to promote the LNVP.

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Sources: [redacted]

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- all reliable

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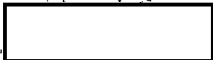
MOUNTAIN SPRING CAMP

A source advised on May 11, 1962, that Mountain Spring Camp, Washington, New Jersey, is owned and operated by the SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY (SWP) for SWP members and their associates.

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APPENDIX

Source:



reliable

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TROTSKY SCHOOL

A source advised on May 11, 1962, that the TROTSKY SCHOOL is a six-month course of instruction for advanced SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY (SWP) members conducted at Mountain Spring Camp, Washington, New Jersey, consisting of leadership training and education in SWP ideology.

A source advised on May 11, 1962, that Mountain Spring Camp, Washington, New Jersey, is owned and operated by the SWP for SWP members and their associates.

APPENDIX

Source:

reliable

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**SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY
NEWARK BRANCH**

A source advised on October 14, 1960, that the Newark Branch of the SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY (SWP) was founded in 1938.

Another source advised on May 11, 1962, that the Newark Branch of the SWP is affiliated with and follows the aims and purposes of the National SWP.

Sources:

[Redacted]

(By request)

[Redacted]

all reliable

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NATION OF ISLAM
Formerly referred to as
Muslim Cult of Islam, aka.
Muhammad's Temples of Islam

Muhammad's Temple of Islam (MTI) #21,
Jersey City, New Jersey

On September 5, 1956, [redacted]

[redacted] advised that Muhammad's Temple of Islam (MTI) then held regular meetings at 559 Jackson Avenue, Jersey City, New Jersey.

On April 15, 1957, a source advised that MTI, 559 Jackson Avenue, Jersey City, had been assigned Temple #21.

On September 3, 1957, a second source advised that MTI #21 was located at 80 Clinton Avenue, Jersey City, which is the address of the side door at 559 Jackson Avenue, Jersey City.

On April 19, 1962, the second source advised that MTI #21 moved from 80 Clinton Avenue, Jersey City, to 100 Oak Street, Jersey City, on February 14, 1960, and from April 17, 1960, to June 26, 1960, MTI #21 held meetings with MTI #25 at 261 Hunterdon Street, Newark, New Jersey. This source advised that on June 26, 1960, MTI #21 moved to 678 Ocean Avenue, Jersey City, where MTI #21 is currently located. This source advised that MTI #21 is controlled and directed by ELIJAH MUHAMMAD, and the aims and principles of MTI #21 are the same as the NATION OF ISLAM.

Sources: [redacted]

(Both sources have furnished reliable information in the past.)

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NATION OF ISLAM
Formerly referred to as
Muslim Cult of Islam, aka.
Muhammad's Temples of Islam

Muhammad's Temple of Islam (MTI) #20,
Camden, New Jersey

On March 14, 1957, a source advised that Muhammad's Temple of Islam (MTI) then held meetings on Sunday and Tuesday evenings at 346 Mechanic Street, Camden, New Jersey.

On March 29, 1957, this source advised that MTI at 346 Mechanic Street, Camden, was then known as MTI #20.

On August 29, 1957, this source advised that MTI #20 had moved to 703 Chestnut Street, Camden.

On March 21, 1961, [redacted] advised SAs [redacted] and [redacted] that MTI #20 moved from 703 Chestnut Street, Camden, to 513 South 13th Street, Camden, in the fall of 1959. [redacted] advised that MTI #20 moved again in the early spring of 1960 to 1138 South Broadway, Camden.

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On April 25, 1962, a second and third source advised that MTI #20 was still located at 1138 South Broadway, Camden. These sources advised that MTI #20 is affiliated with the NOI and is directed and controlled by ELIJAH MUHAMMAD, national leader of the NOI.

Sources:

[redacted]

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(All sources have furnished reliable information in the past.)

APPENDIX

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NATION OF ISLAM
Formerly referred to as
Muslim Cult of Islam, aka.
Muhammad's Temples of Islam

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Muhammad's Temple of Islam (MTI) #10,
Atlantic City, New Jersey

On June 7, 1952, [redacted]

[redacted] advised SA [redacted] that the MUSLIM CULT OF ISLAM (MCI), of which her son was a member, then held weekly meetings in the rear of the Crystal Studio, 1110 Arctic Avenue, Atlantic City, New Jersey.

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On May 16, 1954, [redacted]

[redacted] advised that the MCI in Atlantic City was then holding meetings at 708 North Indiana Avenue, Atlantic City, and was known as Temple #10.

On March 21, 1955, a source advised that Temple #10 of the MCI moved on March 15, 1955, to 808 Arctic Avenue, Atlantic City.

On August 21, 1956, a second source advised that MCI Temple #10 was then located at 419 Madison Avenue, Atlantic City.

On March 13, 1957, this source advised that Temple #10 was then known as Muhammad's Temple of Islam (MTI) #10.

On April 20, 1962, a third source advised that MTI #10 is still located at 419 Madison Avenue, Atlantic City, New Jersey. This source advised that MTI #10 is the Atlantic City affiliate of the NATION OF ISLAM (NOI) and is under the control and leadership of ELIJAH MUHAMMAD, national leader of the NOI, in Chicago, Illinois.

Sources:

[redacted]

(All sources have furnished reliable information in the past.)

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NATION OF ISLAM
Formerly referred to as
Muslim Cult of Islam, aka.
Muhammad's Temples of Islam

Muhammad's Temple of Islam (MTI)
Paterson, New Jersey

On April 30, 1962, a source advised as follows:

During August, 1961, Muhammad's Temple of Islam (MTI) began holding weekly meetings at 145 Broadway, Paterson, New Jersey.

MTI, Paterson, moved from 145 Broadway, Paterson, to 89 Carroll Street, Paterson, on March 4, 1962. As of April 30, 1962, MTI, Paterson, continued to hold meetings at 89 Carroll Street, Paterson.

MTI, Paterson, is affiliated with the NATION OF ISLAM (NOI) and is directed and controlled by ELIJAH MUHAMMAD, national leader of the NOI.

APPENDIX

Source:



who has furnished reliable information in the past.

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**NATION OF ISLAM
Formerly referred to as
Muslim Cult of Islam, aka.
Muhammad's Temples of Islam**

**Muhammad's Temple of Islam (MTI)
Trenton, New Jersey**

On February 10, 1960, [redacted] advised SA [redacted] that he was the owner of the meeting hall at 209 Fall Street, Trenton. [redacted] advised that on July 9, 1959, Muhammad's Temple of Islam (MTI) began holding weekly meetings in Trenton at this hall.

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On May 23, 1960, [redacted] advised SA [redacted] that MTI had recently changed their meeting place from 209 Fall Street, Trenton, to 338 North Montgomery Street, Trenton.

On April 8, 1962, a source advised that MTI was still holding meetings at 338 North Montgomery Street, Trenton. This source advised that MTI in Trenton had not yet been assigned a temple number. This source advised that MTI in Trenton is affiliated with the NATION OF ISLAM (NOI) and is under the control and leadership of ELIJAH MUHAMMAD, national leader of the NOI, in Chicago, Illinois.

APPENDIX

Source: [redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past.

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NATION OF ISLAM
Formerly referred to as
Muslim Cult of Islam, aka.
Muhammad's Temples of Islam

Muhammad's Temple of Islam (MTI) #25,
aka. Muhammad's Mosque #25, Newark, New Jersey

On November 7, 1961, a source advised as follows:

MTI held meetings open to the Negro public at 188 Belmont Avenue, Newark, New Jersey, as early as April, 1958.

During November, 1958, MTI, Newark, moved to 601 High Street, Newark, and was dedicated on December 14, 1958, by ELIJAH MUHAMMAD, national leader of the NATION OF ISLAM (NOI).

During January, 1959, MTI #25 moved back to 188 Belmont Avenue, Newark, and during April, 1959, MTI #25 again moved to 601 High Street, Newark. During October, 1959, MTI #25 moved to 261 Hunterdon Street, Newark. During October, 1961, MTI #25 moved into a building they purchased at 257 South Orange Avenue, Newark.

On November 2, 1961, records of the Secretary of the State of New Jersey, State House, Trenton, New Jersey, reflected under Corporation File Number S18611 that a Certificate of Incorporation had been filed and recorded on April 3, 1961, for "Muhammad's Mosque #25", a religious corporation of the City of Newark. These records reflected Muhammad's Mosque #25 is affiliated with Muhammad's Mosques of Islam, Incorporated, Chicago, Illinois.

On December 6, 1961, Deed Book Number 3819, Pages 261-263, at the Essex County Hall of Records, Newark, reflected Muhammad's Mosque #25, a religious corporation of the State of New Jersey, in the City of Newark, purchased property on September 27, 1961, which is known by street number as 257-259 South Orange Avenue, Newark.

On April 19, 1962, the source mentioned above advised that MTI #25 was then located at 257 South Orange Avenue, Newark. This source advised that MTI #25 is directed and controlled by ELIJAH MUHAMMAD and the aims and principles of MTI #25 are the same as the NOI.

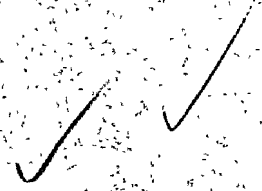
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INDEXED
NOV 11 1962
FBI - NEWARK

100-90311-2493

APPENDIX

b7D

Source: who has furnished reliable information in the past.

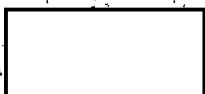


NEW JERSEY COMMITTEE TO AID THE MONROE DEFENDANTS

A source advised on January 16, 1962, that the NEW JERSEY COMMITTEE TO AID THE MONROE DEFENDANTS (NJCAMD) was founded on January 15, 1962, in Newark, New Jersey.

Another source advised on May 3, 1962, that the NJCAMD is affiliated with and is a chapter of the COMMITTEE TO AID THE MONROE DEFENDANTS, which is located at Suite 1117, 141 Broadway, New York 6, New York.

Sources:



all reliable

APPENDIX

*118
\$1*

100-90311-249d

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

[Signature]

b7D

Date

7/17

To

Director

FILE #

Att.

SAC ~~NEW YORK~~

Title **SUBVERSIVE**

ASAC

ORGANIZATIONS

Supv.

Agent

CHARACTERIZATIONS

SE

CC

Steno

Clerk

100-40311-2495
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SERIALIZED FILED
JUL 18 1958
NEW YORK

ACTION DESIRED

- | | |
|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Acknowledge | <input type="checkbox"/> Open Case |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Assign.....Reassign..... | <input type="checkbox"/> Prepare lead cards |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Bring file | <input type="checkbox"/> Prepare tickler |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Call me | <input type="checkbox"/> Recharge serials |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Correct | <input type="checkbox"/> Return assignment card |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Deadline..... | <input type="checkbox"/> Return file |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Deadline passed | <input type="checkbox"/> Return serials |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Delinquent | <input type="checkbox"/> Search and return |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Discontinue | <input type="checkbox"/> See me |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Expedite | <input type="checkbox"/> Send Serials..... |
| <input type="checkbox"/> File | to |
| <input type="checkbox"/> For information | <input type="checkbox"/> Submit new charge-out |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Initial & return | <input type="checkbox"/> Submit report by |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Leads need attention | <input type="checkbox"/> Type |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Return with explanation or notation as to action taken. | |

attached for info of NYO are current, approved characterizations of organizations of possible interest to Joy.

SAC R. W. Barkman
Office Newark

See reverse side

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-435851)

7/18/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-145277)

ARTISTS' COMMITTEE TO FREE SIQUEIRAS
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C
(CD:NY)

ReBulet to NY, 6/6/62.

b6
b7c

Set forth below, for Bureau approval, is a revised characterization for captioned organization.

A source on August 25, 1961, advised that Post Office Box 73, Village Station, 150 Christopher Street, New York 14, New York, was rented on April 27, 1961, by the U.S. Friends of Mexico, [redacted] 57 Charles Street, New York City.

A second source on March 19, 1962, advised that during January, 1962, the name of the leasee of Post Office Box 73, Village Station, 150 Christopher Street, New York 14, New York, was changed from U.S. Friends of Mexico to Artists' Committee to Free SIQUEIRAS, [redacted] 57 Charles Street, New York City.

A third source on March 19, 1962, advised that during a demonstration held at the United Nations Plaza, New York City, on March 17, 1962, sponsored by the Artists' Committee to Free SIQUEIRAS, [redacted] stated that due to the number of artists joining the U.S. Friends of Mexico, the name was changed to Artists' Committee to Free SIQUEIRAS. [redacted] stated that the groups have the same people and the same purpose.

A fourth source, during February, 1963, advised that [redacted] was a member of the Commission of Latin-American Affairs of the Communist Party, USA.

2-Bureau (100-435851) (RM)
1-NY 100-90311 (41)
1-NY 100-145277 (41)

DEC: [signature]
(4)

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

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NY 100-145277

A fifth source on January 10, 1956, advised that [redacted] was then a member of the new enlarged Communist Party club being organized in the Greenwich Village area of New York City.

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b7c

A sixth source, during November, 1961, advised that during a press conference held by a representative of the U.S. Friends of Mexico on November 10, 1961, at the Hotel Regis, Mexico City, Mexico, the organization was described as being located in all countries of the world for civil liberties, and that a committee had come to Mexico to fight for the liberty of DAVID ALFARO SIQUEIROS.

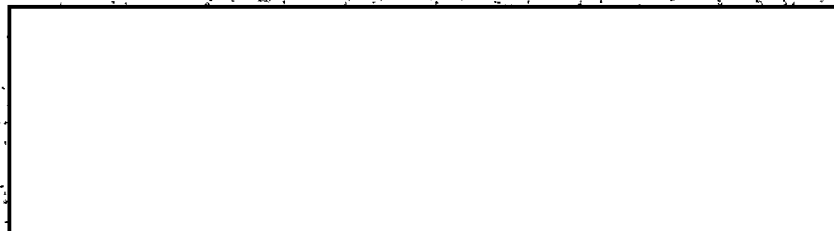
A seventh source advised on June 22, 1962, that DAVID ALFARO SIQUEIROS was formerly President of the Political Committee of the Partido Comunista Mexicano - PCM (Mexican Communist Party) prior to his arrest and imprisonment on August 9, 1960. According to this source, SIQUEIROS is a national leader of the PCM currently and is also a member of the National Committee of the PCM.

The published statutes of the PCM state: "the Communist Party of Mexico has as its final objective to construct socialism and to build a communist society in Mexico."

SOURCES

The sources utilized above are as follows:

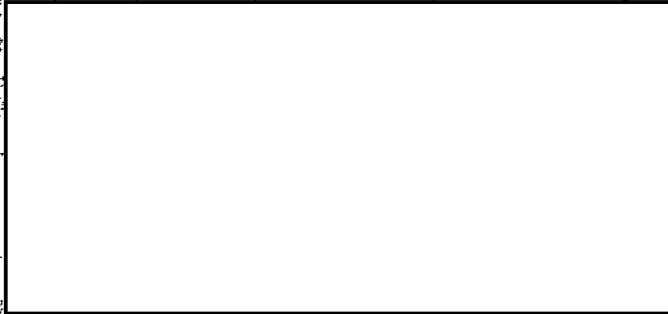
- 1.
- 2.



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b7c
b7d

NY 100-145277

- 3.
- 4.
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- 7.



b6
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The above sources have all furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given and sources were concealed only where necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-397390)

7/24/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-111064)

JOHNSON FOREST GROUP
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-JFG
(OO: Detroit)

There is set forth suggested amended characterizations of the New York Organizing Committee, formerly the New York Local, News and Letters Committees and the former New York Local, Correspondence Group for the Bureau's consideration.

NEWS AND LETTERS COMMITTEES
NEW YORK ORGANIZING COMMITTEE

A confidential source advised on May 25, 1961, that the Forest Faction of the Johnson Forest Group (JFG) is publicly known as the News and Letters Committees.

This confidential source advised on March 28, 1961, that the New York Local of the News and Letters Committees was organized during the Fall of 1961, and was affiliated with the News and Letters Committees, whose national headquarters is located at 3751 Grand River, Detroit, Michigan. The New York Local carries out instructions and policies issued by the national headquarters of the News and Letters Committees.

The confidential source advised on May 1, 1962, that during April, 1962, the New York Local of the News and Letters Committees was redesignated an organizing committee because of lack of membership.

- 2 - Bureau (100-397390)(RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311 (Thumbnail Sketch)(41)
- 1 - New York (100-111064)(413)

TMW:rmp
(4)

100-90311-2497

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| SERIALIZED | FILED |
| JUL 24 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |
| H. Naeble | |
| 41 | |

NY 100-111064

The JFG has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

The confidential source utilized was [redacted] and [redacted] reporting jointly. b7D

Careful consideration has been given each source concealed and source has been concealed only where identity must be protected.

JOHNSON FOREST GROUP
Johnsonite Faction in New York
formerly the New York Local
Correspondence Group

On December 20, 1951, [redacted] then of [redacted] New York, furnished information which reflected that the New York Local, Johnson Forest Group (JFG) began functioning in September, 1951.

On July 20, 1961, a confidential source advised that the New York Local, Correspondence Group, the name by which the Johnson Faction of the JFG was publicly known, was a branch of the Correspondence Group which has its headquarters at Detroit, Michigan, where its official newspaper "Correspondence" is published.

This source stated on May 7, 1962, that in February, 1962, the Correspondence Group held a referendum to determine if the politics of [redacted] or [redacted] b6 b7C

[redacted] should be followed. While the majority, including the New York Local, voted against [redacted] the minority retained the name Correspondence Group, and since the majority has not yet taken a name, its members are known as the "Johnsonites", and have not formed an organization, however, are headed by [redacted] of Detroit, with whom the members correspond.

NY 100-111064

The confidential source advised on July 18, 1962, that the "Johnsonites" at Detroit have taken the name Facing Reality Publishing Company, and the three former members of the New York Local, Correspondence Group at New York meet informally in support of this group although it issues no instructions or directives.

The JFG has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

The confidential source utilized is

b7D

Careful consideration has been given the source concealed, and source has been protected only where identity must be concealed.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-437761)

7/24/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-148208)

CHANGED

BRONX COMMITTEE TO DEFEND THE BILL OF RIGHTS
aka

Bronx Committee in Defense of the Bill of Rights
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION

IS-C;

ISA - 50

(OO: NY)

ReBulet, 7/16/62.

The title of this case, previously carried as the Bronx Committee in Defense of the Bill of Rights, is changed to show the name of the organization as it appears on their literature.

The following subversive characterization is submitted herewith for Bureau approval:

On 12/27/61, a source advised that at a meeting of the West Bronx County Council of the Communist Party (CP) held 12/4/61, [redacted] gave a report on the defense of the Party and her efforts to set up a Bronx Defense Committee. After discussion, the meeting instructed [redacted] to continue her efforts to set up a Bronx Defense Committee.

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On 3/12/62, a second source advised that at a meeting of the Bronx County Council of the CP, held 3/5/62, [redacted] gave a report on defense in which she said that in the Bronx the Party had taken the initiative in an all-out campaign to establish a committee whose name would be the Bronx Committee in Defense of the Bill of Rights (BCDR).

2 - Bureau (100-437761) (RM)
① - NY 100-90311
1 - NY 100-148208

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100-90311-2498

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| SERIALIZED | FILED |
| JUL 24 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

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NY 100-148208

On 5/9/62, the second source advised that at a meeting of the Bronx County Council of the CP, held 4/16/62, [redacted] reported that the BCDBR is just another committee formed to fight the McCarran Act, to send out postcards and letters, to visit Senators and Congressmen and to write to the President and Attorney General urging the halt of the harassment and attack against the CP and its leaders and "The Worker" and its publishers.

"The Worker" is an East Coast Communist newspaper.

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On 6/14/62, the first source advised that the BCDBR is under the leadership of [redacted] and her husband [redacted], members of the Bronx County Council of the CP.

On 6/14/62, a third source furnished a letter dated 5/14/62, headed Bronx Committee to Defend the Bill of Rights; P. O. Box 52, Highbridge Station, Bronx 52, New York, and signed [redacted]. This letter stated the McCarran Act imperils the Bill of Rights and the Bronx Committee to Defend the Bill of Rights was formed because this is a time of crisis. The letter appealed to the reader to work out a program of action against the McCarran Act.

* * * *

The informants utilized in the order of their appearance are as follows:



b7D

All informants utilized in the above characterization have furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given to each source concealed and their identities were concealed only when necessary.

SAC, CHICAGO (100-29093)

7/27/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-90311)

SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATIONS
IS - C

ReCGlet, 7/10/62, in captioned matter, requesting current thumbnail sketches of various organizations.

Current characterizations of the following organizations are contained in SAC Letter No. 62-38(A), dated 7/11/62:

1. Four Continent Book Corporation
2. July 26th Movement
3. Progressive Youth Organizing Committee
4. Tass News Agency
5. The United States Festival Committee, Inc.
(Eighth World Youth Festival)

A current characterization of the Emma Lazarus Federation of Jewish Women's Clubs was furnished to Chicago by New York letter to Boston dated 7/20/62, and captioned "EMMA LAZARUS FEDERATION OF JEWISH WOMEN'S CLUBS; IS-C; ISA-1950", Chicago file 100-26973.

The Citizens Committee for Constitutional Liberties and "Russky Golos" are characterized by using the citation contained in the 12/1/61, issue of the "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications."

Attached hereto for the Chicago Office are the current characterizations for the following organizations:

- 2 - Chicago (100-29093) (Encl. 7) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-90311)

HEN:mfd
(3)

Searched _____
Serialized _____
Indexed _____

100-90311-2499

NY 100-90311

1. American Lithuanian Workers Literary Association

The source who furnished the information on 4/10/62 is

[redacted] New York, who has furnished insufficient information to determine his reliability.

The source who furnished the information on 11/13/61, is [redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past.

2. Association of Lithuanian Workers

The source who furnished the information on 12/17/59 is [redacted] New York, who was in a position to furnish reliable information.

The source who furnished the information on 5/18/59 is [redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past.

3. Committee to Aid the Monroe Defendants

The source used is [redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past.

4. "International Socialist Review"

5. Service Bureau of Jewish Education

The sources used in order of mention are [redacted] and former [redacted] all of whom have furnished reliable information in the past.

NY 100-90311

6. "Young Socialist"

It is to be noted that the characterization of the Young Socialist Alliance should be utilized in connection with the characterization of the "Young Socialist".

7. Young Socialist Alliance

b7D

The source used is who has furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given and the sources were concealed only where necessary in the above five characterizations.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO: SAC, NEW YORK (100-90311)

DATE: 7/27/62

FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-28875)

SUBJECT: SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATIONS
IS - C

New York is requested to furnish San Francisco with current characterizations of following:

American Lithuanian Workers Association

Association of Lithuanian Workers

"LAISVE"

Provisional Organizing Committee for a Marxist-Leninist Communist Party

12/1/61 Gudi

- 2 - New York
- 5 - San Francisco
 - 1 - 105-615 (ALWLA)
 - 1 - 105-988 (ALW)
 - 1 - 100-31918 (LAISVE)
 - 1 - 100-44275 (POCMLCP)

ZJ:dbm
(7)

100-90311-2500

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| AUG 1 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

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DIRECTOR, FBI (100-435851)

8/2/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-145277)

ARTISTS' COMMITTEE TO FREE SIQUEIROS
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C
(OO:NY)

b6
b7c

ReBulet to NY, 7/25/62.

Set forth below, for Bureau approval, is a revised characterization for captioned organization.

A source on August 25, 1961, advised that Post Office Box 73, Village Station, 150 Christopher Street, New York 14, New York, was rented on April 17, 1961, by the U.S. Friends of Mexico, [redacted] 57 Charles Street, New York City.

A second source on August 1, 1962, advised that during January, 1962, the name of the lease of Post Office Box 73, Village Station, 150 Christopher Street, New York 14, New York, was changed from U.S. Friends of Mexico to Artists' Committee to Free SIQUEIROS, [redacted] 57 Charles Street, New York City, and is currently being used.

A third source on March 19, 1962, advised that during a demonstration held at the United Nations Plaza, New York City, on March 17, 1962, sponsored by the Artists' Committee to Free SIQUEIROS, [redacted] stated that due to the number of artists joining the U.S. Friends of Mexico, the name was changed to Artists' Committee to Free SIQUEIROS. [redacted] stated that the groups have the same people and the same purpose.

A fourth source, during February, 1953, advised that [redacted] was a member of the Commission of Latin-American Affairs of the Communist Party, USA.

2-Bureau (100-435851) (RM)
1-NY 100-90311 (41)
1-NY 100-145277 (41)

100-90311-2501

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |
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NY 100-145277

A fifth source on January 10, 1956, advised that [redacted] was then a member of the new enlarged Communist Party club being organized in the Greenwich Village area of New York City.

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b7c

A sixth source, during November, 1961, advised that during a press conference held by a representative of the U.S. Friends of Mexico on November 10, 1961, at the Hotel Regis, Mexico City, Mexico, the organization was described as being located in all countries of the world for civil liberties, and that a committee had come to Mexico to fight for the liberty of DAVID ALFARO SIQUEIROS.

A seventh source advised on June 22, 1962, that DAVID ALFARO SIQUEIROS was formerly President of the Political Committee of the Partido Comunista Mexicano - PCM (Mexican Communist Party) prior to his arrest and imprisonment on August 9, 1960. According to this source, SIQUEIROS is a national leader of the PCM currently and is also a member of the National Committee of the PCM.

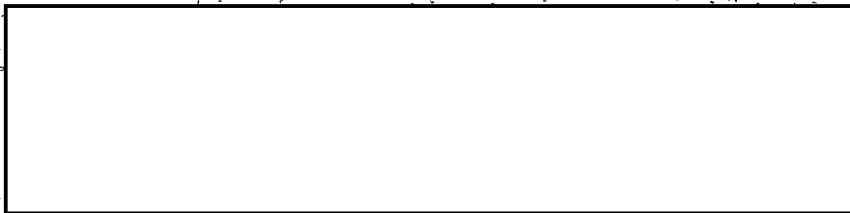
The published statutes of the PCM state: "the Communist Party of Mexico has as its final objective to construct socialism and to build a communist society in Mexico."

SOURCES

The sources utilized above are as follows:

1.

2.



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NY 100-145277

- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.
- 7.



b6
b7C
b7D

The above sources have all furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given and sources were concealed only where necessary.

10/9/7

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438052)

8/2/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-148641)

[redacted] DEFENSE COMMITTEE
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
ISA - 1950
(OO: NEW YORK)

Rerep. of SA [redacted], dated
7/31/62, at NY.

The following subversive organization characteriza-
tion is submitted herewith for Bureau approval:

On 5/7/62, a source furnished a letter dated
4/30/62 from the [redacted] Defense Committee (SDC), Room 405,
49 East 21st Street, NY 10, NY, which described [redacted]
[redacted] as a victim of the Walter - Mc Carran Law and
asked for donations to help defend [redacted] from deportation.
The letter reflected that [redacted] was [redacted] of
the SDC.

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On 2/5/58, a second source advised that [redacted]
[redacted] had been active within the Communist Party (CP) as of
March, 1957 and to the best of this source's knowledge, had
not quit the CP.

On 11/13/61, a third source advised that [redacted]
[redacted] attended a meeting of the National Groups Commission
of the CP held 11/9/61 in NYC. On 1/23/62, this source
advised that [redacted] had attended meetings of the commission
as a representative of the Polish groups.

- 2 - Bureau (100-438052) (RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1 - New York (100-148641)

AMR:lbh
(4)

100-90311-2502

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| AUG 2 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |
| <i>Nachle</i> | |

NY 100-148641

On 4/30/62, the third source advised that at a meeting of the American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born (ACFPB) held 4/5/62 in NYC, at which a report was given on the [redacted] case, [redacted] [redacted] said that everything must be done to help [redacted]

On 8/11/62, a fourth source advised that mail is delivered to the SDC, ACPFB and the Veterans of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade (VALB), at Room 405, 49 East 21st Street, NY 10, NY.

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b7c

The ACPFB and the VALB has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

On 5/7/62, the first source also furnished a four page brochure issued by the SDC entitled "Exile after 42 years" which calls upon the reader to do the following:

Write the Attorney General urging him to drop all further action against [redacted]

Send contributions to help the SDC defeat the Walter - Mc Carran Act.

Write to senators, congressmen and newspapers urging passage of a Statute of Limitations on deportation.

* * *

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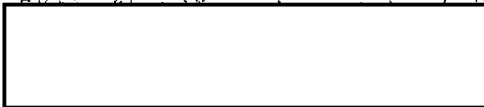
The sources utilized in the above characterization in the order of their appearance are as follows:

[redacted]

b6
b7C
b7D

(By request)

NY 100-148641



b6
b7C
b7D

Postal Inspectors Office
GPO
NY, NY
(By request)

Careful consideration has been given to the sources concealed and the sources were concealed only when necessary.

All sources utilized in this characterization have furnished reliable information in the past.

C.D.

SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-28875)

8/8/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-90311)

SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATIONS
IS - C

ReSFlet, 7/27/62, in captioned matter.

Attached hereto for the San Francisco Office are the current characterizations for the following organizations:

1. American Lithuanian Workers Literary Association.

The source who furnished the information on 4/10/62.

is [redacted] NY, who has furnished insufficient information to determine/reliability.
his

b6
b7C
b7D

The source who furnished the information on 11/13/61.
is [redacted], who has furnished reliable information in the past.

b7D

2. Association of Lithuanian Workers.

The source who furnished the information on 12/17/59.

is [redacted] NY, who was in a position to furnish reliable information.

b6
b7C
b7D

The source who furnished the information on 5/18/59,
is [redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past.

b7D

3. "Laisve".

The Provisional Organizing Committee for a Marxist-Leninist Communist Party is characterized by using the citation contained in the 12/1/61 issue of the "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications."

2 - San Francisco (100-28875) (Incls. 3) (RM)
1 - NY 100-90311 (41)

HEN:mas
(3)

Searched _____
Serialized per
Indexed _____
Filed per

100-90311-2503

Umm

NY 100-90311

Careful consideration has been given and the sources were concealed only where necessary in the above two characterizations.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-422153)

8/8/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-128051)

SEAMEN'S DEFENSE COMMITTEE
AGAINST COAST GUARD SCREENING
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C
ISA OF 1950

RENYlet, 5/29/62, submitting a revised thumbnail sketch on captioned organization, and Bulets, 6/5/62 and 7/1/62. There is set out below a current sketch of this organization.

On 1/20/56, a source advised he learned from [redacted] of the Communist Party waterfront section in Baltimore, Maryland, that the Seamen's Defense Committee had been organized in New York by the Communist Party Waterfront Section. The address of this club was 421 Seventh Ave., NY, NY.

The January, 1956 issue of "Rights," the official publication of the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee, stated that the seamen of the East Coast have formed a committee, the purpose of which is to get protection of the rights of seamen, which rights have been won in a Federal Court in California. This article identified the name of the organization as the East Coast Seamen's Defense Committee. A fact sheet issued by the Seamen's Defense Committee stated that the aims of the organization are to carry on a legal suit against the Coast Guard screening program and to obtain public sympathy and support for the seamen's cause.

A bulletin dated June, 1956, reflected the name of the organization to be the Seamen's Defense Committee Against Coast Guard Screening.

On 7/20/62, a source advised that the headquarters of the organization is located at Polonia Hall, 201 Second Ave., NYC.

2-Bureau (100-422153) (RM)
1-NY 100-90311 (41)
1-NY 100-128051 (41)

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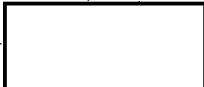
100-90311-2504

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| AUG 10 1962 | |
| FBI-NEW YORK | |

[Handwritten signature]

NY 100-128051

SOURCES



b7D

All have furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration was given to sources concealed and they were concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-43795)

8/9/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-79725)

CAMP CALUMET, FORMERLY KNOWN AS WINGDALE CAMP, INC; WINGDALE LODGE, Inc; CAMP UNITY, aka; WINGDALE ON THE LAKE, LAKE ELLIS, INC; LAKE ELLIS CAMP CORP; LOUJACK CAMP CORPORATION
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION IS - C

(OO: New York)

ReBulet, 7/18/62, instructing the NYO in the first paragraph thereof to prepare a suitable characterization for Camp Calumet.

Submitted herewith is a characterization of captioned organization for Bureau approval.

On 5/27/53, a source advised that Camp Unity has been controlled by the Communist Party (CP) since its inception in 1929 or 1930.

On 4/24/56, a source furnished an undated flyer entitled, "The Wingdaler" published by Wingdale on the Lake. This flyer reflected that Wingdale on the Lake occupied the same site as was formerly occupied by Camp Unity.

On 6/7/56, [redacted]

[redacted] reviewed his records and advised SA [redacted] that Wingdale Camp, Inc. filed a certificate of Incorporation Number 6036 with his department on 2/9/56.

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b7c

- 2 - Bureau (100-43759) (RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1 - New York (100-79725) (41)

JET:mtm
(4)

100-90311-2505

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Maente

NY 100-79725

On 4/27/56, a source advised that regardless of the name it uses the camp is always referred to as Camp Unity by the CP, and that captioned organization was and still is a joint operation of the National Office of the CP and the NY State CP.

On 1/3/61, a source advised that the camp formerly known as Wingdale Camp, Incorporated rents office space at 507 Fifth Ave., NY, NY, and that telephone listings, stationery and other pertinent records of the camp now contain the new name, Camp Calumet.

b6
b7c

On 3/12/62, a suitable pretext telephone call was placed to telephone number [redacted] listed to [redacted] NY, by a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI). It was determined through conversation with [redacted] at that time that he manages the subject camp and that all business pertaining to the camp was conducted through his residence.

On 4/27/56, a source advised that [redacted] was an old time CP member, having been a member of the Veterans of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade (VALB) and a responsible worker in the New York County, CP where he had engaged in cultural work.

For about nine years, to the source's knowledge, [redacted] was Cultural Director of Camp Unity and directed the "CP line at the Camp". To the best of the source's knowledge, [redacted] has been a CP member since 1936.

The VALB has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

On 7/16/62, [redacted] Camp Kee Wah, Wingdale, New York, advised SA [redacted] that [redacted] was known to him as the operator of Camp Calumet, Wingdale, New York.

NY 100-79725

1st Source
2nd Source
3rd Source
4th Source
5th Source

[REDACTED]
NY 694-S*

[REDACTED]
NY 694-S*

b6
b7C
b7D

The pretext call made to [REDACTED] on 3/12/62, was made by SA [REDACTED] under the guise of a parent seeking information concerning enrollment of his child at Camp Calumet.

b6
b7C

All of the sources have furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given to the sources concealed, and such sources were concealed only in those instances where it is absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438052)

8/14/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-148641)

[REDACTED] DEFENSE COMMITTEE
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
ISI, 1950
(OO: NY)

Rebulet, 8/10/62.

The following revised subversive organization characterization is submitted herewith for Bureau approval.

On 5/22/62, a source furnished information that the [REDACTED] Defense Committee (SDC) was formed around the 1st of April, 1962.

On 5/7/62, a second source furnished a letter dated 4/30/62, from the SDC, Room 405, 49 East 21st Street, New York 10, NY, which described [REDACTED] as a victim of the Walter-McCarran Law and asked for donations to help defend [REDACTED] from deportation. The letter reflected that [REDACTED] was chairman of the SDC.

b6
b7c

On 5/7/62, the second source also furnished a four-page brochure issued by the SDC entitled "Exile after 2 years" which calls upon the reader to do the following:

Write the Attorney General urging him to drop all further action against [REDACTED].

Send contributions to help the SDC defeat the Walter-McCarran Act.

Write to Senators, Congressmen and newspapers urging passage of a Statute of Limitations on deportations.

1 - BUREAU (100-438052) (RM)
1 - NY 100-90311 (41)
1 - NY 100-148641 (41)

WFR:774
(4)

100-90311-2506

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| SERIALIZED | FILED |
| AUG 14 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 100-148641

On 8/1/62, a third source advised that mail is delivered to the SDC, The American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born (ACFPB) and the Veterans of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade (VALB) at Room 405, 49 East 21st Street, New York 10, NY.

The ACPFB and the VALB have been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

On 2/5/58, a fourth source advised that [redacted] had been active within the Communist Party (CP) as of March, 1957, and to the best of this source's knowledge, had not quit the CP.

b6
b7C

On 1/23/62, a fifth source advised that [redacted] has attended meetings of the National Groups Commission of the CP as a representative of the Polish groups and attended such a meeting as recently as 11/9/61.

* * * * *

The sources utilized in the above characterization in the order of their appearance are as follows:

[redacted] (by request)

[redacted]

[redacted] NY (by request)

[redacted]

[redacted] Mass. (by request)

[redacted]

b6
b7C
b7D

Careful consideration has been given to the sources concealed and the sources were concealed only when necessary.

All sources utilized in this characterization have furnished reliable information in the past.

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-75842)

8/17/62

SAC, NEW YORK (105-35359)

ACCION PATRIOTICA URUGUAYA -
NEW YORK DISTRICT (APU)
(Patriotic Uruguayan Action)

SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - N

(OO: SAN JUAN)

The following verified subversive organization
characterization of the above captioned organization is
being submitted for the Bureau's consideration.

On 4/30/62, a source advised that prior to
the Spring of 1962, the APU in NY consisted only of
one small group in Brooklyn. However, in April, 1962,
with the assistance and approval of [redacted]
[redacted] described by the source as Secretary General
of the parent APU organization in Puerto Rico, the APU
in NY was enlarged and expanded by the creation of additional
APU organizations in Manhattan and the Bronx, and the
establishment of the APU - New York District Junta.

b6
b7c

The APU groups in Brooklyn, Manhattan and the
Bronx, all of which are generally referred to as sub-juntas,
name of the APU New York District. Each of the sub-juntas
has its own staff of officers and holds weekly meetings.
However, supervision and control of the three APU sub-
juntas is exercised by the New York District Junta which
was organized and to which officers were elected on 4/29/62.

[redacted] then the source described
as a former leader of the APU in New York, who resigned from
the APU in April, 1962, was elected as the first president
of the APU - New York District Junta.

- 2-Bureau (105-75842) (RM)
- 2-New York (RM)
- 1-New York (105-35359)
- 1-New York (100-90311) (RM)

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Serialized pm
Indexed _____
Filed pm

(5)

100-90311-2507

Handwritten signatures and initials

NY 105-35359

The same source advised that the APU in NY is considered to be an affiliate of the APU in Puerto Rico, is governed by the same constitution and has the same general aims and purposes as the parent organization.

The NPPR has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

The source used in the above characterization was [redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past. His identity should be concealed.

b6
b7c

Careful consideration has been given to the source concealed and a "T" symbol should be utilized in this instance where the identity of the source must be concealed.

Information copies of this characterization are furnished to the San Juan Office inasmuch as that office is office of origin.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438618)

8/21/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-148803)

LA NUEVA VOZ
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C
(OO: New York)

Submitted herewith is a proposed characterization of "La Nueva Voz":

On 6/6/62, a source advised that the proposed Spanish language newspaper to be published sometime during the summer of 1962 received its initial impetus from the National leadership of the CP. The responsibility for publication of the paper will rest with the NYD organization of the CP since most of the Spanish speaking people reside in the New York City area.

On 6/26/62, second source advised that on 6/22/62, the "Comite Pro Periodico Hispano" held its first "open" meeting at Adelphi Hall, 74 Fifth Avenue, New York City, attendance by invitation only. The Chairman of the "Comite" was [redacted] who spoke at length on the format of a bi-monthly Spanish language newspaper.

b6
b7C

This newspaper will deal with "oppression, exploitation and general discrimination of Puerto Ricans, Negroes and Latin minorities in New York City and other sections of the country".

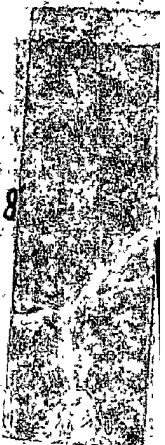
On 7/9/62, the second source advised that the new Spanish language publication would be called "La Nueva Voz".

- 2 - Bureau (100-438618)(RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311)(41)
- 1 - New York (100-148803)(414)

DDO:rmp
(4)

(100-90311-2508)

Wachle



NY 100-148803

The first issue of "La Nueva Voz," a sample issue, dated July 29, 1962, on page 2 reflects that [redacted] is [redacted] of "La Nueva Voz" with offices at 799 Broadway, New York, 3, New York.

b6
b7C

On 8/13/62, a third source advised that [redacted] [redacted] is a member of the Upper 13th A.D. Club, Harlem CP.

* * * * *

SOURCES

The following sources who have furnished reliable information in the past, were utilized in the above characterization.

- 1st source: [redacted]
- 2nd source: [redacted]
- 3rd source: [redacted]

b7D

Careful consideration has been given and sources concealed wherever absolutely necessary.

JK
8-31-62

1/4

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-427226)

5/25/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-133479)

YOUNG SOCIALIST ALLIANCE
IS - SWP
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
(OO:NY)

Submitted herewith is an amended characterization of captioned organization for Bureau approval.

The May, 1960 issue of the "Young Socialist" (YS) page 1, column 2, disclosed that during April 15-17, 1960, a national organization entitled "The Young Socialist Alliance" (YSA), was established at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. This issue stated that this organization was formed by the nationwide supporter clubs of the publication YS.

The above issue, page 6, set forth the Founding Declaration of the YSA. This declaration stated that the YSA recognizes the Socialist Workers Party (SWP) as the only existing political leadership on class struggle principles, and that the supporters of the YS have come into basic political solidarity with the SWP on the principles of revolutionary socialism.

A source advised on May 10, 1962, that the original YSA was an organization formed during October, 1957, in New York City, by youth of various left socialist tendencies, particularly members and followers of the SWP. The leaders of this group were the guiding forces in the establishment of the national organization.

The source further advised on May 13, 1962, that the YSA is dominated and controlled on a national basis by the SWP through having SWP members comprise, almost exclusively, the national leadership of the YSA. The YSA, in reality, is the youth section of the SWP and the main source of new SWP members.

2-Bureau (100-427226) (RM)

NY 100-90311 (SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION) (41)

1-NY 100-133479 (413)

AJC:umd
(4)

100-90311-2509

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MAY 25 1962
FBI - NEW YORK

H. Mehta

NY 100-133479

The "Young Socialist," a monthly publication self-described in the April, 1962 issue, as the official organ of the YSA, discloses the headquarters of YSA at 10 East 23rd St., New York City.

The SIF has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

SOURCE

[redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past. b7D

The above source was concealed through necessity.

912
DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438618)

8/31/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-148603)

LA NUEVA VOZ
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
(OO:NY)

Submitted herewith is a proposed characterization of
"La Nueva Voz":

On June 6, 1962, a source advised that the proposed Spanish-language newspaper to be published sometime during the summer of 1962 received its initial impetus from the National leadership of the Communist Party (CP). The responsibility for publication of the paper will rest with the New York District (NYD) organization of the CP since most of the Spanish speaking people reside in the New York City area.

On June 25, 1962, a second source advised that on June 22, 1962, the "Comite Pro Periodico Hispano" held its first "open" meeting at Adelphi Hall, 74 Fifth Ave., NYC, attendance by invitation only. The Chairman of the "Comite" and [redacted] who spoke at length on the format of a bi-monthly Spanish-language newspaper. This newspaper will deal with "oppression, exploitation and general discrimination of Puerto Ricans, Negroes and Latin minorities in NYC and other sections of the country."

On July 9, 1962, the second source advised that the new Spanish-language publication would be called "La Nueva Voz" and that the Editorial Committee included JESUS COLOM, [redacted] and [redacted].

On June 27, 1962, the first source advised that JESUS COLOM is a member of the National Committee, CPUSA.

On August 13, 1962, a third source advised that [redacted] is a member of the Upper 13th Assembly District (AD) Club, Harlem CP.

2-Bureau (100-438618) (RM)
1-NY 100-50311 (41)
1-NY 100-148603 (41)

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(4)

100-438618-2510

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D. M. ...

NY 100-148803

On February 20 and June 16, 1961, a fourth source advised that on February 19, 1961, a Kings County CP (KCCP) meeting was held at 1110 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, NY, and [redacted] described as a member of the Puerto Rican Club, KCCP, attended.

The first issue of "La Nueva Voz," a sample issue, dated July 29, 1962, on page 2 reflects that [redacted] is Editor and Publisher of "La Nueva Voz" with offices at 799 Broadway, New York 3, NY.

The July 29, 1962 issue of "La Nueva Voz," at the top of page one, next to the date contains printers label #209 of the Allied Printing Trades Council of New York.

According to the official directory of union label printing offices in Greater New York, published by the Allied Printing Trades Council of Greater New York, union label number 209 is assigned to Prompt/Press, Inc.,

Printing

On August 22, 1962, a fifth source stated that "La Nueva Voz," "a Spanish-language newspaper edited by the Communist Party of New York" shall be circulated twice a month at present. It is meant to bring CP issues to Spanish-speaking masses who cannot read or understand English.

A characterization of Prompt Press will be used in conjunction with the above characterization.

SOURCES

The following sources who have furnished reliable information in the past were utilized in the above characterization:

NY 100-148803

First Source
Second Source
Third Source
Fourth Source
Fifth Source



b7D

Careful consideration has been given and sources
concealed wherever absolutely necessary.

5/20/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-14515)

**INTERNAL SECURITY
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
(OO:NY)**

Rebulet, 5/25/62; Bureau approved 5/21/62

The following is an amended characteria sketch of
organization submitted for Bureau approval:

A source advised on May 11, 1961, that a meeting was
held on May 9, 1961, at 300 Avenue B, Astoria 14, New York 9,
New York, under the auspices of the Discussion Group for those
in areas 20's and 30's, in the City of French meeting of the
Group.

A second source advised on June 14, 1961, that a
business meeting of the Discussion Group was held on May 12,
1961, at the home of Patricia Spivey.

Reference is made on December 20, 1961, that [redacted]

New York State Communist Party (CP) South Coordinator,
[redacted] on December 20, 1961, that [redacted] was found
active in the CP and the effect of [redacted] with
Adviser, a CP [redacted] Communist Party organization.
[redacted] During [redacted] time [redacted] to contact with [redacted]
and [redacted] a [redacted] [redacted].

The source advised on April 30, 1962, that a meeting
was held on April 29, 1962, at the office of the New York South
CP, 130 West 20th Street, New York City, to discuss [redacted]
[redacted] for Internal Security - [redacted] and [redacted]
[redacted] on outline of [redacted] which was [redacted] by the
[redacted] Group Collective of the CP.

Discussion (100-14515) (RM)
[redacted] 100-20511 (INTERNAL SECURITY) (SI)
100-14515 (SI)
[redacted]
(4)

100-92311-2511

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MAY 21 1962
FBI - NEW YORK
[Signature]

NY 100-145199

"The Worker," an east coast communist newspaper, in its issue of September 24, 1961, page 11, describes EETTY GANNETT as Educational and Organizational Director of the New York State CP.

A third source advised on June 13, 1962, that a meeting of the Young Adult Club of Advance was held on June 8, 1962, at 82 Second Avenue, New York City. It was decided at this meeting that all members of this Advance Club would join Burning Issues, merging their club with Burning Issues.

The second source advised on July 31, 1962, that Burning Issues meets at 60 Clinton Street, New York, New York.

SOURCES

The informants used above have furnished reliable information in the past and appear in the following order:



b7D

Careful consideration has been given and sources were concealed only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-436091)

9/11/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-146359)

COMMITTEE TO AID THE MONROE
DEFENDANTS

IS - SWP

SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION

Submitted herewith is an amended thumbnail
sketch of captioned organization:

A source advised on May 10, 1962, that the
Committee to Aid the Monroe Defendants (CAMD) was formed
during September, 1961, by the Socialist Workers Party
(SWP) in New York City. The SWP originally proposed the
formation of this committee during discussions with various
left-wing and liberal tendencies and offered a sum of money
to initiate activities.

Source advised that the SWP, however, was un-
successful in forming a committee of various tendencies
and proceeded to organize the CAMD and promote its activities
under the domination and control of the SWP.

Source advised that the aims of the CAMD are to
afford financial support and counsel for [redacted] and
four other defendants who were involved in a racial
incident on August 27, 1961, at Monroe, North Carolina.
The SWP hopes to dramatize this incident nationally and
internationally through the CAMD and thus attract individuals
to the SWP aims and principles by playing a leading role in
the integration struggle.

b6
b7c

The organization and impetus of CAMD activities
throughout the various parts of the United States such as
obtaining sponsors and the raising of funds, are the
results of the efforts of various SWP branches.

- 2 - Bureau (100-436091) (RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1 - New York (100-146359)

AJG:rc
(4)

100-90311-2512

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NY 100-146359

Source advised on September 6, 1962, that the headquarters of the CAMD are located at 168 West 23rd Street, New York City.

The SWP has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

Source: [redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past.

b7D

The above source was concealed through necessity.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-434236)

9/6/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-143130)

PROGRESSIVE YOUTH ORGANIZING COMMITTEE
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C; ISA-50
(OO: New York)

Submitted for the Bureau's approval is a revised characterization of the Progressive Youth Organizing Committee (PYOC).

PROGRESSIVE YOUTH
ORGANIZING COMMITTEE

On February 9, 1961, a source advised that the Progressive Youth Organizing Committee (PYOC) was established at a National socialist-oriented youth conference held in Chicago, Illinois, December 30, 1960, through January 1, 1961. This conference was the result of a mandate issued by the National Executive Committee, Communist Party, USA, calling for a youth conference to establish an organizing committee whose objective would be to set up a national socialist-oriented youth organization. The conference scheduled a convention to be held within a year to found a new national socialist-oriented youth organization.

On June 18, 1962, a second source advised that it was reported at the meeting of the National Council of the PYOC, held New York, New York, June 16 and 17, 1962, that although it had been planned to form a Marxist-oriented youth organization by the fall of 1962, it would not be possible to form such an organization of the PYOC for the next few years.

On September 5, 1962, the second source advised that the PYOC has its headquarters at 80 Clinton Street, New York, New York.

- 2 - Bureau (100-434236) (RM)
① - New York (100-90311) (THUMBNAIL SKETCH)
1 - New York (100-143130) (415)

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(4)

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NY 100-143130

The sources used in this characterization should be changed to read as follows:

First source CG 5824-S*

Second source

b7D

All sources have furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given and sources concealed only where absolutely necessary.

12/9/19
DIRECTOR, FBI (100-435888)

9/14/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-146066)

GARMENT COMMITTEE FOR A GOOD
NEIGHBOR POLICY WITH CUBA
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C

(OO: NY)

Set forth below, for Bureau approval, is a revised characterization of captioned organization.

The Worker, an East Coast Communist newspaper, issue of 8/20/61, page 7, contains an announcement of a Forum - Peace with Cuba to be held on 8/23/61 at the Hotel Cornish Arms, 311 W. 23rd Street, NYC, under the auspices of the Garment Committee for a Good Neighbor Policy (Provisional).

A source, on 1/22/62, advised that the Garment Committee for a Good Neighbor Policy with Cuba is sometimes referred to as the Garment Committee for a Good Neighbor Policy and as the Garment Committee for a Good Neighbor Policy with Cuba (Provisional).

The above source further advised that this committee is comprised primarily of persons employed in the Garment industry and members of Local 22, International Union of Garment Workers Union (IUGW), and meetings are held at the apartment of various members in Brooklyn and Manhattan. Source advised that the principal officer is [redacted] who acts in the capacity of Chairman and chief spokesman for the committee.

The above source advised that according to [redacted] the purpose of this committee is to help the people and the present government of Cuba, and, recently the committee

- 2 - Bureau (100-435888) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1 - New York (100-146066) (41)

PJL:pas
(4)

100-90311-2514

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

[Signature]

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NY 100-146066

was trying to raise funds to purchase medical supplies for Cuba. The source added that [redacted] has publicly stated that the committee is "pro-Cuba and pro-CASTRO and that there is no use denying it."

A second source, on 3/20/61, furnished information reflecting that as of that time [redacted] was a member of the Organization Committee, Garment Region, Communist Party (CP).

The first source, on 4/4/62, advised that the Garment Committee for a Good Neighbor Policy with Cuba held a meeting in NYC on 4/1/62.

The first source on 8/24/62, advised that it was believed that the Garment Committee for a Good Neighbor Policy with Cuba was no longer active in that no announcements had been received during the past several months regarding meetings, activities, or future plans of this committee.

SOURCES:

[redacted]

The above sources have furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given and sources were concealed only where necessary.

1/9/2
DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438290)

9/14/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-149064)

LOUISE PETTIBONE SMITH 75TH BIRTHDAY
TRIBUTE aka Louise P. Smith Birthday
Committee
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
(OO:NY)

Set forth below for Bureau approval is a
characterization of captioned organization.

On September 12, 1962, a source advised that a
checking account for the Louise Pettibone Smith Birthday
Committee was opened on April 19, 1962, at the Chemical
Bank New York Trust Company, 75th Street and Park Avenue,
New York City.

A second source made available information on
July 19, 1962, that the Louise Pettibone Smith Birthday
Committee was formed through cooperation of the American
Committee for the Protection of Foreign Born (ACFPB), the
National Council of American - Soviet Friendship (NCASF)
and the Religious Freedom Committee (RFC) to hold a birthday
dinner for LOUISE PETTIBONE SMITH on October 12, 1962. The
affair will not be conducted under the auspices of any of
the three organizations but it will be "an independent
and individual sponsorship."

The second source also advised on July 19, 1962,
that [redacted] was then Executive Secretary of the
RFC and would coordinate the Louise P. Smith Birthday
celebration.

b6
b7c

On July 11, 1962, a third source made available
a letter printed on stationery of the Louise Pettibone
Smith 75th Birthday Tribute dated June, 1962, and signed

- 2 - Bureau (100-438290) (RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-149064)

EEB:TC
(4)

100-90311-2515

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| SEP 14 1962 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

Mohale

NY 100-149064

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b7C

[redacted] " On the letter was printed [redacted], Executive Secretary. This letter states "The occasion will be used to launch a renewed effort for the defeat of the McCarran Internal Security Act. In the person of LOUISE PETTIBONE SMITH the people can be made to see the danger to themselves in this nefarious legislation.....success is going to be measured not only in the turnout for the dinner, but in how many thousands of dollars will be turned over to Professor SMITH that night to carry on the fight against the Mc Carran Act."

The third source on July 11, 1962, made available a printed resume of the activities of LOUISE PETTIBONE SMITH issued by the "LOUISE PETTIBONE SMITH BIRTHDAY COMMITTEE" which states that "for the past twelve years she has served as Honorary Co-Chairman of the American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born."

On September 13, 1962, the third source made available a printed invitation to the Louise Pettibone Smith Tribute to be held October 12, 1962, at the Hotel Astor, New York City. The self-address envelope was addressed to the Louise Pettibone Smith Birthday Committee, 49 East 21st Street, New York, New York.

The ACPFB and the NCASF have been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

Sources

The informants used above have furnished reliable information in the past and appear in the following order:

Source 1

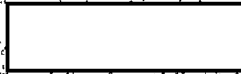
[redacted]

New York City.

b6
b7C
b7D

NY 100-149064

Source 2



Source 3

Confidential Mail Box, New York
Office

b6
b7c

Careful consideration has been given and sources were concealed only where absolutely necessary.

A characterization of the RFC will be used in conjunction with this sketch.

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-112182)

9/21/62

SAC, NEW YORK (105-52312)

NUCLEO
NUCLEO PRO LIBERTAD
DE PUERTO RICO (NPL), aka
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - N
(OO: New York)

Rerep of SA JOHN J. TUCKER, Jr., dated and captioned as above at New York.

The following thumbnail sketch of the captioned organization is being submitted for the Bureau's approval:

NUCLEO PRO LIBERTAD DE PUERTO RICO
"Sociedad Amigos del Bronx" (Society of Friends of the Bronx)

A confidential source advised on October 31, 1961, that the Nucleo Pro Libertad de Puerto Rico, which is also known as the Nucleo Pro Libertad (NPL), was formed in 1961, in New York City, for the purpose of working for the independence of Puerto Rico, and believes in the use of force and violence as a means to achieve this independence.

The organization was formed by [redacted] who has been associated with the Puerto Rican independence movement in New York City, for several years, so that he could present himself as a leader of a Puerto Rican independence organization. He only has three or four followers.

A second confidential source advised on June 12, 1962, that the NPL exists mostly in the mind of [redacted]

The second confidential source advised on September 17, 1962, that the NPL is a loosely organized group which requires no dues or discipline from its members. The NPL does not have a headquarters and any meetings would be held at the

1 - Bureau (105-112182) (RM)
1 - New York (100-90311) (41)
1 - New York (105-52312) (413)

JJT:jt
(4)

100-90311-2516

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NY 105-52312

home of one of its members.

A third confidential source advised on June 20, 1962, that the NPL had been known to use the name "Sociedad Amigos del Bronx" (Society of Friends of the Bronx).

The first confidential source mentioned above is [redacted] the second source is [redacted] Source of Information, and the third source is [redacted] all of whom have furnished reliable information in the past.

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DIRECTOR, FBI (100-43304)

9/21/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-148910)

YOUTH AGAINST WAR AND FASCISM aka
Anti-Fascist Youth Committee
IA - WAF

(Conf)

Re: Rep of SA [redacted] dated and
captioned as above.

b6
b7C

Re: Forth telco for Bureau approval is
a characterization of captioned organization.

Youth Against War and Fascism
Formerly Anti-Fascist Youth
Committee

A confidential source advised on 9/22/62
that YAWAF Against War and Fascism (YAWAF), formerly
known as the Anti-Fascist Youth Committee, was
established by the Workers World Party (WWP) in the
summer of 1962, to bring college youth into the
periphery of WWP activities and thereby gain recruits
for the organization.

The confidential source advised that the
WWP utilizes PO Box 1703, Grand Central Station,
New York City, as its mailing address and its
headquarters, 46 West 21st Street, New York City, for
administrative activities.

Source

The source of the above information is
[redacted] who has furnished reliable information in
the past.

b7D

It is noted that in connection with the
above characterization, a characterization of the WWP
is also necessary.

2 - Bureau (100-43304) (RM)
1 - NY 100-90311 (Thumbnail photo)
1 - New York (100-148910)
PPL
(6)

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100-90311-2517

JK
7-27

[Handwritten signature]

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-436691)

9/24/62

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b7C

SAC, NEW YORK (100-146359)

COMMITTED TO AID THE MONROE DEFENDANTS
IS - SWP
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION

ReBulet 9/20/62. Submitted herewith is an amended characterization of captioned organization.

A source advised on October 10, 1961, that the Committee To Aid the Monroe Defendants (CAMD) was formed during September, 1961, by the Socialist Workers Party (SWP) in New York City.

Source advised that the aims of the CAMD are to afford financial support and counsel for [redacted] and four other defendants who were involved in a racial incident on August 27, 1961, at Monroe, North Carolina. The SWP hopes to dramatize this incident nationally and internationally through the CAMD and thus attract individuals to the SWP aims and principles by playing a leading role in the integration struggle.

According to the source, the organization and impetus of CAMD activities throughout the various parts of the United States such as obtaining sponsors and the raising of funds, are the results of the efforts of various SWP branches.

The above source advised on September 6, 1962, that the headquarters of the CAMD is located at 168 West 23rd Street, New York City.

The SWP has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

The above source is [redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past. Source was concealed through necessity.

b7D

- 2 - Bureau (100-436691) (RM)
- ① - NY 100-90311 (41)
- 1 - NY 100-146359

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(4)

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| OCT 2 1962 FBI - NEW YORK | |

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100-90311-2518

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-418902)

8/4/52

SAC, NEW YORK (100-21552)

BROOK COMMITTEE FOR CIVIL LIBERTIES AND CIVIL RIGHTS aka SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION IS - C ISN - 1950 (OO: NY)

ReNYtel, dated 4/11/52, in captioned matter.

There is submitted herewith for Bureau approval an amended characterization reflecting a change in the listing place of the subject organization.

On November 22, 1955, a source advised that the Brook Committee for the Problem of Political Prisoners was formed in 1952, by Communist Party (CP) members in the Bronx, New York. He described this committee as the type of Communist group that is formed in a local community for the purpose of agitating for amnesty for convicted CP leaders.

On February 4, 1957, a second source advised that the name of the Brook Committee for the Problem of Political Prisoners had been changed to the Brook Civil Rights Committee. On February 13, 1957, the same source advised that the name of this organization has been changed again to the Brook Civil Liberties Committee. On July 30, 1957, this second source advised that the organization was actively participating in a campaign for the abolition of the United States Senate of Representative Committee on Un-American Activities. On March 10, 1958, he advised that the organization was sending delegations to Congress in connection with this abolition campaign.

NY 100-418902 (11)
NY 100-8511
NY 100-11525

100-90311-2519
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FBI - NEW YORK
MK

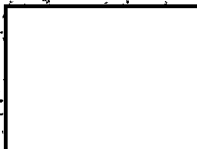
NY 100-118325

On April 11, 1962, a third source advised that the organization had changed its name again to the Bronx Committee for Civil Liberties and Civil Rights. He advised that the organization was actively campaigning for the abolition of the House Committee on Un-American Activities, repeal of the SMITH and WALLEN-DE CARRE Acts, as well as for amnesty for all political prisoners, including those in prison under the EAST-HARTLEY Act.

On September 13, 1962, a fourth source advised that the organization had no established headquarters and utilized the Allerton Community Center, 683 Allerton Avenue, Bronx, New York, as its meeting place and mailing address.

Sources

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.



b7D

All of the above sources have furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given and sources contacted only where absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-427468)

9/25/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-133775)

THE FUND FOR SOCIAL ANALYSIS
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C; ISA of 1950
(OO: NY)

ReBulet 9/21/62.

The following is an amended characterization of captioned organization submitted for Bureau approval:

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the Fund For Social Analysis:

"Fund For Social Analysis

"1. *** an investigation conducted into the activities of The Fund for Social Analysis indicated that it was being operated as a Communist propoganda organization.

*** hearings (held by the Committee May 31, June 7 and August 16, 1961) confirmed that the organization as described in the chairman's opening statement, maintained no files or correspondence, no records of contributions, no records of disbursements, other than grants."

(Committee on Un-American Activities, Synopsis, Hearings Relating to H.R. 4700, To Amend Section 11 of the Subversive Activities Control Act of 1950, As Amended (The Fund for Social Analysis), May 31, June 7 and August 16, 1961, p. 1.)¹⁰⁰⁻⁹⁰³¹¹⁻²⁵²⁰

2 - Bureau (100-427468) (RM)
1 - NY 100-90311 (#41)
1 - NY 100-133775

WCC:mfd

(4)

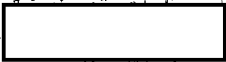
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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

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NY 100-133775

A source advised on August 15, 1962, that the Fund for Social Analysis had been liquidated.

Source



b7D

This source has furnished reliable information in the past.

Careful consideration has been given and the source was concealed since it was absolutely necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438013)

9/25/52

SAC, NEW YORK (100-148303)(P)

LA NUEVA VOZ
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION
CHARACTERIZATION
INTERNAL SECURITY - C
(OO: NEW YORK)

Rebulet, 9/19/52.

Submitted herewith is a proposed characterization of "La Nueva Voz":

On June 6, 1952, a source advised that the proposed Spanish-language newspaper to be published sometime during the summer of 1952, received its initial impetus from the National leadership of the Communist Party (CP). The responsibility for publication of the paper will rest with the New York District organization of the CP since most of the Spanish-speaking people reside in the New York City (NYC) area.

On June 26, 1952, a second source advised that on June 22, 1952, the Comité Pro Derechos Humanos held its first open meeting at Adelphi Hall, 74 5th Avenue, NYC, attendance by invitation only. The chairman of the Comité, [redacted], who spoke at length on the format of a bi-monthly Spanish-language newspaper. This newspaper will deal with oppression, exploitation and general discrimination of Puerto Ricans, Negroes and Latin minorities in NYC and other sections of the country.

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On July 9, 1952, the second source advised that the Spanish-language publication would be called "La Nueva Voz" and that the Editorial Committee included JESUS COLON, [redacted] and [redacted].

- 2 - Bureau (100-438013) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-20311) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-148303) (RM)

JCS: [redacted]
(4)

100-90311-2521

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| SEP 25 1952 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

N. [redacted]

NY 100-148803

On June 27, 1962, the first source advised that JESUS COLON is a member of the National Committee, CP, USA.

On August 13, 1962, a third source advised that [redacted] is a member of the Upper 13th Assembly District Club, Harlem CP.

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On June 16, 1961, a fourth source advised that [redacted] is a member of the Puerto Rican Club, Kings County CP.

The first issue of "La Nueva Voz", a sample issue, dated July 29, 1962, on page two, reflects that [redacted] is Editor and Publisher of "La Nueva Voz" with offices at 799 Broadway, New York 3, N.Y. Page one of this issue contains printer's label Number 209 of the Allied Printing Trades Council of New York.

According to the official directory of union label printing offices in Greater New York, published by the Allied Printing Trades Council of Greater New York, union label Number 209 is assigned to Prompt Printing Press, Incorporated.

** ** * * * * *

A characterization of Prompt Press will be used in conjunction with the above characterization.

SOURCES:

The following sources, who have furnished reliable information in the past, were utilized in the above characterization:

First Source
Second Source
Third Source
Fourth Source



b7D

NY 100-148803

Careful consideration has been given to the sources concealed and T symbols were utilized only in those instances where the identities of the sources must be concealed.

SEP 20 1962

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-427226)

SAC, NEW YORK (100-133479)

YOUNG SOCIALIST ALLIANCE
IS - SWP
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION

Submitted herewith is an amended characterization of captioned organization.

The May, 1960, issue of the "Young Socialist" (YS) page 1, column 3, disclosed that during April 15-17, 1960, a national organization entitled "The Young Socialist Alliance" (YSA), was established at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. This issue stated that this organization was formed by the nationwide supporter clubs of the publication YS.

The above issue, page 6, set forth the founding Declaration of the YSA. This declaration stated that the YSA recognizes the Socialist Workers Party (SWP) as the only existing political leadership on class struggle principles, and that the supporters of the YS have come into basic political solidarity with the SWP on the principles of revolutionary socialism.

A source advised on May 10, 1962, that the original YSA was an organization formed during October, 1957, in New York City by youth of various left socialist tendencies, particularly members and followers of the SWP. The leaders of this group were the guiding forces in the establishment of the national organization.

The source further advised on May 10, 1962, that the YSA is dominated and controlled on a national basis by the SWP through having SWP members comprise, almost exclusively, the national leadership of the YSA. The YSA, in reality, is the youth section of the SWP and the main source of new SWP members.

A source advised on September 17, 1962, that the

- 2 - Bureau (100-427226) (RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311)
- 1 - New York (100-133479)

AJD:rc

(4)

100-90311-2522

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NY 100-133479

headquarters of the Young Socialist Alliance are located at 125 4th Avenue, New York City.

Source: [redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past.

b7D

The above source was concealed through necessity.

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-111370)

10/3/62

SAC, NEW YORK (105-56134)

CUBAN-AMERICAN CIVIL
RIGHTS COMMITTEE
IS - CUBA

SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION
CHARACTERIZATION
IS - CUBA

Attached hereto is a proposed characterization
of captioned organization for Bureau approval.

The source in the attached characterization is

[REDACTED]

b7D

On 9/13/62, a confidential source advised that
on 5/15/62, a group of individuals met at the headquarters
of the Fair Play For Cuba Committee (FPCC), 799 Broadway,
New York, New York, to form an ad hoc committee to be known
as the Cuban-American Civil Rights Committee (CACRC). The

3-Bureau (105-111370) (RM)
(1 - Subversive Organization Characterization)
2-New York (105-56134)
(1) - 100-90311 (41)

JAD:pdw
(5)

VW
H. E. MAEHLER
4-1

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(L)

(PW)

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NY 105-56134

purpose of this committee would be to protest the attacks against and intimidations of Cuban-Americans who favor the government of FIDEL CASTRO by regular constituted authorities and groups of anti-CASTRO Cubans. This group of individuals who made up the CACRO represent themselves as members of West Side Committee for Friendly Relations with Cuba (WSCFRG), FPCC, Casa Cuba, and [redacted] Defense Committee. There are no elected officers. There is approximately \$15 in the treasury being held for the committee by [redacted] a member of the WSCFRG. This committee has no headquarters, no mailing address and no active membership.

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
M E M O R A N D U M

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-7254) DATE: 10/3/62
FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (100-90311)
SUBJECT: SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATIONS
IS - C

The following informants have testified before the Subversive Activities Control Board in Washington, D.C., at hearings held before that Board on a petition of the Attorney General seeking an order requiring WILLIAM ALBERTSON and [redacted] to register as members of the Communist Party (CP):

b6
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10 - BUREAU (100-7254)(RM)
 (1 - 100-432563)(ADVANCE, AN ORGANIZATION OF PROGRESSIVE YOUTH)
 (1 - 100-435851)(ARTISTS' COMM. TO FREE SIQUEIROS)
 (1 - 100-437735)(GUS HALL-BENJAMIN J. DAVIS DEFENSE COMM.)
 (1 - 100-437404)(MANHATTAN PRESS CLUB)
 (1 - 100-434823)(1961 LABOR AND PEOPLES COMM. FOR MAY DAY)
 (1 - 100-437651)(1962 LABOR AND PEOPLES COMM. FOR MAY DAY)
 (1 - 100-437041)(PROGRESSIVE LABOR)
 (1 - 100-434783)(PROVISIONAL COMM. FOR A FREE AFRICA)
1 - NY 100-140667 (ADVANCE, AN ORGANIZATION OF PROGRESSIVE YOUTH)
 (414)
1 - NY 100-145277 (ARTISTS' COMM. TO FREE SIQUEIROS)(41)
1 - NY 100-148234 (GUS HALL-BENJAMIN J. DAVIS DEFENSE COMM.)(414)
1 - NY 100-147513 (MANHATTAN PRESS CLUB)(41)
1 - NY 100-144145 (1961 LABOR AND PEOPLES COMM. FOR MAY DAY)(41)
1 - NY 100-148098 (1962 LABOR AND PEOPLES COMM. FOR MAY DAY)(41)
1 - NY 100-147372 (PROGRESSIVE LABOR)(413)
1 - NY 100-144201 (PROVISIONAL COMM. FOR A FREE PRESS)(41)
① - NY 100-90311 (41)

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HEN:rvs
(19)
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100-90311-2524

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[Handwritten signature]

NY 100-90311

1. [redacted] ([redacted])
[redacted]
2. [redacted] ([redacted])
[redacted]
3. [redacted] ([redacted])
[redacted]

b6
b7C
b7D

Accordingly, the characterizations of the organizations listed below which are regularly being used by the NYO have been changed to reflect the true names of these informants where utilized therein together with the descriptive data set forth above for each of the informants.

Advance, an Organization of Progressive Youth
(100-432563) ([redacted])

Artists' Committee to Free Siqueiros
(100-435851) ([redacted])

The Gus Hall-Benjamin J. Davis Defense Committee
(100-437735) ([redacted])

Manhattan Press Club
(100-437404) ([redacted])

b7D

1961 Labor and Peoples Committee for May Day
(100-434823) ([redacted])

1962 Labor and Peoples Committee for May Day
(100-437651) ([redacted])

Progressive Labor
(100-437041) ([redacted])

NY 100-90311

Provisional Committee for a Free Africa
(100-434783) ()

b7D

The symbol numbers of exposed informants utilized in the aforementioned characterizations for the purpose of clarity appear adjacent to the Bureau file numbers in the above list.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438390)

10/10/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-149064)

LOUISE PETTIBONE SMITH 75TH BIRTHDAY TRIBUTE, aka
Louise P. Smith Birthday Committee
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
(OO - NY)

ReBulet to New York 9/27/62, in captioned matter.

Set forth below for Bureau approval is a revised
characterization of captioned organization:

On July 19, 1962, a source made available information
on letterhead stationery of the National Council of the American-
Soviet Friendship (NCASF) dated July 14, 1962, that the LOUISE
PETTIBONE SMITH BIRTHDAY COMMITTEE (LPSBC) had been recently
formed through cooperation of the American Committee for the
Protection of Foreign Born (ACPFB), the NCASF and the Religious
Freedom Committee (RFC) to hold a birthday dinner for LOUISE
PETTIBONE SMITH on October 12, 1962, at the Hotel Astor, New York
City. The affair will be an "independent and individual
sponsorship."

On July 11, 1962, a second source made available a letter
printed on the stationery of the LOUISE PETTIBONE SMITH 75TH
BIRTHDAY TRIBUTE (LPSBT) dated June 1962, and signed [redacted]
[redacted], the Executive Secretary. This
letter states "the occasion will be used to launch a renewed
effort for the defeat of the McCarran Internal Security Act." b6
b7C

The second source on July 11, 1962, made available a
printed resume of the activities of LOUISE PETTIBONE SMITH
issued by the LOUISE PETTIBONE SMITH BIRTHDAY COMMITTEE which
states that "for the past twelve years she has served as Honorary
Co-Chairman of the American Committee for Protection of Foreign
Born."

On September 13, 1962, the second source made available
a self-addressed envelope of the LOUISE PETTIBONE SMITH BIRTHDAY
COMMITTEE at 49 East 21st Street, New York, N.Y.

- 2 - Bureau (100-438390)(RM)
- 1 - New York (100-149064)#41
- ① - New York (100-90311)

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Director, FBI

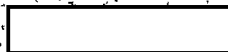
The ACPFB and the NCASF have been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

* * * * *

Sources

The informants used above have furnished reliable information in the past and appear in the following order:

Source 1



b7D

Source 2 Confidential Mail Box, New York Office

Careful consideration has been given and sources were concealed only where absolutely necessary.

A characterization of the RFC will be used in conjunction with this sketch.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-346690)

10/12/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-149392)

EQUAL RIGHTS PARTY, aka
Citizens' Committee to
Elect [redacted] to
the State Assembly from
the 13th District

SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C
(OO:NY)

There is submitted herewith for Bureau approval a
characterization of subject organization.

A source advised on 8/7/62, that at a meeting of the
Communist Lower East Side Section Coordinators held on that date
at the Central Plaza Annex, 40 East 7th Street, New York City,
BETTY GANNETT reported that they were running an independent
"left" candidate, [redacted], a Negro leader, in the 13th
Assembly District (AD) in New York City, in the forthcoming
November, 1962 elections. She stated that a gathering would
be held on the following Friday night which would be a reception
for [redacted] and also the start of the Equal Rights Party (ERP).
She said that the election of [redacted] would be a Manhattan
problem and that every Manhattan comrade must work to secure
the necessary petition signatures to place [redacted] on the
ballot.

On 8/23/62, [redacted], a member of the Communist
Party (CP) from 1945 to 1952, and from 1958 to September, 1962,
made available a copy of a one page printed throwaway issued by
the Citizens' Committee to Elect [redacted] to the State
Assembly from the 13th District (CCECPSA), 501 West 125th
Street, New York City, entitled, "This is your neighbor
[redacted]" which states that [redacted] is the candidate
of the ERP for the New York State Assembly from the 13th AD
and requests the recipient to vote for him.

2-Bureau (100-346690) (RM)

1-NY 100-90311 (41)

1-NY 100-149392

HEN:vdh
(4)

100-90311-2526

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

Wm

NY 100-149392

A second source advised on 10/4/62, that the CCECPUSA is the name used by a group within the ERP for the purpose of obtaining the necessary signatures on the Independent Nominating Petitions to place [redacted] on the ballot.

[redacted], previously described, advised on 6/10/60, that [redacted] was then a member of the Lower 13th CP Club, New York City.

b6
b7C

"The Worker," an east coast Communist newspaper, in its 8/21/62 issue, on page 8, column 3, sets forth an announcement which states that the headquarters of the ERP are located in Room 103, at 501 West 125th Street, New York City.

SOURCES

1. [redacted], who was in a position to furnish reliable information.

2. [redacted], who has furnished reliable information in the past.

b7D

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-46680)

10/15/62

SAC, NEW YORK (105-17907)

**LIBERTARIAN LEAGUE
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - SPAIN
(OO:NY)**

There is being submitted below a subversive organization characterization of subject organization, showing a change of address.

LIBERTARIAN LEAGUE

A source in 1952, advised that the word "Libertarian" is used by "Anarchist" groups to describe themselves.

"Views and Comments" (VC), December, 1961, is self-identified as a Libertarian League (LL) publication, Post Office Box 251 Cooper Station, New York 3, New York. The January - February, 1961 edition of VC identified itself at that time as "An Anarchist Publication."

VC, August, 1957, page 3, carried an article entitled, "Looking Forward." It indicated the LL was founded "3 years ago" by a handful of people in New York City, who felt the time was right for spreading Libertarian ideas in the United States.

VC, April, 1959, page 3, contained an article entitled, "Libertarian Morality." Among other things, it stated:

"The anarchist philosophy is based upon man's inherent instinct towards mutual aid."

2-Bureau (105-46680) (RM)

1-LAY 100-90311 (41)

1-NY 105-17907

REMI:WLB
(4)

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 100-17907

"....Therefore, we advocate a system in which there is no capitalism, no government, and no money. Anarcho-syndicalism is the structure through which such a society can be developed and maintained..."

Concerning the term, "anarcho-syndicalist" Webster's New International Dictionary, 2nd Edition, unabridged, G and C Merriam Company, 1950, contains the following definitions:

"Anarchism - the theory that all government is an evil."

"Syndicalism - the theory plan or practice of trade union action...which aims by the general strike and direct action to establish control by organizations...of workers over the means and processes of production."

VC, December, 1961, on the back cover contained the following statement, entitled, "What We Stand For":

"The 'free' world is not free; the 'communist' world is not communist. We reject both; one is becoming totalitarian; the other is already so.

"....The monopoly of power which is the State must be eliminated. Government itself, as well as its underlying institutions, perpetuates war, oppression, corruption, exploitation, and misery.

"We advocate a world-wide society of communities and councils based on cooperation and free agreement from the bottom (federalism) instead of coercion and domination from the top (centralism). Regimentation of people must be replaced by regulation of things.

"Freedom without socialism is chaotic, but socialism without freedom is despotic. Libertarianism is free socialism."

NY 100-17907

The LL is located in Room 46, 140-142 2nd Ave.,
New York, New York.

SOURCES:

The sources used above are identified as follows:

[redacted] (requested), who
has furnished reliable information in the past.

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The source furnishing the address of the LL is
[redacted] on 10/15/62.

Careful consideration has been given to the above
sources, and the sources were contacted only where absolutely
necessary.

(D) SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION - NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO ABOLISH THE HOUSE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE (NCAHUAC) -- SAC Letter 62-38 (A) dated July 11, 1962, advised that characterizations contained in the various issues of the "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications" published by the House Committee on Un-American Activities (HCUA) should be utilized when characterizing an organization listed therein. The December 1, 1961, issue of HCUA's "Guide," page 115, contains a characterization of the "National Committee to Abolish the Un-American Activities Committee (NCAUAC)."

In view of the change in the name of this organization by the adding of the word "House" and in order to be accurate in all respects in characterizing this organization, it should be characterized in the future in the following manner. The citation as it appears on page 115 of the December 1, 1961, "Guide" should be set forth in its entirety with the following added as a final paragraph: "A source has advised that the NCAUAC changed its name on March 3, 1962, to include the word "House" in its name, thereby becoming known as the National Committee to Abolish the House Un-American Activities Committee." The source for the quoted material is [redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past.

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10/16/62

SAC LETTER NO. 62-58

100-90311-2528

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

Wm

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-435011)

10/24/62

SAC, NEW YORK (105-46603)

ON GUARD COMMITTEE FOR FREEDOM
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - MISCELLANEOUS

Set forth below is a revised thumbnail sketch on captioned organization.

On page 7 of the April 18, 1962, issue of the "New York Times", a New York City newspaper, is a news article entitled, "African Group Splits - On Guard Committee Suspends 2 in Organization Dispute", which is quoted in part as follows:

"A split was disclosed yesterday in the On Guard Committee for Freedom (OGCF) which on February 15, 1961, took part in the demonstration and riot in the United Nations Security Council over the death of Premier PATRICE LUMUMBA of the Congo.

[redacted] Treasurer, announced that three officers had been suspended because two, [redacted] Editor, and [redacted] Director of Information....

[redacted] disputed [redacted] version but said he and his two colleagues had joined four others to form a new group called On Guard. He charged that the older group had become 'racistic' in acting to exclude white membership. The original organization was founded in January, 1961, to fight what it called 'oppression of Afro-Americans in the United States.'"

A source advised on October 3, 1961, that during September, 1961, [redacted] said that he was employed full time as Director of the OGCF and that he had left the Communist Party (CP) in the past

- 2 - Bureau (100-435011) (RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1 - New York (105-46603)

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Ward

NY 105-46603

because of revisionism in the CP.

A second source advised on September 27, 1962, that at a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Lower Manhattan Youth Club of the CP, held in New York City on September 18, 1962, it was announced that [redacted] had applied for membership in the CP.

The second source advised on April 18, 1962, that at a meeting of the Lower Manhattan Youth Club of the CP held April 16, 1962, in New York City, [redacted] was voted in as a member of the CP and was described to those present as being a member of the OCGP.

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[redacted]

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The information furnished by the third source is not to be made public except in the usual proceedings following the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum. In the event that the information furnished by this third source is to be made public, a subpoena duces tecum should be directed to [redacted]

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[redacted] New York City.

A fourth source advised during July, 1962, that [redacted] stated on July 2, 1962, that the OCGP was

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NY 105-46603

composed of only 7 or 8 people and that it was being kept small deliberately, but unfortunately the organization had not been able to get a firm organizational base on which it could build.

The first source utilized is

The second source utilized is

The third source utilized is

The fourth source utilized is

All sources utilized in this characterization have furnished reliable information in the past.

10/3/62

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-98101)

SAC, NEW YORK (100-144435)(P*)

THE COMMITTEE TO DEFEND [REDACTED]
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
INTERNAL SECURITY - CUBA

Submitted herewith is an amended thumbnail sketch of captioned organization.

The Committee to Defend [REDACTED]

The 4/8/61 issue of the "New York World Telegram and Sun" contained an article which reflected that [REDACTED] a pro-CASTRO Cuban, was found guilty on 4/7/61, of second degree murder for the shooting of nine-year old MAGDALENA URDANETA during a fight among Cubans in the El Prado Restaurant, 854 Eighth Avenue, NYC, on 9/21/60.

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A confidential source on 3/30/61, furnished a leaflet issued by the Committee to Defend [REDACTED] (CDFM) which reflected that the committee was composed of a group of Americans interested in the preservation of civil rights and constitutional guarantees who are attempting to mobilize community support for the defense of [REDACTED].

This confidential source advised on 3/30/61, that the July 26th Movement in NYC was behind the establishment of the CDFM; however, the Workers World Party was publicly known as the group which organized the committee. The source advised that the July 26th Movement felt that if it actively promoted propaganda in defense of [REDACTED] the United States would take legal action against it.

2-Bureau (105-98101)(RM)
2-New York (100-144435)(#413)
(1-100-90311)(#41)

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NY 100-144435

A second confidential source on 11/2/61, furnished a booklet entitled "The Case of [redacted] Political Prisoner" which was issued by the CDFM. This booklet states "the [redacted] case is not over. A notice of appeal to the New York State Appellate Court has already been filed. The support of many people in many places is making it possible to take this case to the Supreme Court if necessary".

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On 9/18/62, [redacted] Nova Management Corporation, 154 Nassau Street, NYC, advised that the CDFM discontinued its headquarters at room 832, 154 Nassau Street, NYC, on 6/30/62, and correspondence for the committee was to be directed to the residence of [redacted] [redacted], NYC.

A third confidential source advised on 5/1/62, that [redacted] was then a member of the New York Workers World Party.

Sources

The confidential sources mentioned above are [redacted] [redacted] who have furnished reliable information in the past.

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It is noted that characterizations of the Workers World Party and July 26th Movement should be used in connection with the above thumbnail sketch.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-439191) 11/15/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-149588)

MARXIST YOUTH PUBLICATIONS,
ASSOCIATES
(PUBLISHERS OF "COMMUNIST
VIEWPOINT")
IS-C
(OO: NY)

SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION
CHARACTERIZATION

ReNYrep of SA JOHN R. HAWKEN dated as above.

The following characterization is being furnished
for the Bureau's approval:

MARXIST YOUTH PUBLICATIONS,
ASSOCIATES (PUBLISHERS OF
"COMMUNIST VIEWPOINT")

On May 14, 1962, a confidential source advised
that a four day enlarged meeting of the National Executive
Committee of the Communist Party (CP), United States of
America (USA) and invited guests, was held at CPUSA
Headquarters, New York City, May 10 through 13, 1962.
During the fourth day's session, May 13, 1962, DANIEL
RUBIN gave a report on youth matters in which he said
the energy and funds of the whole Party should be used
in a youth program. As part of this program, RUBIN called
for, among other things, the establishment of a monthly
newspaper for youth.

On June 19, 1962, another confidential source
advised that DANIEL RUBIN is the National Youth Director,
CPUSA and a member of the National Committee, CPUSA.

Volume 1, Number 1 issue of "Communist Viewpoint"
for October-November, 1962, in an editorial captioned,
"From the Editor" noted in part the following:

"Youth have been fed a steady diet of
distorted anti-Communist interpretations of Communism."

2-Bureau (100-439191) (RM)
①-New York (100-90311) (41)
1-New York (100-149588) (414)
JRH:rmv
(4)

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W. D. [unclear]
W. D. [unclear]
W. D. [unclear]

100-90311-2531

NY 100-149588

"Now, you can read regularly the opinions and analysis by Communists of the major social issues. Whether you are a student or a worker, whether you are seeking a degree or hunting for a job, this publication is for you."

The masthead of "Communist Viewpoint" on page two of the October-November, 1962 issue, listed DANIEL RUBIN as Editor and indicated it was published by Marxist Youth Publications, Associates, Room 305, 23 West 26th Street, New York, New York, telephone number MUrray Hill 5-5755.

The Manhattan Telephone Directory for 1962-63, disclosed that MUrray Hill 5-5755 is listed to the CPUSA National Office, 23 West 26th Street, New York City.

The confidential sources utilized in this characterization in order of appearance are CG 5824-S* and NY 694-S*, both of whom have furnished reliable information in the past.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-415194)

11/9/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-122656)

BILL OF RIGHTS FUND
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
INTERNAL SECURITY - C
(OO: NY)

ReNYlet, 5/29/62.

The following is an amended thumbnail sketch of captioned fund:

On 11/15/54, a source made available a mimeographed leaflet dated 11/4/54, entitled, "Announcement of Bill of Rights Funds, CORLISS LAMONT, Chairman". This leaflet reflects that CORLISS LAMONT had set aside \$50,000.00 to initiate a special Bill of Rights Fund, to give assistance to key organizations and enterprises, that are working militantly and uncompromisingly, for American Civil Liberties on the basis that the Bill of Rights should apply impartially to all groups and individuals in the US; and, to provide financial help in especially significant individual cases involving constitutional issues, in order to assist the victims with their legal defense and to lessen economic pressures on such persons if they have lost their jobs.

On 10/22/62, a source advised that the captioned Fund continues to be active. The address for the fund is in care of CORLISS LAMONT, 315 West 106th Street, Apartment 15C, New York 25, New York.

LOUIS BUDENZ, a former self-admitted member of the Communist Party (CP), and ex-managing editor of the "Daily Worker", testified in September, 1953, at Washington, D.C., before the United States Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations, that he knew CORLISS LAMONT as a member of the CPUSA in the 1930's and 1940's.

- 2 - Bureau (100-415194) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-90311) (41)
- 1 - New York (100-122656) (41)

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100-90311-2532

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NY 100-122656

The "Daily Worker" was an east coast Communist newspaper which suspended publication on January 13, 1958.

SOURCES

[redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past.

[redacted]

Who has furnished reliable information in the past

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DIRECTOR, FBI (100-43795)

12/3/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-79725)

BLUE MOUNTAIN CAMP, FORMERLY KNOWN
AS CAMP CALUMET, WINGDALE CAMP, INC.;
WINGDALE LODGE, INC.; CAMP UNITY,
WINGDALE ON THE LAKE, aka
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
(OO: NEW YORK)

Rebulet 11/26/62.

Submitted herewith is a characterization of captioned organization for Bureau approval.

On 5/27/53, a source advised that Camp Unity has been controlled by the Communist Party (CP) since its inception in 1929 or 1930.

On 4/24/56, a second source furnished an undated flyer entitled "The wingdaler" published by Wingdale On The Lake. This flyer reflected that Wingdale On The Lake occupied the same site as was formerly occupied by Camp Unity.

On 6/7/56, [redacted] Office of the Secretary of State, New York State, reviewed his records and advised SA [redacted] that Wingdale Camp, Inc. filed a certificate of Incorporation Number 6036 with his department on 2/9/56.

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On 4/27/56, a third source advised that regardless of the name it uses the camp is always referred to as Camp Unity by the CP and that captioned organization was and still is a joint operation of the National Office of the CP and the NY State CP.

- 2 - Bureau (100-43759)(RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311)(#41)
- 1 - New York (100-79725)(#41)

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NY 100-79725

On 1/3/61, a fourth source advised that the camp formerly known as Wingdale Camp, Incorporated rents office space at 507 Fifth Avenue, NY, NY, and that telephone listings, stationery and other pertinent records of the camp contain the new name, Camp Calumet.

On 11/13/62, the third source above advised that Camp Calumet is now known as Blue Mountain Camp, that the CP has taken complete control of the camp, and the camp will be essentially a youth camp in the future.

1st Source
2nd Source
3rd Source
4th Source

[Redacted]

NY 694-S*
[Redacted]

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All of the source have furnished reliable information in the past.

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-114283)

12/10/62

SAC, NEW YORK (105-57479)

P*

CLEMENCY FOR PUERTO RICAN POLITICAL PRISONERS aka
Comite Pro Liberacion De Los Presos Politicos
Puertorriquenos (Committee for the Liberation of
the Puerto Rican Political Prisoners)
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
INTERNAL SECURITY - N

On September 14, 1962, a source advised that a meeting was held at the Sheraton-Atlantic Hotel, New York City, on September 12, 1962, for the purpose of forming a committee which would campaign for the release of the incarcerated Puerto Rican Nationalists both in the United States and Puerto Rico. Included in this group would be those persons imprisoned because of their participation in the Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico (NPPR) uprising which took place in Puerto Rico on October 30, 1950, as well as [redacted], serving a life sentence for killing a White House guard during an abortive attempt on the life of former United States President, HARRY S. TRUMAN, at Blair House, Washington, D.C., November 1, 1950.

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At this meeting, a proposal was accepted to have one hundred well-known individuals in the United States sign a petition for the release of the political prisoners. Upon completion of the petition, two members of the committee would visit the Attorneys General of the United States and Puerto Rico and demand the release of the prisoners.

On October 4, 1962, a second source advised that a letter dated September 28, 1962, appealing for contributions, listed the name of the committee as Comite Pro Liberacion De Los Presos Politicos Puertorriquenos (Committee for the Liberation of the Puerto Rican Political Prisoners).

2- Bureau (105-114283) (RM)

2- New York (105-57479)

(1) 100-90311 Thumbnail Sketch) (41)

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(42)
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NY 105-57479

On November 13, 1962, a third source furnished a letter from ABRAHAM UNGER, dated November, 1962, acknowledging receipt of a contribution in behalf of the Puerto Rican political prisoners. This appeared on typed letterhead stationery of the Clemency for Puerto Rican Political Prisoners.

On September 14, 1962, the first source advised that ABRAHAM UNGER stated that inquiries concerning the committee should be directed to his office at Room 608, 320 Broadway, New York City.

The NPPR has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

On November 14, 1957, a fourth source advised that at a session of the National Committee of the Communist Party (CP), USA, meeting held in New York City on November 10, 1957, a report was given in which it was stated that an Appeals Commission recommended that ABRAHAM UNGER, who had been expelled from the CP six and one half years prior, be reinstated. This motion was put to a vote and adopted.

Sources; who have furnished reliable information in the past:



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CG 5824-s*

Careful consideration has been given to the sources concealed and these sources were concealed only because it was necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-432102)

12/20/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-139432)

COMMITTEE OF FIRST AMENDMENT DEFENDANTS
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
INTERNAL SECURITY - C
(OO: NY)

Submitted herewith for Bureau approval is an amended subversive organization characterization for captioned organization.

A source advised on May 10, 1962, that the Committee of First Amendment Defendants (CFAD) was established about October, 1959, by some thirty persons who had been cited for contempt and who availed themselves of the right of the First Amendment before Congressional and state committees investigating Communist subversion and who were dissatisfied with the handling of their cases, then pending, by the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee (ECLC).

The purpose of the CFAD at that time, according to the source, was to have members speak before various groups and raise funds in their own behalf.

By means of a suitable pretext conducted by a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation on June 5, 1962, it was determined that the CFAD was at that time dormant.

A second source advised on October 29, 1962, that the CFAD had been re-established on October 13, 1962, in New York City, with WILLIAM A. PRICE as Coordinator.

According to the second source, the CFAD is concerning itself exclusively "with defense of those persons cited for contempt by the House Un-American Activities Committee (HUAC) or by the Senate Internal Security Committee." In addition, this source said that the immediate concern of the CFAD is the defense of the nine persons recently re-indicted on contempt charges.

A third source advised on September 26, 1962, that WILLIAM A. PRICE is the Executive Secretary of the New York Council

2 - BUREAU (100-432102)(RM)
1 - NY 100-90311 (41)
1 - NY 100-139432(41)

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NY 100-139432

to Abolish the House Un-American Activities Committee (NYCAHUAC).

A fourth source advised on December 7, 1962, that the CFAD currently utilizes as its mailing address, "c/o PRICE, 103 West 93rd Street, NYC," the residence in New York City of WILLIAM A. PRICE.

SOURCES

[redacted] [redacted] [redacted] and [redacted] USGPO, New York City, all of whom have furnished reliable information in the past.

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The Special Agent of the FBI who conducted the telephonic pretext on June 5, 1962, is SA [redacted]. Pretext, conducted with WILLIAM A. PRICE, CFAD Coordinator, was in the nature of a person desiring to contribute funds to the CFAD.

Subversive organization characterizations of the ECLC and the NYCAHUAC will be utilized with the above characterization.

100, 2/27
DIRECTOR, FBI (100-432563)

12/20/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-140667)

ADVANCE, AN ORGANIZATION
OF PROGRESSIVE YOUTH
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C; ISA-50
(OO: NY)

ReNYlet, 5/29/62.

Following is a revised thumbnail sketch of captioned organization:

A confidential source advised on February 18, 1960, that Advance was organized at a founding convention held in New York City on February 13-14, 1960.

A second confidential source advised on March 2, 1960, that the Declaration of Principles adopted at the founding convention of Advance included the following pertinent points: a stand for peace and total disarmament; equal rights; anti-discrimination; struggles against forces of opposition to the Bill of Rights; an organized approach to Marxist theory; inform prospective applicants of the group's Declaration of Principles. This source stated that the Declaration of Principles was believed by the Communist Party, United States of America (CP, USA) Secretariat to be essentially the line of the National CP leadership.

[redacted] who was a CP member from October, 1959, until September 11, 1962, advised on April 4, 1961, that at a meeting of the New York District CP Youth Commission held April 3, 1961, a slate of officers to be presented at the Advance Convention scheduled for April 8-9, 1961, was discussed. It was pointed out that the CP desired all Party members to support this slate which included [redacted] President; [redacted] for First Vice President; and [redacted] as Second Vice President.

2-Bureau (100-432563) (RM)
①-New York (100-90311)
1-New York (100-140667) (414)
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NY 100-140667

[redacted] advised on April 10, 1961, that at the Advance Convention held on April 9, 1961, [redacted] was elected President, [redacted] as Organizational Vice President and [redacted] as Executive Vice President.

[redacted] advised on February 7, 1961, that [redacted] was appointed Secretary of the New York District CP Youth Commission at a meeting of the Youth Commission held on February 6, 1961.

A third confidential source advised on March 14, 1961, that [redacted] was as of that date, on the payroll of the New York District CP.

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A fourth confidential source advised on February 2, 1961, that [redacted] was approved as a member of the New York District CP Youth Commission at a meeting of the New York District CP Board held on that date.

[redacted] Owner of the building at 80 Clinton St., NYC, advised on July 2, 1962, that [redacted] had signed a two year lease, beginning July 1, 1962, for the rent of the second floor at that address for use as a clubroom and office by Advance and Associates.

The sources utilized in this characterization in order of their use are:

[redacted]

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The above sources have all furnished reliable information in the past.

DIRECTOR, FBI

12/27/62

SAC, NEW YORK (105-57983)

COMITE PRO-DEFENSA DE LA
SOBERANIA E INDEPENDENCIA
DE LOS PUEBLOS
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - CUBA
IS - PUERTO RICO

Set out below is a suggested thumbnail sketch for the captioned organization, submitted for the Bureau's approval:

Comite Pro-Defensa De La Soberania E Independencia De Los Pueblos (Committee for the Defense of the Sovereignty and Independence of the Peoples (CDSIP)

On 9/18/62, a source advised that the CDSIP was formally organized, its name chosen and officers elected at a meeting held on 9/13/62, at NYC. The committee, according to the source, was composed of a number of pro-Cuban and Puerto Rican organizations in NYC, joined together by means of delegates to the CDSIP, to support the government of FIDEL CASTRO in Cuba, to work against an invasion of Cuba by the United States and to support independence for Puerto Rico.

On 11/5/62, another source advised that the CDSIP had been dissolved on 11/1/62, following withdrawal from the committee of two of its principal pro-Cuban groups.

The following sources, who have furnished reliable information in the past, were utilized in preparing this sketch:

First source is [redacted]

Second source is [redacted]

2-Bureau (RM)
1-New York (100-90311)
1-New York (105-57983)

JRH:vam
(4)

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100-90311-2537
[Handwritten signatures and initials]

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-432563)

1/9/63

SAC, NEW YORK (100-140667)

ADVANCE, AN ORGANIZATION
OF PROGRESSIVE YOUTH
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C; ISA-50
(OO: NY)

ReBulet, 1/2/63.

A revised characterization of the above captioned organization is submitted as follows:

A Confidential Source advised on February 18, 1960, that Advance was organized at a founding convention held in New York City on February 13-14, 1960.

A second Confidential Source advised on March 2, 1960, that the Declaration of Principles adopted at the founding convention of Advance was believed by the Communist Party, United States of America (CPUSA) Secretariat to be essentially the line of the National CP leadership.

[redacted] a CP member from 1959 to September 11, 1962, advised on April 4, 1961, that at a meeting of the New York District CP Youth Commission held on April 3, 1961, it was pointed out that the CP desired all Party members to support a slate of officers to be presented at the Advance convention scheduled for April 8-9, 1961.

A third Confidential Source advised on October 16, 1962, that [redacted] was elected President of Advance and [redacted] Vice-President, at the third Annual Convention of Advance held October 13, 1962.

2-Bureau (100-432563) (RM)
①-New York (100-90311) (41)
1-New York (100-140667) (414)
ASB:rmv
(4)

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NY 100-140667

A fourth Confidential Source advised on April 27, 1962, that at a New York District CP Board meeting on April 26, 1962, it was announced that [redacted] was the New York District CP Youth Director.

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A fifth Confidential Source advised on April 3, 1962, that [redacted] is a member of the New York Youth Coordinating Committee of the CP.

The fourth Confidential Source advised on June 29, 1962, that at a New York District CP Board meeting held on June 28, 1962, Advance was referred to as "our organization, Advance."

The fifth Confidential Source advised on October 16, 1962, that Advance is an affiliate of the Progressive Youth Organizing Committee (PYOC).

A sixth Confidential Source advised on December 14, 1962, that Advance maintains a headquarters and clubroom at 80 Clinton Street, New York City.

Sources: [redacted]

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All of the above sources have furnished reliable information in the past.

The characterization of the PYOC should be used with this characterization.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-427269)

1/11/63

SAC, NEW YORK (100-132365)

SOCIAL SCIENCE LIBRARY
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
(OO: NEW YORK)

There is being submitted herewith a revised characterization on captioned organization for Bureau approval.

A characterization of the Jefferson Book Shop will be used in conjunction with this characterization.

The revised characterization is as follows:

SOCIAL SCIENCE LIBRARY

On April 16, 1957, a source advised that the Jefferson School Library of the Jefferson School of Social Science would change its name to the Social Science Library and would be located on the sixth floor at 34 West 15th Street, New York City.

The Jefferson School of Social Science has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

On December 21, 1962, a source advised that the Jefferson School Library had been moved. Two-thirds of the library was put in a storage room next door to the Jefferson Book Shop, Inc., 100 East 16th Street, New York City and one-third was moved to the National Office of the Communist Party, United States of America, 23 West 26th Street, New York City.

The sources used in the revised characterization are as follows:

1st Source
2nd Source

[REDACTED]
NY 694-S*

b7D

These sources have furnished reliable information in the past.

- 2 - Bureau (100-427269)(RM)
- ① - New York (100-90311)
- 1 - New York (100-132365)

JET:mcn
(4)

100-90311-2539

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Maehle

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-435188)

12/10/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-144263)

GREATER NEW YORK PRESS CLUB
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
INTERNAL SECURITY - C
(OO: NEW YORK)

Set forth below for Bureau approval, is a revised characterization of captioned organization:

A source advised on December 6, 1962, that the Greater New York Press Club (GNYPC) was formed during February 1961, by LOUIS WEINSTOCK when he was the General Manager of "The Worker" by obtaining members who would contribute funds, subscribe to and work for "The Worker," and also to hold social and cultural affairs.

The source stated that in the spring of 1962, [redacted] was the Business Manager of "The Worker." [redacted] announced at a press club meeting at Adelphi Hall, New York City, held on April 26, 1962, the formation of a new press club known as the "City Press Club Executive Board" (CPCEB). The purpose of this new club was to co-ordinate the work of all the borough press clubs in the New York City area; to strengthen the work of the press clubs; to organize new press clubs, and to draw in people who were not members of the CPUSA. The source stated that the basic purpose was to raise funds for "The Worker" and increase the circulation of that publication. Persons not members of the CPUSA could be members of the new club, but leadership in the club was limited to members of the CPUSA. The name of the CPCEB was later changed to "Greater City Press Club" (GCPC) which club became the successor of the GNYPC.

The source continued that in July 1962, LOUIS WEINSTOCK again became General Manager of "The Worker" and the GCPC again became known as the "Greater New York Press Club" and is commonly referred to as the Greater New York Readers' Club, Greater New York Readers' Clubs, Greater New York Readers' Conference, Greater City Press Club and the City Press Club, by personnel responsible

- 2 - Bureau (RM)(100-435188)
- ① - New York (100-90311)#41
- 1 - New York (100-144263)#41

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100-90311-2540

NY 100-144263

for preparation of notices and literature regarding meetings and activities of the clubs. The source advised that at the present time the GNYPC has no office or headquarters and uses the mailing address of "The Worker," 23 West 26th Street, New York City.

"The Worker" is an East Coast Communist newspaper.

A second source advised on August 15, 1962, that the Greater New York Readers' Club was formerly known as the "Three Boro Readers' Club."

Source

The above sources have furnished reliable information in the past and are identified as follows:

Source 1

Source 2

b7D

Careful consideration has been given and the sources were concealed only where necessary.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-43795)

12/10/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-79725)

CAMP WEBATUCK, FORMERLY KNOWN AS
CAMP CALUMET, WINGDALE CAMP INC.;
WINGDALE LODGE, INC.; CAMP UNITY,
WINGDALE ON THE LAKE, aka
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
(OO: NEW YORK)

ReNYlet 12/3/62.

Submitted herewith is a characterization of captioned organization for Bureau approval.

The Bureau is requested to disregard the characterization set forth in NYlet to the Bureau dated 12/3/62 since Camp Calumet is now known as Camp Webatuck.

On 5/27/53, a source advised that Camp Unity has been controlled by the Communist Party (CP) since its inception in 1929 or 1930.

On 4/24/56, a second source furnished an undated flyer entitled "The Wingdaler" published by Wingdale On The Lake. This flyer reflected that Wingdale On The Lake occupied the same site as was formerly occupied by Camp Unity.

On 6/7/56, [redacted] Office of the Secretary of State, New York State, reviewed his records and advised SA [redacted] that Wingdale Camp, Inc. filed a certificate of Incorporation Number 6036 with his department on 2/9/56. b6 b7C

On 4/27/56, a third source advised that regardless of the name it uses the camp is always referred to as Camp Unity by the CP and that captioned organization was and still is a joint operation of the National Office of the CP and the NY State CP.

2 - Bureau (100-43795) (RM)
① - New York (100-90311) (#41)
1 - New York (100-79725) (#41)

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(4)

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On 11/13/62, the third source above advised that the CP has taken complete control of the camp and the camp will be essentially a youth camp in the future.

The "National Guardian", 12/6/62, contained an advertisement on page 10 entitled "Announcing Camp Webatuck".

The advertisement reflected that the camp located at Lake Ellis, Wingdale, New York is a camp for boys and girls from 7 to 16 plus.

The advertisement indicated that registrations for the camp could be made at its office, 505 Fifth Avenue, Suite 705, New York 17, NY, telephone number MU 7-0586.

On 12/7/62 a suitable pretext call was placed to telephone number MU 7-0586.

It was determined through conversation with an unknown male individual that Camp Webatuck is the new name for Camp Calumet formerly known as Wingdale Camp, Inc.; Wingdale Lodge, Inc.; Camp Unity, Wingdale On The Lake, aka and that 505 Fifth Avenue, Suite 705 is the New York address for the camp.

A characterization of the "National Guardian" is set forth below:

"NATIONAL GUARDIAN"

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications", revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the "National Guardian":

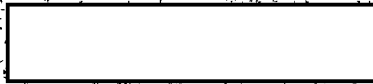
"National Guardian"

1. "Established by the American Labor Party in 1947 as a 'progressive' weekly ***. Although it denies having any affiliation with the Communist Party, it has manifested itself from the beginning as a virtual official propaganda arm of Soviet Russia." (Committee of Un-American Activities, Report, Trial by Treason; The National Committee to Secure Justice for the ROSENBERGS and MORTON SOBELL, August 25, 1956, p. 12.)"

NY 100-79725

b7D

1st Source
2nd Source
3rd Source



NY 694-S*

The pretext call made to the unknown male individual on 12/7/62 was made by SA [redacted] under the guise of a parent seeking information concerning the enrollment of his child at the camp.

b6
b7C

For the information of the Bureau, it appears that the CP had originally intended that the camp's name was to be changed to Blue Mountain Camp, but then decided to change the name to Camp Webatuck. (See paragraph 2, page 2, relet 12/3/62 wherein it is stated that on 11/13/62 the third source above advised that Camp Calumet is now known as Blue Mountain Camp etc. As the Bureau knows, the third source is NY 694-S*).

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-427226)

12/27/62

SAC, NEW YORK (100-133479)

YOUNG SOCIALIST ALLIANCE
IS-SWP

ReBulet, 11/20/62.

There follows an up-to-date characterization of the Fourth International, as requested in relet:

"The Militant", a weekly newspaper of the Socialist Workers Party (SWP), set forth in its issue of October 1, 1962, that the Fourth International (FI) was the world movement founded by LEON TROTSKY in 1938 to carry on the aims of the previous three "international-revolutionary-socialist organizations of the working class".

It was further set forth that the FI had been split since 1953, with one faction headed by the International Executive Committee (IEC) and one by the International Committee (IC). According to "The Militant", the SWP identified itself with the views of the IC and viewed with favor the formation in 1962 of a Parity Committee by representatives of the IEC and IC which aimed at reunification of the world Trotskyist movement.

Upon receipt of Bureau approval, the above characterization will be used in future communications dealing with the FI and its two factions.

2 - Bureau (100-427226)
1 - New York (100-4013) (SWP) (413)
① - New York (100-133479) (413)

① - New York (100-90311) (1,1) *wk*
(Subversive Organization
Characterizations)

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SAC, New York (100-133479)

January 10, 1963

Director, FBI (100-427226)

YOUNG SOCIALIST ALLIANCE
INTERNAL SECURITY - SWP

Reurlet 12/27/62 submitting a revised characterization of the Fourth International (FI) for approval.

The characterization as submitted is not being approved since it does not contain information clearly indicating the purpose of the organization.

There follows a suggested characterization which you should review and, in the event it meets with your approval, the Bureau should be so advised. It will not be necessary to restate the characterization.

Fourth International, International Executive Committee, International Committee, and Parity Committee

According to "The Founding Conference of the Fourth International," published by the Socialist Workers Party (SWP), in January, 1939, the FI was founded in September, 1938, in order to direct and co-ordinate the followers of Leon Trotsky throughout the world toward the eventual revolutionary overthrow of capitalism.

"The Militant," weekly newspaper of the SWP, in its issue of 10/1/62, set forth information that the FI had been split since 1953, with one faction headed by the International Executive Committee (IEC) and one by the International Committee (IC). According to "The Militant," the SWP identified itself with the views of the IC and viewed with favor the formation in 1962 of a Parity Committee by representatives of the IEC and IC which aimed at reunification of the world Trotskyist movement.

*original in
100-133479
6720*

100-90311-2543

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[Signature]



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

January 23, 1963

WASHINGTON 25, D.C.

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

(A) CHARACTERIZATION OF KLAN-TYPE AND HATE-TYPE ORGANIZATIONS -- Set forth below are revised and new thumbnail sketches of klan-type and hate-type organizations which should be utilized in communications when necessary to document these organizations. These sketches supersede those previously furnished the field and presently being used. All sources furnishing information in connection with these thumbnail sketches are described as having furnished reliable information in the past.

Activities of individuals and groups must be specifically identified with the correct klan organization. Terms such as "the klan" or "a klansman" must not be used unless it is clearly indicated to which klan organization reference is being made. Care should be taken to use the correct name of a klan-type and hate-type organization in reporting information.

A thumbnail of an affiliate organization includes a statement showing affiliation with the parent organization. When such a thumbnail is used the thumbnail of the parent organization should also be set forth.

When submitting characterizations of klan-type or hate-type organizations instructions set forth in the Manual of Rules and Regulations, Part II, Section 4, Page 21, should be closely followed.

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY,
ALSO KNOWN AS WORLD UNION OF FREE
ENTERPRISE NATIONAL SOCIALISTS,
GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL PARTY

DUE

A source advised on February 27, 1959, that George Lincoln Rockwell of Arlington, Virginia, had held an organizational meeting of the World Union of Free Enterprise National Socialists (WUFENS) at his residence on February 26, 1959.

100-90311-2544

g *g*

[Handwritten signature]

Six persons were present and they, according to the source, comprised the beginning of an officer corps of the organization. Rockwell told those present that the WUFENS would be an international movement, but that the section of the organization in the United States would be known as the American Party of the WUFENS.

Rockwell, on March 26, 1959, furnished to Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, a copy of the program of the WUFENS, stating that he expects to become the President of the United States through the organization's platform. The main tenets of the WUFENS, as reflected in the program, call for the migration of Negroes to Africa and the trial and execution of all Jews guilty of Communist and Zionist treason.

A second source advised on August 15, 1962, that the main activity of the organization in furtherance of these objectives, has consisted of picketings with anti-Jewish and anti-Negro placards; talks by Rockwell attacking Jews as traitors to the United States; attempts by Rockwell to form Nazi groups in various cities in the United States; and attempts to form a group of international sympathizers. Rockwell prints large amounts of Nazi literature at American Nazi Party Headquarters, 928 North Randolph Street, Arlington, Virginia.

On June 29, 1962, the State of Virginia revoked the charter of the American Nazi Party.

On September 20, 1962, the State Corporation Commission of Virginia issued a charter for a "George Lincoln Rockwell Party." The second source mentioned above advised on September 24, 1962, that Rockwell will continue to carry on his activities, using the name American Nazi Party, and he obtained the charter for the George Lincoln Rockwell Party merely to be able to do business as a corporation.

Sources: 1st Source [redacted] (RAC) b6
2nd Source [redacted] (RAC) b7C
Bufile 105-70374

X

**AMERICAN NAZI PARTY, ALSO KNOWN AS WORLD
UNION OF FREE ENTERPRISE NATIONAL SOCIALISTS
WASHINGTON, D. C.**

A source advised on August 15, 1962, that the American Nazi Party (ANP), whose leader is George Lincoln Rockwell, maintains its headquarters at 928 North Randolph Street, Arlington, Virginia.

The main activity of the ANP in Washington, D. C., consists of picketing with placards which contain anti-Jewish and anti-Negro remarks. During some of the demonstrations, ANP literature is passed out.

Source: [redacted] (RAC)
Bufile 105-70374

X

**AMERICAN NAZI PARTY, ALSO KNOWN AS WORLD
UNION OF FREE ENTERPRISE NATIONAL SOCIALISTS
CINCINNATI, OHIO**

David G. Schreibeis, 7267 Berwood Drive, Madeira, Cincinnati 43, Ohio, advised Special Agents of the FBI on November 20, 1961, December 11, 1961, June 21, 1962, and August 27, 1962, that he is an associate member of the American Nazi Party and is the American Nazi Party Organizer in Cincinnati, Ohio.

He stated he has been an Associate American Nazi Party Member since April 18, 1961, and advised that he is one of the two associate members of the American Nazi Party in the Cincinnati, Ohio, area.

b7D

Schreibeis said there is no American Nazi Party activity in the Cincinnati, Ohio, area; also, that the Cincinnati Branch of the American Nazi Party is affiliated with the American Nazi Party parent organization located in Arlington, Virginia.

Source: [redacted]
Bufile 105-70374

X

**AMERICAN NAZI PARTY, LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA,
ALSO KNOWN AS AMERICAN NAZI PARTY,
WESTERN DIVISION**

A source has advised that the Los Angeles branch of the American Nazi Party (LAANP), which branch has also been known as the American Nazi Party, Western Division (ANPWD), came into existence as follows:

1/23/63
SAC LETTER NO. 63-4

In October, 1960, one [redacted] was made a member of the American Nazi Party (ANP) by the national headquarters of that group as a result of his leading a picket line protesting the marriage of a Negro to a Caucasian. At that time [redacted] told the Los Angeles Police Department he was in complete accord with the thinking of George Lincoln Rockwell, National ANP leader. He said he, [redacted], is trying to wake up the people to what is going on; that the Jewish-owned press and radio would not let the people know the truth.

b6
b7C

On March 7, 1962, George Lincoln Rockwell advised a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that [redacted] was one of his leaders in Los Angeles.

The source mentioned above advised that as of August 17, 1962, [redacted] was the only leader of the LAANP.

b6
b7C
b7D

Source:

[redacted]

Bufile 105-70374

AMERICAN NATIONAL PARTY

OK

On August 1, 1962, a source advised that the American National Party was formed in New York City on November 24, 1961, and is composed at present of [redacted], [redacted] and [redacted], all former members of the American Nazi Party (ANP), who left the ANP because of policy disagreements with George Lincoln Rockwell, ANP leader.

b6
b7C

The source further stated that the membership of the American National Party has gradually declined since its formation and is in danger of complete dissolution due to the lack of interest displayed by its present members. According to this source, there has been no real activity by the American National Party in recent months.

The above source stated that the original purpose behind the formation of the American National Party was to be openly anticommunist and attract other anti-communists who could be gradually converted to anti-Semites, thereby expressing the true sympathies of the American National Party.

The source stated that the American National Party continues to maintain a "mail drop" at Post Office Box 191, Gracie Station, New York 28, New York, but has no actual headquarters.

Source: [redacted]
Bufile 157-537

[redacted]
ARYAN KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN
P. O. BOX 5062, WACO, TEXAS

On March 29, 1955, a source advised that [redacted], Waco, Texas, formerly was a member-at-large of the U. S. Klans of Georgia, but in approximately 1947, he was ousted from that organization by [redacted] Imperial Wizard.

[redacted], of Waco, Texas, on August 4, 1962, and Waco's Chief of Police Jesse Gunterman, on August 17, 1962, furnished the following information: [redacted] self-styled himself as "The Aryan Knight" and began distributing his writings under the caption "Aryan Knights of the Ku Klux Klan Religion" in approximately 1957. He is a prolific letter writer and since 1957, he has published and distributed his pamphlets entitled, "The Aryan Views-White Folk News." This publication contains reprints of articles which have appeared in newspapers and magazines and are anti-Catholic, anti-Semitic, anti-Masonic, anti-Negro, and pro-klan propaganda. He has distributed leaflets which set forth the tenets of the "Aryan Knights of the KKK religion," and which request contributions from the readers.

Sheriff C. C. Maxey, Waco, Texas, on August 10, 1962, informed that [redacted] is a disabled World War I veteran who receives retirement benefits from the Railway Retirement Board which he uses to defray the cost of publishing this propaganda. In recent months, the leaflets have contained articles and letters which are critical of the U. S. Supreme Court, the Attorney General, and the Kennedy Administration, and [redacted] has attacked efforts to integrate public schools and public facilities in the South. Recently, he denounced integration of the public schools, in the city of Waco. According to Maxey, [redacted] is a "crack pot" who has no following and does not appear capable of resorting to

violence in his efforts to prevent integration of the races. He is a semi-invalid who uses an electric typewriter in preparing letters, leaflets, and other propaganda, and frequently advises law enforcement officers that he is anxious to assist his Government at all times.

Sources: [redacted]

[redacted]
[redacted]
[redacted] Waco, Texas
Bufile 62-97279

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b7C
b7D

ASSOCIATION OF ARKANSAS KLANS
OF THE KU KLUX KLAN (AAK) ✓

A source advised on April 22, 1959, as follows: AAK was formed on April 21, 1959, at Pine Bluff, Arkansas, for the purpose of promoting white supremacy and segregation of the races but violence was disavowed. Leaders of AAK were previously members of the Original Knights of the Ku Klux Klan (OKKKK). [redacted] Grand Dragon of OKKKK for the State of Arkansas, was carried over as the Grand Dragon of the new organization AAK. A source advised that on August 11, 1960, [redacted] disavowed violence. Another source advised that on January 21, 1962, the new Grand Dragon [redacted] disavowed violence.

b6
b7C

[redacted] is the Legal Counselor of the AAK. Another source stated the ritual used by OKKKK is taken from the "Kloran" of the Association of South Carolina Klans of the Ku Klux Klan (ASCK). Regarding the ASCK, the following is noted: A source advised on September 24, 1956, that the ASCK was organized in the Fall of 1955 and is patterned after the Association of Carolina Klans (ACK). The source stated the ASCK is a new organization and not a rebirth of the ACK, although all high-ranking officials of the ASCK had been members of the ACK. The announced purposes of this organization are to promote white supremacy and to combat integration of races; however, the use of violence is disavowed.

A source advised on September 2, 1950, that the ACK was composed of groups formerly members of the Association of Georgia Klans (AGK), and although the ACK severed all connections with the AGK on November 14, 1949, the ideals, purposes and policies of the two organizations remained identical. The ACK became defunct after convictions and imprisonment of its highest official and other members in 1952.

The AGK has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

Sources:

b6
b7C
b7D

Bufile 157-92

ASSOCIATION OF GEORGIA KLANS
KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN (AGK, KKKK) X

A source advised on January 11, 1961, that the AGK, KKKK, was organized by [redacted] in the Spring of 1960, with mailing address of Post Office Box 41, Bloomingdale, Georgia. This source stated that AGK, KKKK, is a new organization and is not affiliated in any way with the old Association of Georgia Klans which is defunct. It is patterned after the U. S. Klans, has the same general ritual and has the same titles for its Klavern officers. Most officers and members are former members of the U. S. Klans. The announced purposes of this organization are to promote white supremacy and to fight integration and communism by peaceful means, and it is opposed to any type of violence. This source said AGK, KKKK, is affiliated with the National Ku Klux Klan.

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The same source advised on May 9, 1962, that this klan group continues to operate with the same aims and purposes and is localized in the area of Bloomingdale and Savannah, Georgia. It continues to be affiliated with the National Ku Klux Klan.

Source:

Bufile 157-470

b7D

1/23/63
SAC LETTER NO. 63-4

ASSOCIATION OF SOUTH CAROLINA KLANS
KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN (ASCK) X

A source advised on September 24, 1956, that the Association of South Carolina Klans (ASCK) was organized in the Fall of 1955 and is patterned after the Association of Carolina Klans (ACK). This source said ASCK is a new organization and not a rebirth of ACK, although all high-ranking officials of ASCK had been members of ACK. The source stated announced purposes of this organization are to promote white supremacy and combat integration of the races; however, the use of violence is disavowed.

A second source advised on September 2, 1950, that ACK was composed of groups formerly members of the Association of Georgia Klans (AGK) and although ACK severed all connections with AGK on November 14, 1949, the ideals, purposes and policies of the two organizations remained identical. ACK became defunct after conviction and imprisonment of its highest official and other members in 1952.

A third source advised on April 16, 1962, that ASCK continues to operate for the purpose of promoting white supremacy and combating integration by peaceful means by public speaking and propaganda.

This third source said that ASCK, using the name Majority Citizens League of South Carolina, published a monthly newspaper, "Southland Standard," from August through December, 1961, and dropped it due to lack of financial support.

AGK has been designated by the Attorney General pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

Sources:

Bufile 105-38068

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b7C
b7D

CHRISTIAN EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION ✓

The Christian Educational Association of 530 Chestnut Street, Union, New Jersey, is the publisher of "Common Sense," a tabloid-size newspaper published twice monthly except during July and August. Current issues of this paper identify the editor as Conde McGinley and the publisher as the Christian Educational Association.

On December 17, 1954, the Committee on Un-American Activities of the United States House of Representatives published a "Preliminary Report on Neo-Fascist and Hate Groups" in which their growth and objectives are discussed at length. The report indicates that "Common Sense" has a circulation which fluctuates between 30,000 and 100,000 copies an issue. It describes "Common Sense" as a "hate sheet" vehicle which publishes "some of the most vitriolic hate propaganda ever to come to the attention of the Committee."

According to the report, "Common Sense" depicts Communism as Judaism and devotes its pages almost entirely to attacks on the Jewish and to a lesser extent, the Negro minorities in the United States. Sympathy for the former Nazi government in Germany is also shown in the paper.

Bufile 100-7254

CHRISTIAN KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN (CKKKK) ✓

A source advised on December 17, 1959, that Post Office Box 45, Louisville, Kentucky, was rented by J. B. Stoner in July, 1959, for the CKKKK. The source stated that as of December 17, 1959, the Post Office Box was still being held by Stoner.

Another source advised on November 23, 1959, that J. B. Stoner stated that he started the CKKKK in Louisville, Kentucky, with people who were in bad financial condition; however, he felt that after the organization's activity became known, it would attract a higher class of individuals. He indicated at that time an interest in securing more members in the Louisville area.

The same source advised that in May, 1960, the first edition of the "Klan Bulletin" appeared. The source described the "Klan Bulletin" as the official publication of the CKKKK.

The June issue of the "Klan Bulletin" disclosed the address of the CKKKK as Post Office Box 48, Atlanta, Georgia.

A third source advised on January 25, 1961, that the CKKKK was a functioning organization in Atlanta, Georgia, that meetings were held and literature distributed.

A fourth source advised on June 7, 1961, that the CKKKK was a paper organization and inactive. The source added Stoner collects some dues and uses this money for his personal benefit.

The same source advised on May 14, 1962, that the CKKKK was no longer functioning due to J. B. Stoner's being occupied as an attorney for racists in various southern cities.

Sources: 1st Source

2nd Source

3rd Source

4th Source

Bufile 157-89



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b7C
b7D

DIXIE KLANS, KNIGHTS OF THE
KU KLUX KLAN, INC. (DK, KKKK)

Sources advised it was announced at a meeting of Klavern 1, U. S. Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Inc., at Chattanooga, Tennessee, on September 17, 1957, that some former leaders of Klavern 1 and their close associates had been banished from U. S. Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Inc., during the preceding week.

Sources advised those individuals who were banished formed a new klan organization known as Dixie Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Inc., with headquarters in Masonic Hall, 2523 Glass Street, East Chattanooga, Tennessee. A general welfare charter was secured from the State of Tennessee on October 21, 1957, which charter lists some of the purposes of the organization as freedom of speech and association, rejection of forced integration,

preservation of the Constitutions of the United States and of Tennessee, and preservation of the sovereignty of each state.

On April 26, 1962, source stated that the Dixie Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Inc., has active klaverns in Tennessee, Georgia, Alabama, and Virginia. This informant advised attempts were made to organize klaverns of this organization in Arkansas, Mississippi, Florida, South Carolina, and North Carolina, but the attempts at organization in these states have not been successful.

A source advised during the Fall of 1960 that a "den" of Klavern 1, DK, KKKK, Inc., Chattanooga, Tennessee, consisting of ten members and two alternates, including [redacted], Imperial Wizard (National President) of DK, KKKK, Inc., [redacted], Exalted Cyclops of Klavern 1, Chattanooga, Tennessee (the local chapter president), and others, all listed as members of Klavern 1, DK, KKKK, Inc., Chattanooga, Tennessee, during July, August, and September, 1960, were responsible for five bombings of residences of Hamilton County, Tennessee, during July and August, 1960. Some of these members and alternates of the "den" held closed meetings and discussed bombing and other acts of violence. These acts and meetings were reportedly closed and rank-and-file members of this organization unaware of such. All reported members and alternates of the "den" interviewed during another investigation denied knowledge of bombings or acts of violence, denied knowledge of the "den" of DK, KKKK, Inc., and the majority admitted membership in DK, KKKK, Inc.

b6
b7C

Sources have reported [redacted] continually discusses commission of acts of violence, encourages such acts in relationship to integration, and boasts of having committed acts of violence. Information as to the "den" listed above and acts of violence boasted of by [redacted] have been unconfirmed.

Sources:



Bufile 105-65374

b7D

1/23/63
SAC LETTER NO. 63-4

- 11 -

DIXIE KLANS, KNIGHTS OF THE
KU KLUX KLAN, INCORPORATED,
GEORGIA

A source advised in May, 1962, the Dixie Klans has no state organization in Georgia but does have a few units located within the northern part of Georgia. The source stated that the units of Dixie Klans in Georgia are under the direct control and supervision of the headquarters of Dixie Klans located at 2523 Glass Street, East Chattanooga, Tennessee.

Sources:
Bufile 105-65374

b7D

DIXIE KLANS, KNIGHTS OF THE
KU KLUX KLAN, INC.,
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE

A source advised on May 16, 1962, that for about the past four years a small klavern of the Dixie Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Inc., has been in existence in Memphis, Tennessee. This Klavern is affiliated with and has been chartered under the national or parent organization name, the national headquarters of which is located in Chattanooga, Tennessee.

The aims and purposes of this Klavern are primarily directed toward doing everything legally possible to maintain racial segregation in the South, particularly in the Memphis and Shelby County areas, and toward maintaining states rights as opposed to a concentrated Federal Government.

This Klavern as of 1961 had about thirty members, most of whom were inactive. Until the Fall of 1961, it held weekly meetings in Memphis, Tennessee, with an average attendance of six to eight persons.

Due to lack of interest on the part of the membership, no meetings have been held since the Fall of 1961; no new members have been recruited and no members are known to have paid any dues since 1961.

Source:
Bufile 105-65374

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DIXIE KLANS, KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN, INC.,
VIRGINIA

On July 25, 1961, a source advised that [redacted] [redacted], Colonial Heights, Virginia, had received a charter from Dixie Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Inc. (DK, KKKK, Inc.), signed by [redacted], which designated [redacted] as Grand Wizard of the State of Virginia of the DK, KKKK, Inc.

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On December 6, 1961, a second source advised a klavern of DK, KKKK, Inc., with National Office in Tennessee, was organized in Colonial Heights, Virginia, around April, 1961, with [redacted] acting as its leader.

Records of the State Corporation Commission, Richmond, Virginia, showed an application for a Certificate of Authority to Transact Business in Virginia was filed by DK, KKKK, Inc., on April 4, 1962, by [redacted] President, [redacted], and a Certificate to Transact Business in Virginia was issued on April 6, 1962.

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The application stated DK, KKKK, Inc., a nonprofit fraternal organization, was incorporated in the State of Tennessee in October of 1957, and the principal office is 2523 Glass Street, Chattanooga. [redacted] [redacted] Virginia, described as an officer of the organization, was listed as the Registered Agent in Virginia.

Sources:

[redacted]

Bufile 105-65374

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FEDERATED KU KLUX KLANS, INCORPORATED

A source advised on December 21, 1959, that Federated Ku Klux Klans, Incorporated, was organized in late 1959 originally in Alabama by [redacted] who had headed a klan group of the same name in Alabama in the late 1940's or early 1950's.

Headquarters of the organization were located in Montgomery, Alabama. [redacted] claimed the organization was

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the successor to the original Ku Klux Klan, organized in 1866. The source advised that the aims and purposes of the organization included "pure Americanism," white supremacy and segregation of the races.

The same source advised in September, 1960, that [redacted] had moved from Alabama to Bremen, Georgia. This source reported in February, 1962, that Federated Ku Klux Klans, Incorporated, had gone out of existence in Alabama and that the members had affiliated with the United Klans of America, Incorporated, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan.

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A second source advised in May, 1962, that Federated Ku Klux Klans, Incorporated, which formerly had six or seven units in Georgia, had lost membership until only one unit remained.

A third source advised in November, 1962, that Federated Ku Klux Klans, Incorporated, had gone out of existence.

Sources: [redacted]

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FIGHTING AMERICAN NATIONALISTS
(FAN)

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On February 23, 1961, George Lincoln Rockwell, leader of the American Nazi Party (ANP), advised Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that the Fighting American Nationalists (FAN) was organized as an anti-communist organization in September, 1960. Rockwell said it is a separate and distinct group from ANP, but members of FAN are "frustrated Nazis" who do not like to wear the swastika or be associated with the principles of Adolf Hitler.

Rockwell stated individuals have expressed an interest in the FAN and since FAN is in consort with and guided by the ANP, these individuals soon realize the use of the swastika is the best method of getting recognition in their fight against communism. Soon these individuals will join the ANP, Rockwell said.

A source advised on February 17, 1961, that in talking to [redacted], Deputy Commander, ANP,

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[redacted] stated there is no legal connection between FAN and ANP but FAN was organized under the guidance of Rockwell and it is used as a front group dominated by the principles and objectives of the ANP and looks to George Lincoln Rockwell as its leader.

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Source: [redacted]
Bufile 157-304

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FIGHTING AMERICAN NATIONALISTS
NEW YORK CITY

OK

On May 8, 1962, Detective [redacted] [redacted] New York City Police Department (NYCPD), advised that the Fighting American Nationalists (FAN) first made an appearance in New York City in October, 1960, when a small group picketed against John F. Kennedy, then a presidential candidate.

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On July 12, 1962, a source advised that FAN, a front group of the American Nazi Party (ANP), formerly utilized P. O. Box 220, Murray Hill Station, New York 16, New York, as a mailing address, but since the latter part of June, 1962, has used P. O. Box 130, Highbridge Station, New York 52, New York, as a mailing address. The source stated that FAN, NYC, has no actual headquarters.

According to this source, FAN, NYC, was formed under the direction of George Lincoln Rockwell, leader of the ANP, Arlington, Virginia, and is composed of individuals who are in sympathy with the purposes of the ANP but who are reluctant to expose themselves publicly as ANP sympathizers. Although FAN, NYC, has no formal membership list, individuals who participate in FAN activities consider themselves FAN members.

The source further advised that [redacted] a member of the ANP, who had been specifically designated by George Lincoln Rockwell as organizer of FAN, NYC, had appointed George Lincke, in the latter part of June, 1962, to the position of provisional leader of FAN, NYC.

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Source: Detective [redacted] NYCPD
Bufile 157-304

KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN (KKKK), X
also known as Southern Knights
of the Ku Klux Klan (SKKKK),
Southern-Northern Knights of the
Ku Klux Klan (SNKKKK),
Knights of the White Camellia (KOTWC),
Knights of the White Camellia of the
National Christian Church (KOTWC of the NCC)
National Christian Church (NCC),
Order of the Rattlesnake (OTR),
Konsolidated Ku Klux Klans of the
Invisible Empire

The August 23, 1949, issue of the Tampa, Florida, "Morning Tribune" newspaper contained an article concerning an interview with Bill Hendrix, Imperial Emperor of the SKKKK, relative to the formation of this new Klan. According to the article, Hendrix said the organization was an out-growth of the Klan set up in 1915 by William Joseph Simmons. Hendrix stated SKKKK was started under the Original Southern Klans, Incorporated, in June, 1948, a branch of which was formed in Tallahassee, Florida, in January, 1949.

Original Southern Klans, Incorporated, has been designated by the Attorney General pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

On December 26, 1956, "The Klansman," described by [redacted] as the official publication of KKKK, ordered the above-named group to again become active in the fight against integration by all lawful means and to destroy Communism, Fascism, and Nazism.

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On September 8, 1960, a source reported that all organizations named, with exception of Konsolidated Ku Klux Klans of the Invisible Empire, are merely other names of the KKKK which was still active at that time.

On June 23, 1961, this source advised that in June, 1961, [redacted] commenced using the name Konsolidated Ku Klux Klans of the Invisible Empire for his Klan and that this is just another name for the Knights of the Ku Klux Klan.

Applications to join the Konsolidated Ku Klux Klans of the Invisible Empire state that it is a voluntary organization fighting for the freedom and rights of white Americans.

On May 17, 1962, this source advised that [redacted] is still using the name Knights of the Ku Klux Klan as the name of his klan organization and the other names listed above are used whenever it suits him to use them.

Source: [redacted]
Bufile 100-356570

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KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN, INCORPORATED
(K K K K, INC.)

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Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Inc., (K K K K, Inc.), was incorporated on December 7, 1959, in the Superior Court of Fulton County, Georgia, on a petition signed by

[redacted]
[redacted]

A source advised on November 25, 1959, that at that time [redacted] and [redacted] were officials of the Jonesboro, Georgia, Unit of the U. S. Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Inc.

A second source stated in January, 1960, that Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Inc., used the same ritual as the klan chartered in 1915 by William Joseph Simmons. The same source advised in 1960 that Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Inc., had as its objectives the maintenance of white supremacy and segregation of the races.

The first source reported in May, 1962, that the organization is no longer in existence, having merged into United Klans of America, Inc., Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, in July, 1961.

Sources: [redacted]

Bufile 157-168

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NACIREMA, INCORPORATED,
ALSO KNOWN AS WHITE CITIZENS

Records of the Superior Court of Cobb County, Georgia, show that Nacirema, Inc., was granted a charter on June 1, 1961, at Marietta, Georgia.

At a meeting of Nacirema, Inc., on December 5, 1961, [redacted] stated that Nacirema, Inc., is a secret organization for Americans who want to fight to uphold the principles of our Constitution. He said white Americans have only a little freedom remaining, and Nacirema, Inc., has been formed by men who have pledged themselves to "restore freedom to white Americans." [redacted] did not openly state that Nacirema, Inc., had participated in acts of violence, but he gave the distinct impression that such had been the case.

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A source advised on July 25, 1961, that the organization was composed almost entirely of present and former klansmen who joined Nacirema, Inc., to get "more action."

The same source advised in October, 1961, that two leaders of the organization conducted an explosives school at which instructions were given in the assembling and detonation of explosives and incendiary devices with the use of easy-to-obtain materials.

A second source advised in December, 1961, that leaders of Nacirema, Inc., frequently spoke of the necessity of violence to "restore freedom to white Americans." They never spoke of specific acts of violence but gave the definite impression that members of the organization had participated in acts of violence.

The same source advised in July, 1962, that the organization held its last meeting on May 30, 1962, and had gone out of existence due to surveillances and interviews by detectives of the Atlanta, Georgia, Police Department.

Sources:



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Bufile 157-398

NATIONAL KU KLUX KLAN
KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN
(NKKK)

A source advised that on May 22, 1960, the National Grand Council of the Knights of the Ku Klux Klan met at Atlanta, Georgia, to discuss consolidation of the klans

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unity of effort and activities, to establish a National Fund and a National Secretary and to design a new flag. The meeting was attended by representatives of the Federation of Ku Klux Klan, Alabama; Association of Arkansas Klans, Arkansas; Florida Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Florida; Southern Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Florida; Association of Georgia Klans, Georgia; Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, North Carolina; Association of South Carolina Klans, South Carolina; Dixie Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Tennessee; and Hyksos Klan, Texas.

This source advised that at a consolidation meeting at Atlanta, Georgia, September 2-5, 1960, at which the North Carolina and Texas Klans were not represented, it was resolved and passed that their name be changed to National Ku Klux Klan.

This source also advised that at a consolidation meeting at Savannah, Georgia, October 23, 1960, it was resolved and passed that in any future meetings of this group the name "Majority Citizens League" was to be used.

A second source advised that at a national klonklave meeting at Texarkana, Texas, on February 11-12, 1961, a motion was carried that there were to be at least six national meetings a year to be held any time from one week to twelve weeks after the last meeting. The time and meeting place were to be decided by the newly elected chairman. This second source also advised that at each meeting a new chairman and acting secretary were to be elected to serve at the next meeting. A national secretary had not been appointed.

A third source advised that at a national meeting on November 11-12, 1961, United Klans of America, Inc. (UK) was invited to meet with NKKK and it was agreed they would meet together, but there was no talk of consolidation.

This third source further advised that as of the national meeting on May 5-6, 1962, no national fund, headquarters or secretary had been established and no plans had apparently been made to do so. A temporary chairman and acting secretary were to be appointed for each meeting. The name "Majority Citizens League" was not being used in connection with meetings.

Sources:



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Bufile 157-168



NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY
(NSRP) X

On November 26, 1957, a source advised that the United White Party (UWP) was organized at a convention held in Knoxville, Tennessee, on November 10, 1957. An article in the November 26, 1957, issue of the "Greenville Piedmont," a newspaper of Greenville, South Carolina, reported "the recent formation of a new political party to be known as the United White Party." According to the article, the party was formed at a recently held meeting in Knoxville, Tennessee, at which many klansmen were represented. The UWP was reported as being opposed to all "race mixing organizations and individuals."

The July, 1958, issue of "The Thunderbolt," self-described as the "official Racial Nationalist Organ of the National States Rights Party" (NSRP) reported that rank and file "States Righters" had merged with the UWP under "the banner of the National States Rights Party," with national offices at Post Office Box 261, Jeffersonville, Indiana.

In November, 1958, a source advised that the NSRP is composed of past members of klan-type organizations and notorious anti-Semites.

Issue Number 19, dated June, 1960, "The Thunderbolt," announced the address of the headquarters of the NSRP had been changed from Jeffersonville, Indiana, to Post Office Box 783, Birmingham, Alabama.

On June 17, 1960, a source advised that 
, the Information Director of the NSRP, is the individual who "runs the NSRP."

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"The Thunderbolt" continues to publish articles attacking Negroes and persons of the Jewish faith.

Sources:

[Redacted]

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Bufile 105-66233

NATIONAL STATE RIGHTS PARTY
GEORGIA
(NSRP)

X

Issue Number 35 dated October, 1961, of "The Thunderbolt," official organ of the NSRP, identified Reverend [Redacted] as State Chairman for Georgia of the NSRP with address of Post Office Box 604, Dalton, Georgia.

A source advised on October 14, 1961, that the NSRP group headed by [Redacted] at Dalton, Georgia, is the Georgia organization of the NSRP, which has its headquarters at Post Office Box 783, Birmingham, Alabama.

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Sources:

[Redacted]

Bufile 105-66233

NATIONAL STATE RIGHTS PARTY
(LOUISIANA - MISSISSIPPI)
(NSRP)

X

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"The Thunderbolt," self-described "official white racial organ" of the National States Rights Party (NSRP), in Issue Number 27 dated March, 1961, published the name of the NSRP representative of Louisiana as [Redacted], [Redacted] Louisiana, and the NSRP representative of Mississippi as [Redacted], [Redacted] Ocean Springs, Mississippi.

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One source advised on August 9, 1961, that the Thunderbolts are the uniformed guard of the NSRP in New Orleans, but because of unfavorable publicity had changed their name to the Americanos Dedicados Nacionales (ADN) (National Dedicated Americans).

A second source reported on August 16, 1961, that the twelve members of the ADN are all members of the NSRP.

The first source said on August 31, 1961, that the name of the ADN had been changed to the Blue Shirts of Louisiana (BSL) the aims of which are: (1) national Americanism; (2) preservation of all ethnic-cultural groups within the United States; (3) establishment of Corporative Councils including all workers, professions and employers, to institute economic justice for all people; (4) removal from the Government of all Communists and Social-Revolutionists regardless of race, creed, color or national origin; (5) establishment of local Blue Shirt units to defend the republic from Communists and Social-Revolutionists.

The same source said that [redacted] was to attend a meeting of the NSRP in New Orleans, Louisiana, on September 26, 1961, but could not because of illness, and Roy E. Frankhouser, Jr., a national organizer of the NSRP, came instead.

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A third source on September 26, 1961, reported that Frankhouser was assisted by [redacted] in arranging this meeting, and it appeared that the local NSRP group is affiliated with the national organization of the NSRP.

Sources:



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NO 105-889
Bufile 105-66233

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY ✓
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE
(NSRP)

A source advised on August 14, 1962, that since early 1961, the National States Rights Party (NSRP), with National Headquarters in Birmingham, Alabama, has had a Memphis, Tennessee, representative. This representative has engaged in no organizational or recruiting activities on behalf of the NSRP.

It is strictly a paper-type organization which has never had more than nine inactive members and as of August, 1962, was completely inactive. The Memphis Chapter has no officers, no bank account, no meeting place and conducts no meetings.

Source: [redacted]
Bufile 105-66233

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ORIGINAL KNIGHTS OF THE
KU KLUX KLAN
(OKKKK)

On December 12, 1957, a source advised that the U. S. Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, chartered its first klavern in Rylie, Texas, in November, 1957. [redacted], of Dallas, Texas, was the Grand Dragon for the State of Texas.

On October 5, 1958, a second source advised that in June of 1958, [redacted], Grand Dragon of the U. S. Klans for the State of Texas, broke away from that organization and formed the Original Knights of the Ku Klux Klan. However, on October 4, 1958, [redacted] Imperial Wizard, U. S. Klans, visited Dallas at which time most of the klansmen in the Dallas area rejoined the U. S. Klans, having become disgusted with [redacted] over his handling of klan funds. This source advised the Original Knights of the Ku Klux Klan was formed for the purpose of combating integration and preserving segregation, and that Davis had stated that this should be done through legal means only.

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On August 15, 1960, the first source advised there is no known activity of the Original Knights of the Ku Klux Klan in the State of Texas. [redacted], however, does have a few scattered followers and spends most of his time mailing various proklan literature from his home, [redacted] being retired.

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Sources: [redacted]
Bufile 105-1057

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ORIGINAL KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN ✓
(ARKANSAS - LOUISIANA)
(OKKKK)

A source advised on November 7, 1960, that according to the Exalted Cyclops of the Texarkana, Arkansas, Klavern of the Original Knights of the Ku Klux Klan (OKKKK), a meeting was held in Texarkana, Arkansas, on November 5, 1960, and six men from Shreveport, Louisiana, joined the OKKKK and those six were to form a klavern in Shreveport.

The same source advised that on December 1, 1960, [redacted] of Shreveport, Louisiana, was in Texarkana, Arkansas, and had a letter from the Imperial Grand Dragon of the OKKKK establishing Bristol as Grand Dragon in Texarkana and Shreveport, Louisiana.

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On January 21, 1961, another source obtained from Bristol a current document bearing the seal which read: "Original Knights, Ku Klux Klan, USA, Imperial Seal, Gen. H. R. Forrest, 1866."

A third source advised on October 18, 1961, that the aims of the organization are the promotion of Americanism, white supremacy, and segregation.

Sources: [redacted]

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Bufile 100-71801

PALMETTO KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN, ✓
ALSO KNOWN AS GREENVILLE, SOUTH CAROLINA, KLAVERN NUMBER 460

On May 10, 1962, a source advised the Palmetto Knights of the Ku Klux Klan was first organized in 1956, at Greenville, South Carolina, as the Greenville, South Carolina, Klavern Number 460 of the Association of South Carolina Klans.

On July 21, 1957, a large group of the members of this Klavern were involved in the beating of a Negro male near Travelers Rest, South Carolina, for allegedly associating with a white woman, as a result of which eleven of its members were arrested and tried in State Court at Greenville, South Carolina, in January 1958. Four of its members were convicted and sentenced to terms on the local chain gang.

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Following the arrests in connection with the beating of the Negro, the Association of South Carolina Klans severed its association with this Klavern, and the Klavern, after unsuccessful efforts to affiliate with two other klan organizations, became independent, and at a public rally on April 19, 1959, adopted the name Palmetto Knights of the Ku Klux Klan.

This organization never established any written or clear-cut program or objective; however, the principal members have openly advocated during meetings their belief in white supremacy and segregation of the races, and have suggested use of violence in intimidating the Negro race to keep them from establishing any form of integration, including integration of the schools in the Greenville area, even to the extent of dynamiting schools which might possibly be considered for integration.

The organization has held no formal klavern meeting since the Spring of 1959, with the exception of the reorganizational meeting on April 19, 1959, and as of July, 1962, was inactive.

Source:
Bufile 105-67004

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UNITED FLORIDA KU KLUX KLAN
JACKSONVILLE
(UFKKK)

A source advised on August 20, 1955, that a new organization known as Florida Ku Klux Klan (FKKK) had been formed at Macclenny, Florida, on August 14, 1955, by former members of the Association of Florida Ku Klux Klan (AFKKK).

The objectives of this group, according to a second source, are to oppose integration in the schools and to fight communism.

Regarding AFKKK, a third source advised that a former official of the Association of Georgia Klans (AGK) formed an organization on July 7, 1953, known as AFKKK. The "Morning Tribune," Tampa, Florida, newspaper, in its August 11, 1955, issue revealed AFKKK disbanded on that date.

A fourth source advised on October 25, 1956, that AFKKK operated under the same principles and bylaws as the AGK. The AGK has been designated by the Attorney General pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

A fifth source advised on February 17, 1958, that the FKKK was operating and maintaining the same objectives as set forth above.

The sixth source advised on June 28, 1961, that at a meeting held in Orlando, Florida, on June 25, 1961, the FKKK and the United Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Inc., in Florida, consolidated and the new organization is known as the UFKKK.

On May 17, 1962, the sixth source advised that the UFKKK is still in existence in Florida and maintains the same objectives set forth above.

Sources: 1st Source
2nd Source
3rd Source
4th Source
5th Source
6th Source
Bufile 157-395

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UNITED KLANS OF AMERICA, INC.,
KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN (UNITED KLANS)

Records of Superior Court of Fulton County, Georgia, show that this Klan organization was granted a corporate charter on February 21, 1961, at Atlanta, Georgia, under the name United Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan of America, Inc.

A source advised on February 27, 1961, that United Klans was formed as a result of a split in U. S. Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Inc. According to the source, the split resulted from a leadership dispute and United Klans has the same aims and objectives as the parent group. These are the promotion of Americanism, white supremacy and segregation of the races.

The first source and a second source advised in July, 1961, that United Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan of America, Inc., merged with Alabama Knights, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan. The merged organization established headquarters in Suite 401, The Alston Building, Tuscaloosa, Alabama. The organization is directed by Robert Shelton, Imperial Wizard, and is the dominant Klan group in the South with units in several southern states.

On August 14, 1961, the second source advised that the organization formerly known as United Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan of America, Inc., would be known in the future as United Klans of America, Inc., Knights of the Ku Klux Klan. The second source said the name was changed by a resolution adopted at the National Klonvocation held July 8, 1961, at Indian Springs, Georgia.

Second source advised that at a meeting at Prattville, Alabama, on October 22, 1961, a majority of the Klaverns of the U. S. Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan merged with the United Klans of America, Inc., Knights of the Ku Klux Klan.

Sources:

[Redacted]

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Bufile 157-370

UNITED KLANS OF AMERICA, INC., KNIGHTS
OF THE KU KLUX KLAN, REALM OF GEORGIA
(UNITED KLANS)

A source advised on May 16, 1962, that the State of Georgia organization of United Klans of America, Inc., Knights of the Ku Klux Klan (United Klans) is called the Realm of Georgia. The Realm of Georgia has headquarters at 629 Peoples Street, S.W., Atlanta, Georgia.

The first source and a second source advised on May 16, 1962, that the Realm of Georgia is subordinate to the National Headquarters of United Klans in Tuscaloosa, Alabama, and receives its instructions and guidance from the National Headquarters which is headed by Imperial Wizard Robert Shelton.

Sources:

[Redacted]

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Bufile 157-370

UNITED KLANS OF AMERICA, INC.,
KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN, LOUISIANA
(UNITED KLANS)

In September, 1960, a source advised that [Redacted] of Baton Rouge, Louisiana, had communicated with an official of the Knights of the Ku Klux Klan in Georgia indicating he might be able to organize that group in Louisiana.

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A second source said that five individuals from the Baton Rouge-Denham Springs, Louisiana, area attended a Klan meeting in Demopolis, Alabama, on December 3, 1960, and a third source stated that after their return from Demopolis organizing of the Knights of the Ku Klux Klan began in the Baton Rouge-Denham Springs area.

This source advised on February 20, 1961, that on December 5, 1960, he received a membership card in the organization in the Baton Rouge-Denham Springs area which states that the organization there is referred to as Klan 1, Realm of 1.

The first source advised on July 17, 1961, that in response to an application for charters to the United Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan of America, Inc., Atlanta, Georgia, charters were issued for the [redacted] Klavern (Klavern Number 1), Denham Springs, Louisiana, and for the [redacted] Klavern (Klavern Number 1), Baton Rouge, Louisiana.

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Sources: 1st Source
2nd Source
3rd Source

[redacted]

Bufile 157-370

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UNITED KLANS OF AMERICA, INC.,
KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN (N. C.)
(UNITED KLANS)

On May 16, 1962, a source advised that the United Klans of America, Inc., Knights of the Ku Klux Klan in North Carolina, have two klaverns, one at Salisbury, North Carolina, and one at Monroe, North Carolina, which became affiliated with the national organization of the United Klans of America, Inc., Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, in the Spring of 1961. The organization in North Carolina has the same aims and objectives as the parent group; that is, advocacy of segregation of the races and white supremacy.

Source: [redacted]

Bufile 157-370

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UNITED KLANS OF AMERICA, INC.,
KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN (S. C.)
(UNITED KLANS)

On May 14, 1962, a source advised that the United Klans of America, Inc., has a klavern at Spartanburg, South Carolina, which became affiliated with the national organization of the United Klans of America, Inc., headquarters in Tuscaloosa, Alabama, in the Spring of 1961. [redacted] is the Grand Dragon of the United Klans of America, Inc., Knights of the Ku Klux Klan in South Carolina, and the group in South Carolina has the same aims and objectives as the national group; that is, advocacy of segregation of the races and white supremacy.

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Source: [redacted]
Bufile 153-370

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UNITED KLANS OF AMERICA, INC.,
KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN, TENNESSEE
(UNITED KLANS)

On March 20, 1961, a source advised that a state meeting of the U. S. Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Inc., was held at Harriman, Tennessee, on Sunday afternoon, March 19, 1961. [redacted] Grand Dragon, State of Tennessee, announced that the U. S. Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Inc., was no longer in existence and Imperial Officer [redacted] of Atlanta was present and announced the formation of a new organization, United Klans of America, Inc., Knights of the Ku Klux Klan. The source stated that members present from the Maryville, Harriman, and Dayton, Tennessee, chapters of the U. S. Klans, KKKK, Inc., voted unanimously to affiliate with the United Klans of America, Inc., KKKK. The source advised that the Dayton, Tennessee, Klavern was not holding regular meetings and that only the Maryville and Harriman Klaverns were holding regular meetings.

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On May 7, 1962, source stated that the Maryville and Harriman Klaverns continue to be the only chapters actively meeting.

Source: [redacted]
Bufile 157-370

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U. S. KLANS, KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN, INC.,
ALSO KNOWN AS U. S. KLANS (USK)

A source advised on October 12, 1956, that [redacted] organized a new klan group in Atlanta, Georgia, in 1953. This organization received a corporate charter in Georgia in October, 1955, under the name U. S. Klans. The same source, and a second source, advised in May, 1960, that U. S. Klans has no direct affiliation with any previous klan group, but utilizes, with only minor changes, the klan Kloran or ritual written in about 1915 by William Joseph Simmons for use by the old Knights of the Ku Klux Klan (1915-1944).

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These sources advised that the U. S. Klans has as its principal aims and objectives the promotion of Americanism, white supremacy and segregation of the races. On numerous occasions Edwards announced that these objectives would be attained by legal means and without violence.

The first source and a third source advised in February, 1961, that at that time a split occurred in U. S. Klans, which resulted in a great majority of the officers and members pulling out and forming a new klan group known as United Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan of America, Inc.

These sources advised in May, 1962, that U. S. Klans is almost out of existence and only a few units remain.

Sources: [redacted] (RAC)
[redacted] (RAC)
[redacted] (RAC)

b7D

Bufile 100-7801-2

U. S. KLANS, KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN, INC.,
ALSO KNOWN AS U. S. KLANS, REALM OF ALABAMA (USK)

A source advised that at a meeting in Prattville, Alabama, on October 22, 1961, the U. S. Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Realm of Alabama, affiliated with the parent group organized in Atlanta, Georgia, in 1953, and chartered in 1955, merged with the United Klans of America, Inc., Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, with the exception of two or three Alabama klaverns.

1/23/63
SAC LETTER NO. 63-4

- 30 -

Source: [redacted]
Bufile 100-7801-4

b7D

U. S. KLANS, KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN, INC.,
ALSO KNOWN AS U. S. KLANS, REALM OF ARKANSAS (USK)

The "Arkansas Gazette," a Little Rock, Arkansas, daily newspaper, on June 5, 1959, reports that a charter and articles of incorporation for the U. S. Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Inc., (USK), were filed with the Secretary of State, State of Arkansas, on June 4, 1959. The charter showed affiliation with the parent group, U. S. Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Inc., which was incorporated October 24, 1955, at Atlanta, Georgia, with [redacted] of Atlanta, Georgia, as president.

b6
b7C

A source advised five members of the Little Rock, Arkansas, Klavern of USK, operating independently of the Klavern, were convicted for their participation in the 1959 Labor Day bombings at Little Rock, the Little Rock Klavern being the only one operating in the State of Arkansas. The same source advised in May, 1962, the Little Rock Klavern of USK had been relatively inactive during the last few years.

Source: [redacted]
Bufile 100-7801-25

b7D

U. S. KLANS, KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN, INC.,
ALSO KNOWN AS U. S. KLANS, FLORIDA (USK)

A source advised on November 7, 1956, that a number of members of the Florida Ku Klux Klan in Jacksonville, Florida, split away from that organization on November 6, 1956, and affiliated with the U. S. Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Inc., which was headed by [redacted] of Atlanta, Georgia. The records of the office of the Secretary of State, Tallahassee, Florida, were reviewed on June 5, 1957, and revealed that the U. S. Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Inc., was a Georgia nonprofit corporation and as such could not be chartered by the State of Florida. Under existing Florida laws, however, a permit to operate in Florida was issued this organization by the Secretary of State, Tallahassee, on October 29, 1956.

b6
b7C

1/23/63
SAC LETTER NO. 63-4

A second source advised in May, 1962, that the U. S. Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Inc., (Florida) has as its principal aims and objectives the promotion of white supremacy, segregation of the races and opposition to communism. According to the source, the organization advocates the attaining of these objectives without violence.

The second source and a third source advised in February, 1961, that at that time a split occurred in the U. S. Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Inc., which resulted in the majority of the officers and members in Florida leaving the organization and affiliating with a new klan group.

The second source advised in May, 1962, that several units of the U. S. Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Inc., (Florida) continue to operate in Florida and that these units closely follow the leadership of the Imperial Wizard and the parent or national organization in Georgia.

Sources:



b7D

Bufile 100-7801-63

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover

Director

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-436225)

2/11/63

SAC, NEW YORK (100-142451)

THE UNITED STATES FESTIVAL COMMITTEE, INCORPORATED
(EIGHTH WORLD YOUTH FESTIVAL)
IS-C

SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C

Re NY airtel, 2/5/63, advising of new address
for The United States Festival Committee.

The following is a revised characterization of
the above organization submitted to the Bureau for approval:

The magazine "World Youth," third issue, 1961,
a bi-monthly English-language publication of the World
Federation of Democratic Youth (WFDY), contained an
article entitled "8th Festival in Helsinki." The article
set out that the first meeting of the International
Preparatory Committee (IPC) took place in Helsinki,
Finland, February 20-22, 1961, to prepare for the
Eighth World Youth Festival which was to be held in
Helsinki in 1962.

The article set out that the IPC elected a
permanent commission composed of representatives of a
number of countries including Canada or the United
States as well as representatives from the WFDY and
the International Union of Students (IUS).

3-Bureau (100-436225) (RM)

(1-100-436224) (Eighth World Youth Festival)

①-New York (100-90311) (Subversive Organization Characterization) (Sec 4)

1-New York (100-142451)

HPL:ekt

(5)

100-90311-2545

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Naule

NY 100-142451

The IUS with headquarters in Prague, Czechoslovakia, and the WFDY with headquarters in Budapest, Hungary, are cited as communist organizations in the "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications" dated December 1, 1961, published by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., pages 91 and 177.

A source advised that in April, 1961, DANNY RUBIN, National Youth Director, Communist Party, USA, advised that Communist Party districts should concentrate on getting broad groups to sponsor the United States Festival Committee (USFC).

A second source on February 27, 1962, made available a pamphlet issued by the USFC describing the program for the Festival. The pamphlet set out that the USFC was organized by students and youth leaders at a founding conference at Chicago, Illinois, October 15, 1961, and the USFC was organized to publicize and encourage participation in the Helsinki Festival. The pamphlet set out that the USFC had been recognized by the IPC, the sponsoring body of the Festival, as the United States Committee to administer US participation in the Festival. The pamphlet set out the address of the USFC as Room 807, 460 Park Avenue South, New York 16, New York.

The second source made available information on May 23, 1962, that the USFC reported that the dates of the Eighth World Youth Festival had been changed from July 27 - August 5, 1962, to July 28 - August 6, 1962.

On February 4, 1963, a third source reported that the United States Festival Committee had changed its address from Room 807, 460 Park Avenue South, New York, New York, on February 2, 1963 to Post Office Box 172, Highbridge Station, Bronx 52, New York.

Sources

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.



b6
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b7D

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438390)

2/13/63

SAC, NEW YORK (100-149064)

CHANGED

LOUISE PETTIBONE SMITH
75TH BIRTHDAY TRIBUTE aka
Louise P. Smith Birthday
Committee, The Royal W.
France Memorial Fund
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION
CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C

(OO: NEW YORK)

Re NY letter to the Bureau, 10/2/62.

The title of this case is being "Changed" to reflect the name of The Royal W. France Memorial Fund as information contained in a letter dated September, 1962, stated that The Royal W. France Memorial Fund was part of the affair held in honor of LOUISE PETTIBONE SMITH on 10/12/62, at NYC.

Set forth below for Bureau approval, is a revised characterization of captioned organization.

LOUISE PETTIBONE SMITH
75TH BIRTHDAY TRIBUTE,
Also known as Louise P.
Smith Birthday Committee,
The Royal W. France Memorial Fund

On July 19, 1962, a source made available information on letterhead stationery of the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship (NCASF) dated July 14, 1962, that the Louise Pettibone Smith Birthday Committee (LPSBC) had been recently formed through co-

2-Bureau (100-438390) (RM)
1-New York (100-90311)
1-New York (100-149064)

EG:bab
(4)

100-90311-2546

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Wash #41

NY 100-149064

operation of the American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born (ACPFB), the NCASF and the Religious Freedom Committee (RFC) to hold a birthday dinner for LOUISE PETTIBONE SMITH on October 12, 1962, at the Hotel Astor, New York City. The affair will be an "independent and individual sponsorship."

On July 11, 1962, a second source made available a letter printed on the stationery of the Louise Pettibone Smith 75th Birthday Tribute (LPSBT) dated June, 1962, and signed "[redacted] ([redacted])", the Executive Secretary. This letter stated "the occasion will be used to launch a renewed effort for the defeat of the Mc Carran Internal Security Act."

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b7c

The second source on July 11, 1962, made available a printed resume of the activities of LOUISE PETTIBONE SMITH issued by the LPSBC which states that "for the past twelve years she has served as Honorary Co-Chairman of the American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born."

On September 26, 1962, the second source made available a letter dated September, 1962, printed on letterhead stationery of "THE ROYAL W. FRANCE MEMORIAL FUND", Room 405, 49 East 21st Street, New York 10, New York. The letter contains information that at the time of his death, July 10, 1962, ROYAL W. FRANCE was working on plans for the LPSBT to be held on October 12, 1962, and "it seemed fitting that a tribute to his memory should be held at this affair in the form of a fund, with the money to be used in the fight to defeat the Mc Carran Act."

On February 5, 1963, a third source advised that the Royal W. France Memorial Fund, the LPSBT, as well as the ACPFB and Veterans of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade (VALB) occupy Room 405 at 49 East 21st Street, New York, New York.

The ACPFB, the NCASF and the VALB have been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

NY 100-149064

Sources

The informants used above have furnished reliable information in the past and were used in the following order:

Source One
Source Two
Source Three



b6
b7C
b7D

New York 10, New York
(By request)

A characterization of RFC will be used in conjunction with this sketch.

New York, New York

February 6, 1963

Bureau 100-203763
New York 100-12385

Re: American Association of
Scientific Workers
Subversive Organization Characterization

A source advised in December, 1960, that the following statement was utilized by the American Association of Scientific Workers (AASOW) in connection with a meeting held in December of 1960, at New York City:

The American Association of Scientific Workers was founded in 1938, to provide an opportunity for natural and social scientists to work for a more productive relation between science and the community. To this end it seeks to promote the application of the scientific method to the problems of human welfare and secure an increased understanding of science by the general public. The program of the Association has placed particular emphasis on the problems of intellectual freedom and international collaboration in science, of consistent and adequate financing of science and scientific education, and on the protection of the professional interests of scientific workers. The Association is the sole American affiliate of the World Federation of Scientific Workers.

President: Harry Grundfest, College of Physicians and Surgeons, Columbia University, New York, New York.

National Secretary:

[Redacted]
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

b6
b7c

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

2- Bureau (100-203763)
1- New York (100-90311)
1- New York (100-12385)

WGC:JCG
(4)

100-90311-2547

Re: American Association of
Scientific Workers

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications", revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., reflects the following concerning the World Federation of Scientific Workers:

- "1. Cited as 'another international Communist front organization' which seeks to win scientists to the Communist cause. (Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 378, on the Communist 'Peace' Offensive, April 25, 1951, originally released April 1, 1951, p. 83.)
- "2. Cited as being among 'international Communist fronts * * * functioning at the present time'. (Internal Security Subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee, Handbook for Americans, S. Doc. 117, April 23, 1956, p. 93, also p. 59.)"

A source advised on January 29, 1963, that the American Association of Scientific Workers had been dormant for more than a year but that subscriptions to "Scientific World", the Journal of the World Federation of Scientific Workers could be obtained through the American Association of Scientific Workers, Post Office Box 122, Audubon Station, New York 32, New York.

A source advised on April 21, 1944, that Harry Grundfest was a member of the Shore Branch of the New Jersey Communist Party as of February, 1944.

Re: American Association of
Scientific Workers

A source advised on May 6, 1952, that he had been told by members of the Communist Party of Eastern Pennsylvania and Delaware (CPEPD) that [redacted] was a member of the CPEPD.

b6
b7c

The sources utilized in the above characterization, each of whom has furnished reliable information in the past, are:

[redacted]

New York, New York
(protect by request)

b6
b7C
b7D

[redacted]

Anonymous Source

[redacted]

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-43795)

2/6/63

SAC, NEW YORK (100-79725)

CAMP WENATUCK, FORMERLY KNOWN AS
CAMP CALUMET; WINGDALE CAMP, INC.;
WINGDALE LODGE, INC.; CAMP UNITY;
WINGDALE ON THE LAKE, aka
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
(OO: NEW YORK)

There is being submitted for Bureau approval a revised characterization for captioned camp which contains its current office address.

On 5/27/53, a source advised that Camp Unity has been controlled by the Communist Party (CP) since its inception in 1929 or 1930.

On 4/24/56, a second source furnished an undated flyer entitled "The Wingdaler" published by Wingdale On The Lake. This flyer reflected that Wingdale On The Lake occupied the same site as was formerly occupied by Camp Unity.

On 6/7/56, [redacted] Office of the Secretary of State, New York State, reviewed his records and advised SA [redacted] that Wingdale Camp, Inc. filed a certificate of Incorporation number 6036 with his department on 2/9/56.

b6
b7c

On 4/27/56, a third source advised that regardless of the name it uses the camp is always referred to as Camp Unity by the CP and that captioned organization was and still is a joint operation of the National Office of the CP and the NY State CP.

On 11/13/62, the third source above advised that the CP has taken complete control of the camp and the camp will be essentially a youth camp in the future.

2-Bureau (100-43795) (RM)
①-New York (100-90311) (#41)
1-New York (100-79725) (#41)

JET:jr
(4)

100-90311-2548

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| FEB 6 1963 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

WJH
WJH
WJH

NY 100-79725

The "National Guardian" 12/6/62, contained an advertisement on page 10 entitled "Announcing Camp Webatuck."

The advertisement reflected that the camp located at Lake Ellis, Wingdale, New York, is a camp for boys and girls from 7 to 16 plus.

The advertisement indicated that registrations for the camp could be made at its office, 505 Fifth Avenue, Suite 705, New York 17, New York, telephone number MU 7-0586.

On 12/7/62, a suitable pretext call was placed to telephone number MU 7-0586.

It was determined through conversation with an unknown male individual that Camp Webatuck is the new name for Camp Calumet formerly known as Wingdale Camp, Inc.; Wingdale Lodge, Inc.; Camp Unity; Wingdale On The Lake, aka.

The "National Guardian," 1/31/63, contained an advertisement on page 8 concerning Camp Webatuck. This advertisement reflected that the current office address for Camp Webatuck is 166 Fifth Avenue, New York 10, New York, telephone number OR 5-4383.

SOURCES

1st Source
2nd Source
3rd Source

[REDACTED]
NY 694-S*

All of the sources have furnished reliable information in the past.

The pretext call made to the unknown male individual on 12/7/62, was made by SA [REDACTED] under the guise of a parent seeking information concerning the enrollment of his child at the camp.

When using this characterization, a separate appendix page will be added containing a characterization of the "National Guardian."

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-439826)

2/11/63

SAC, NEW YORK (100-150329)

WORLD BUYING SERVICE
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C
(OO: New York)

Re report of SA [redacted], dated
2/11/63, at New York.

The following subversive characterization is
submitted herewith for Bureau approval.

The records of the New York County Clerk's
Office, Foley Square, NYC, reflect that World Buying Service
(WBS) filed a Certificate of Incorporation on 12/18/62
with the State of New York.

b6
b7C

On 2/1/63, a source advised that WBS, 747 Broadway,
NYC, was formed in December, 1962 with the approval
of the Communist Party (CP), USA, for the purpose of
selling merchandise obtained for the most part from Communist
and Socialist countries. The store is managed by [redacted]
a member of the CP, USA. It was financed by "The Worker"
and profits from the sale of merchandise are to go to "The
Worker". WBS shares the premises at 747 Broadway with World
Books, a CP, USA literature outlet.

"The Worker" is an East Coast Communist newspaper.

The source utilized in the above characterization
is [redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the
past.

b7D

It is noted that the Bureau approved characterization
for World Books must be used in conjunction with the
above characterization for WBS.

2-Bureau (RM)
1-New York (100-90311)
1-New York (100-150329)

AMR:jd
(4)

100-90311-2549

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Nasce

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 09-13-2011

New York, New York
February 25, 1963

Re: Ejercito de Liberacion Secreto
Internal Security - PRN

On November 26, 1962, a source advised that on November 25, 1962, approximately eight individuals met in Queens, New York, to discuss the creation of the Ejercito de Liberacion Secreto (Secret Liberation Army) (SLA). It was decided at this time that individuals who are members of other Puerto Rican pro-independence organizations or who are well known as independentists both in Puerto Rico and the United States, would not be acceptable to the SLA as the SLA desired new unknown personnel.

A second source advised on November 30, 1962, that the SLA has no one leader, but has a Revolutionary Junta composed of four persons. This junta will decide the course of action and operations of the SLA.

The second source advised on November 30, 1962, that the objective of the SLA is to claim the right of Puerto Rico to a national sovereignty. The SLA repudiates the occupation of Puerto Rico by the United States and plans to work against that occupation in Puerto Rico by guerrilla tactics, sabotage and acts of terrorism.

The first and second sources advised on January 3, 1963, and January 18, 1963, respectively, that the SLA has no headquarters, but meets about once a week in the home of one of the members of the Revolutionary Junta.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Searched
Serialized
Indexed
Filed
100-903

DIRECTOR, FBI

2/25/63

SAC, NEW YORK (105-59220)

EJERCITO DE LIBERACION SECRETO
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-PRN

(OO: NY)

Rerep of SA [redacted] dated 2/25/63 at NY.

b6
b7c

Attached hereto, for Bureau approval, are two copies of a letterhead memorandum reflecting a characterization of captioned organization.

[redacted] and [redacted], used in the characterization, have both furnished reliable information in the past.

b7D

The letterhead memorandum is classified "Confidential" since disclosure of data from [redacted] and [redacted] could reasonably result in the identification of these sources of continuing value and impair their future effectiveness. Such impairment could have an adverse effect upon the national defense interest of the country.

- 2-Bureau (Attachments 2) (RM)
- ①-New York (100-90311) (THUMBNAIL SKETCH) (#41)
- 1-New York (105-59220) (#413)

RKS:ghc
(4)

100-90311-2551

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#41

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-117045)

3/7/63

SAC, NEW YORK (105-59138)

FRENTE NACIONAL PUERTORRIQUENO
(PUERTO RICAN NATIONAL FRONT)
Subversive Organization Characterization
IS-PRN
(OO: NEW YORK)

There follows a current characterization of captioned organization:

During November and December, 1962, a source furnished the following information:

During November and December, 1962 the New York leaders of the Accion Patriotica Unitaria (Patriotic Unitarian Action) (APU), Movimiento Pro-Independencia de Puerto Rico (Pro-Independence Movement of Puerto Rico) (MPIPR), and the Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico (NPPR), met on several occasions and formed a "united front" organization named Frente Nacional Puertorriqueno. ^(FNP) The new group would be dedicated to opposing the planned plebiscite in Puerto Rico and to agitating for Puerto Rican independence. The FNP would combat any political threat which might prevent Puerto Rico from becoming independent.

Leaders of the APU, MPIPR and the NPPR have stated, on some occasions, that any means, including violence, should be used to achieve independence for Puerto Rico.

- 2 - Bureau (105-117045) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-90311) (Thumbnail Sketches) (41)
- 1 - New York (105-59138)

ADL:ad/mml

(4)

100-90311-2552

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Nochte

NY 105-59138

The FNP was to be composed of three delegates from each represented organization and the decisions of the FNP were to be binding on these organizations. The FNP presidency would be rotated every three months, enabling the delegates of each represented group to hold this position. Expenses of the FNP would be covered by contributions from each group.

During January and February, 1963, this source advised that the FNP generally meets at the Manhattan New York headquarters of the APU, 152 West 91st Street, New York City. The FNP continued to be engaged in propaganda activity in support of the cause of independence for Puerto Rico and against the proposed Puerto Rican plebiscite.

The NPPR has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

Source:

b7D

This source has furnished reliable information in the past.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-436225)

2/27/63

SAC, NEW YORK (100-142451)

THE UNITED STATES FESTIVAL COMMITTEE, INC.
(EIGHTH WORLD YOUTH FESTIVAL)
IS-C
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION

ReBulet, 2/19/63.

Submitted herewith is a revised characterization of the above organization:

The third 1961 issue of "World Youth," a publication of World Federation of Democratic Youth (WFDY), reported that the first meeting of the International Preparatory Committee (IPC) took place at Helsinki, Finland, on February 20-22, 1961, to prepare for the Eighth World Youth Festival to be held in Helsinki, in 1962. At the meeting, the IPC elected a permanent commission composed of representatives of a number of countries including Canada, the United States as well as representatives of WFDY and the International Union of Students (IUS).

The IUS with headquarters in Prague, Czechoslovakia, and the WFDY with headquarters in Budapest, Hungary, are cited as communist organizations in the "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications" dated December 1, 1961, published by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., pages 91 and 177.

A source advised that in April, 1961, DANNY RUBIN, National Youth Director, CPUSA, advised that CP districts should concentrate on getting broad groups to sponsor the United States Festival Committee (USFC).

3-Bureau (100-436225) (RM)

(1-100-436224) (8TH WORLD YOUTH FESTIVAL)

1-NY 100-90311 (SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATIONS) (41)

1-NY 100-142451 (41)

HPL:umh
(4)

100-90311-2553

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| FBI - NEW YORK | |

WAM

NY 100-142451

A pamphlet issued by the USFC describing the program for the Festival and advised that the USFC was organized by students and youth leaders at a founding conference at Chicago, Illinois, October 15, 1961 to publicize and encourage participation in the Helsinki, Festival. The USFC had been recognized by the IPC, the sponsoring body of the Festival, as the United States Committee to Administer United States Participation in the Festival.

On February 4, 1963, a second source reported the USFC had changed its address from Room 807, 460 Park Avenue South, New York, New York, on February 2, 1963 to Post Office Box 172, Highbridge Station, Bronx 52, New York.

SOURCES

1.
2. US Post Office
Inspector's Office,
Main Post Office,
New York, New York

b6
b7C
b7D

All sources have furnished reliable information in the past.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-432563)

3/8/63

SAC, NEW YORK (100-140667)

ADVANCE AND BURNING ISSUES YOUTH ORGANIZATIONS
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS - C
ISA, 1950

(OO: New York)

Re Bulet 3/1/63.

Following is a revised characterization of Advance and Burning Issues to reflect the change of name and the combining of the two organizations.

A confidential source advised on 2/18/60 that Advance was organized at a founding convention held in NYC on 2/13 - 14/60.

A second confidential source advised on 5/11/61 that a meeting was held on 5/8/61 at 106 Avenue B, Apartment 4A, NY 9, NY, under the auspices of the Discussion Group for those in their 20's and 30's, as the third or fourth meeting of this group.

A third confidential source advised on 6/14/61, that a business meeting of the Discussion Group was held 5/12/61, in the name of Burning Issues.

The third confidential source advised on 12/28/61, that [redacted] stated on 12/20/61, that Burning Issues was formed without CP permission, and had the effect of competing with Advance, therefore, Burning Issues must cease to compete with Advance and declare itself a left wing organization.

2 - Bureau (100-432563)
1 - New York (100-90311)
1 - New York (100-140667)

ASB:gag
(4)

100-90311-2554

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| SERIALIZED | FILED |
| MAR 8 1963 | |
| FBI - NEW YORK | |

NY 100-140667

A fourth confidential source advised on 4/27/62, that at a NY District CP Board meeting on 4/26/62, it was announced that [redacted] was the NY District CP Youth Director.

A fifth confidential source advised on 3/2/60, that the Declaration of Principles adopted at the Founding Convention of Advance was believed by the Communist Party, United States of America (CP USA) Secretariat, to be essentially the line of the National CP leadership.

[redacted] a CP member from 1959 to September 11, 1962, advised that on 4/4/61, at a meeting of the New York District CP Youth Commission held on 4/3/61, it was pointed out that the CP desired all Party members to support a slate of officers to be presented at the Advance Convention scheduled for April 8 -9, 1961.

The third confidential source advised on 4/30/62, that a meeting was held on 4/26/62, at the office of the NYS CP, New York City, to discuss Marxist forums for Burning Issues. BETTY GANNETT and [redacted] approved an outline of lectures which was prepared by the Burning Issues collective of the CP.

"The Worker", an East Coast Communist newspaper, in its issue of 9/24/61, page 11, describes BETTY GANNETT as Educational and Organizational Director of the New York State CP.

On 1/28/63, the third confidential source advised that at the Third Annual Convention of Advance held on 10/13/62, the name of the organization was changed from Advance to Advance and Burning Issues Youth Organizations, because Burning Issues became an affiliate of Advance. All officers, with the exception of one, of

NY 100-140667

Advance and Burning Issues Youth Organizations are members of Burning Issues.

A sixth confidential source advised on 10/16/62, that [redacted] was elected President of Advance, and [redacted] Vice President, at the Third Annual Convention of Advance held 10/13/62.

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The third confidential source advised on 4/3/62, that [redacted] is a member of the NY Youth Coordinating Committee of the CP.

A seventh confidential source advised on 6/13/62, that a meeting of the Young Adult Club of Advance was held on 6/8/62, at 82 Second Avenue, NYC. It was decided at this meeting that all members of this Advance Club would join Burning Issues, merging their club with Burning Issues.

The fourth confidential source advised on 6/29/62, that both Advance and Burning Issues are affiliates of the Progressive Youth Organization Committee (PYOC).

An eighth confidential source advised on 2/7/63, that Advance and Burning Issues Youth Organizations maintains a headquarters, and a club room at 80 Clinton Street, New York City.

NY 100-140667

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Sources utilized in this characterization
in order of their use are former [redacted]
[redacted]

The characterization of the PYOC should
be used with this characterization.

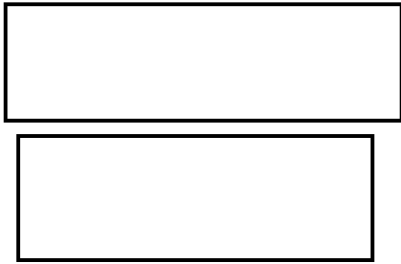
All sources utilized have furnished reliable
information in the past.

(G) SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION - "LABOR TODAY" --

Set forth below is a thumbnail sketch on "Labor Today" which can be used by the various field offices.

In January, 1962, a source advised that on January 13, 1962, Gus Hall, whom the source described as General Secretary of the Communist Party, USA, remarked that the Party-supported trade-union publication would be issued in the near future and would appear under the name "Labor Today."

On January 5, 1962, records in the Assumed Name Section of the County Clerk's Office, Wayne County, Detroit, Michigan, indicated that Certificate Number 145344, issued for conducting business under an assumed name, was issued to "Labor Today" (a bi-monthly publication) having a business address at 12065 Wyoming, Detroit 4, Michigan. A certificate was filed January 2, 1962, and the names of the persons listed as owning, conducting and trans-acting the business were:



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A second source advised on December 15, 1961, that [redacted] was then a member of the Michigan District Communist Party (MDCP) State Committee; this source advised on September 18, 1959, that Eve Neidelman was then a member of the MDCP State Committee.

*Sac Letter 63-13
3/12/63*

100-90311-2555

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[Signature]

A third source advised on September 21, 1961, that as of September 17, 1961, [redacted] was a member of the North-West Section Club of the MDCP.

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The Founding Statement contained in the first issue of "Labor Today" (Spring, 1962) indicated that two additional issues would be forthcoming in 1962 and beginning in 1963 "Labor Today" would appear regularly as a "bi-monthly journal."

The masthead of "Labor Today" describes the publication as "An Independent Journal of Discussion." Its managing editor is [redacted] and business and editorial offices are located at 12065 Wyoming, Suite 5, Detroit 4, Michigan.

First Source is CG 5824-S*

Second Source is [redacted]

b7D

Third Source is [redacted]

All sources utilized in the preparation of the characterization given above should be described as having furnished reliable information in the past. Careful consideration has been given to each source concealed and the source has been concealed only where necessary.

3/12/63

SAC LETTER NO. 63-13

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-432102)

3/14/63

SAC, NEW YORK (100-139432)

COMMITTEE OF FIRST AMENDMENT DEFENDANTS
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
INTERNAL SECURITY - C
(OO:NY)

Rerep of SA [redacted] 2/19/63, at NY; Bulet
to NY, 3/5/63, both captioned as above.

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Submitted herewith for Bureau approval is an amended subversive organization characterization for captioned organization.

A source advised on May 10, 1962, that the Committee of First Amendment Defendants (CFAD) was established about October, 1959, by some thirty persons who had been cited for contempt and who availed themselves of the right of the First Amendment before Congressional and state committees investigating Communist subversion and who were dissatisfied with the handling of their cases, then pending, by the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee (ECLC).

The purpose of the CFAD at that time, according to the source, was to have members speak before various groups and raise funds in their own behalf.

By means of a suitable pretext conducted by a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) on June 5, 1962, it was determined that the CFAD was at that time dormant.

A second source advised on October 29, 1962, that the CFAD had been re-established on October 13, 1962, in New York City, with WILLIAM A. PRICE as Coordinator.

2-Bureau (100-432102) (RM)
1-NY 100-90311 (41)
1-NY 100-139432 (41)

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100-90311-2556

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According to the second source, the CFAD was concerning itself exclusively "with defense of those persons cited for contempt by the House-Un-American Activities Committee (HUAC) or by the Senate Internal Security Committee." In addition, this source said that the immediate concern of the CFAD was the defense of the nine persons recently re-indicted on contempt charges.

A third source advised on September 26, 1962, that WILLIAM A. PRICE is the Executive Secretary of the New York Council to Abolish the House Un-American Activities Committee (NYCAHUAC).

By means of a suitable pretext conducted by a Special Agent of the FBI on February 12, 1963, it was determined that the CFAD is currently inactive.

SOURCES

[redacted] and [redacted] respectively, all of whom have furnished reliable information in the past.

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The Special Agent of the FBI who conducted the telephone pretexts on June 5, 1962 and February 12, 1963, is SA [redacted]. Pretexts, conducted with WILLIAM A. PRICE were in the nature of a person desiring to contribute funds to the CFAD (6/5/62) and a college newspaper reporter collecting information regarding activities of organizations like the CFAD and the NYCAHUAC (2/12/63).

Subversive organization characterizations of the ECLC and the NYCAHUAC will be utilized with the above characterization.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-432563)

3/21/63

SAC, NEW YORK (100-140667)

ADVANCE AND BURNING ISSUES
YOUTH ORGANIZATIONS
SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION
IS-C
ISA-1950
(OO:NY)

ReBulet 3/25/63

Following is a revised characterization of the above captioned organization:

A source advised on February 18, 1960, that Advance, An Organization of Progressive Youth was founded in New York City on February 13-14, 1960.

A second source advised on March 2, 1960, that the Communist Party, USA Secretariat believed the Declaration of Principles adopted at the founding convention of Advance to be essentially the line of the National CP leadership.

A third source advised on January 28, 1963, that at the Third Annual Convention of Advance held in New York City on October 13, 1962, the name of Advance, An Organization of Progressive Youth was changed to Advance and Burning Issues Youth Organizations (A-BI). This was done because Burning Issues, a separate youth organization, organized in New York City in May, 1961, as a discussion club became an affiliate of Advance.

The third source advised that there has not been a change in the Advance or Burning Issues constitution and that the Declaration of Principles remains unchanged.

2-Bureau (100-432563) (RM)

1-NY 100-90311

1-NY 100-140667

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The third source advised that A-BI is an affiliate of the Progressive Youth Organizing Committee (PYOC).

The third source advised on October 16, 1962, that [redacted] was elected President of A-BI and [redacted] Vice-President at the Third Annual Convention.

The third source advised on January 4, 1963, that [redacted] is a member of the New York State Coordinating Committee of the CP and that [redacted] is the New York State CP Youth Director as well as a member of the National Youth Commission of the CP.

The third source advised on March 8, 1963, that A-BI maintains a headquarters at 80 Clinton St., New York City.

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SOURCES

The sources utilized in order of their use are:

[redacted]

b7D

All sources have furnished reliable information in the past.

The characterization of the PYOC should be used with this characterization.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

No Duplication Fees are charged for Deleted Page Information Sheet(s).

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